

I-W100

FIELD INSTALLATION HANDBOOK Advanced Groove System 455 Products



WARNING













- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- · Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- . Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, foot protection, and hearing protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Contact Victaulic with any questions regarding safe and proper installation of products featured in this handbook.

Visit victaulic.com for the most up-to-date information on Victaulic products.

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	I	۷
California Customers – Proposition 65 Compliance	V	
Canadian Customers – CSA B51 Compliance	V	
Hazard Identification		
PIPE PREPARATION AND GROOVING SPECIFICATIONS \dots		1
Pipe End Inspection and Preparation - AGS Direct-Grooving Applications	2	
Pipe End Inspection and Preparation - AGS Vic-Ring Applications	4	
Tool Ratings	5	
Pipe Lengths Suitable for Grooving	5	
Explanation Of Critical AGS Roll Groove Specifications	6	
AGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel and Stainless Steel Pipe	8	
IMPORTANT GASKET AND LUBRICANT INFORMATION	13	3
Gasket Selection	14	
Storage of Gaskets	14	
Lubricant Requirements	14	
Victaulic Lubricant Usage Guide	15	
CDACING DECLUDEMENTS FOR CDOOVED DIDING SYSTE		-
SPACING REQUIREMENTS FOR GROOVED PIPING SYSTE	MS 1	/
Recommended Minimum Pipe Spacing	18	
	18	
Recommended Minimum Pipe Spacing	18 1 9	
Recommended Minimum Pipe Spacing	18 1 9 20 t	
RIGID SYSTEMS Piping Support for Rigid Systems Rigid Systems - Pipe Support Spacing for Standard-Weigh	18 19 20 t 20	
Recommended Minimum Pipe Spacing	1820 t20202020	
RIGID SYSTEMS	1820 t2020 Direct22	9
RIGID SYSTEMS Piping Support for Rigid Systems Rigid Systems - Pipe Support Spacing for Standard-Weigh Carbon Steel Pipe Rigid Systems - Pipe Support Spacing for Light-Wall Stainless Steel Pipe Nominal Pipe-End Separation for AGS Rigid Couplings on Grooved Pipe or Pipe Prepared with AGS Vic-Rings	1820 t2022 Direct22	9
Recommended Minimum Pipe Spacing RIGID SYSTEMS Piping Support for Rigid Systems Rigid Systems - Pipe Support Spacing for Standard-Weigh Carbon Steel Pipe Rigid Systems - Pipe Support Spacing for Light-Wall Stainless Steel Pipe Nominal Pipe-End Separation for AGS Rigid Couplings on Grooved Pipe or Pipe Prepared with AGS Vic-Rings. FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS Piping Support for Flexible Systems	1820 t2022 Direct2224	9
Recommended Minimum Pipe Spacing	1820 t20 Direct222225	9
Recommended Minimum Pipe Spacing	1820 t20 Direct22242526 AGS	9

INSTALLATION OVERVIEW	31
Impact Wrench Usage Guidelines	32
Impact Wrench Selection	33
Torque Wrench Selection	33
Installation Requirements	34
Installation Inspection	35
System Testing	37
European ATEX Directive	37
Required Tools and Supplies for Installation	
ADVANCED GROOVE SYSTEM (AGS) COUPLINGS FOR DIRECT-GROOVED PIPE OR AGS <i>VIC-RING</i> APPLICAT	! AGS IONS 39
Style W07 AGS Rigid Coupling (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes) Installation Instructions	40
Style LW07 AGS Rigid Coupling (14 – 16-inch/ DN350 – DN400 Sizes) Installation Instructions	40
Style W77 AGS Flexible Coupling (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes) Installation Instructions	
Style W89 AGS Rigid Coupling for Direct-Grooved Stainless Steel Pipe or Carbon Steel Pipe Prepared AGS <i>Vic-Rings</i> (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes) Installation Instructions	
Style W07 AGS Rigid Coupling (26 – 50-inch/ DN650 – DN1250 Sizes) Installation Instructions	
Style W77 AGS Flexible Coupling (26 – 50-inch/ DN650 – DN1250 Sizes) Installation Instructions	
Style W77N AGS Flexible Coupling (54 – 60-inch/DN1350 – DN1500 Sizes) Installation Instructions	44
Style W77N AGS Flexible Coupling (62-inch/DN1550 and Larger Sizes) Installation Instructions	49
Style W77B AGS Flexible Coupling (54-inch/DN1350 and Larger Sizes) Installation Instructions	
ADVANCED GROOVE SYSTEM (AGS) <i>VIC-FLANGE</i> ADA AGS GROOVED-END PIPE	PTER FOR75
Style W741 AGS <i>Vic-Flange</i> Adapter Notes	76
Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Washer Notes	
Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapter (ANSI Class 125/	150)
Installation Instructions NO. W60 AND LW60 AGS END CAPS	
Victaulic AGS End Cap Installation Safety Instructions.	
Safety Instructions for AGS End Caps Installed for System Pressure Testing	
Victaulic AGS End Cap Removal Safety Instructions	

INSTALL ATION OVERVIEW



AGS VALVES	87
AGS Butterfly Valve Installation Instructions	88
Check Valve Installation Instructions	92
Gate Valve Installation Instructions	93
RESOURCES	95
English and Metric Conversion Chart	95
ANSI Commercial Pipe Sizes	96
Decimal Equivalents of Fractions	98
Minutes Converted to Decimals of a Degree	99
Pressure to Feet-of-Head of Water	100
Feet-of-Head of Water to Pressure	101
Pressure to Meter Water Column	102
Meter Water Column to Pressure	103
Where to Find Installation Instructions for Additional	
Products	104
PRODUCT DATA	109
AGS Grooved-End Fittings	110
AGS Rigid Couplings for AGS Prepared Pipe	133
AGS Flexible Couplings for AGS Prepared Pipe	135
AGS Vic-Flange Adapter for AGS Grooved-End Pipe	137
AGS Valves for AGS Grooved-End Pipe	138
AGS Expansion Joint for AGS Grooved-End Pipe	143
AGS Accessories for AGS Grooved-End Pipe	144

INTRODUCTION

This I-W100 Field Installation Handbook contains important information regarding pipe preparation and installation of 14-inch/DN350 and larger Victaulic® Advanced Groove System (AGS) mechanical piping products.

Always follow good piping practices and local building codes and requirements. Specified pressures, temperatures, external loads, internal loads, performance standards, and tolerances shall never be exceeded.

Qualified engineers shall reference Victaulic Section 26 publications and publication 05.01 for additional information regarding special conditions, code requirements, and the use of safety factors. These publications can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Products featured in this handbook are designed for use only with pipe that is specified by a system designer/engineer or contractor and then prepared to Victaulic specifications.

Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are designed for use only with pipe that is grooved to Victaulic specifications. In addition, Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are for use only with Victaulic grooved-end fittings, valves, and related grooved-end components. Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are not intended for use with plain-end pipe and/or fittings.

Victaulic gaskets are designed to perform in a wide range of temperatures and operating conditions. As with all installations, there is a direct relationship between temperature, continuity of service, and gasket life. Always reference Victaulic publication 05.01 to determine gasket material grades that may be specified for each application.

In addition to this I-W100, Victaulic offers field installation handbooks, installation sheets, or installation tags for mechanical piping products that join alternate piping materials or other dedicated groove profile technologies. These instructions are shipped with the applicable product and can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



SCAN QR CODE FOR ADDITIONAL FIELD INSTALLATION HANDBOOKS THAT VICTAULIC OFFERS

ADDITIONAL COPIES OF FIELD INSTALLATION HANDBOOKS ARE AVAILABLE FROM YOUR LOCAL VICTAULIC SALES REPRESENTATIVE



NOTICE

- Victaulic maintains a policy of continuous product improvement. Therefore,
 Victaulic reserves the right to change product specifications, designs, and
 standard equipment without notice and without incurring obligation.
- VICTAULIC IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR SYSTEM DESIGN, NOR DOES
 THE COMPANY ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR SYSTEMS THAT ARE
 DESIGNED IMPROPERLY.
- This handbook is not intended to be a substitute for competent, professional engineering/piping system design and installation, which are prerequisites for any product application.
- This handbook is intended for use only by professional piping system designers, engineers, and installers.
- The information published in this handbook and other Victaulic literature supersedes all previously published information.
- . Drawings and/or pictures in this manual may be exaggerated for clarity.
- The field installation handbook contains trademarks, copyrights, and products with patented features that are the exclusive property of Victaulic.
- WHILE EVERY EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO ENSURE ITS ACCURACY, VICTAULIC, ITS SUBSIDIARIES, AND ITS AFFILIATED COMPANIES MAKE NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND REGARDING THE INFORMATION CONTAINED OR REFERENCED IN THIS HANDBOOK. ANYONE WHO USES THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN DOES SO AT THEIR RISK AND ASSUMES ANY LIABILITY THAT RESULTS FROM SUCH USE.

California Customers – Proposition 65 Compliance:

WARNING: The painted surface of these products can expose you to chemicals, including BBP, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov.



WARNING: Grades V and M2 can expose you to trace amounts of chemicals, such as ethylene thiourea, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov.

WARNING: Brass components, even those manufactured from "low lead" or "no lead" brass, can expose you to trace amounts of chemicals, such as lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.p65warnings.ca.gov.

Canadian Customers - CSA B51 Compliance:

For applications within the scope of CSA B51, "Boiler, Pressure Vessel and Pressure Piping Code," please contact Victaulic for the most up-to-date Canadian Registration Numbers, approved products, and temperature ratings.



Hazard Identification

Definitions for identifying the various hazard levels are provided below.



This safety alert symbol indicates important safety messages. When you see this symbol throughout this handbook, be alert to the possibility of personal injury. Carefully read and fully understand the message that follows.

▲ DANGER

 The use of the word "DANGER" identifies an immediate hazard with a likelihood of death or serious personal injury if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.

WARNING

 The use of the word "WARNING" identifies the presence of hazards or unsafe practices that could result in death or serious personal injury if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.

ACAUTION

 The use of the word "CAUTION" identifies possible hazards or unsafe practices that could result in personal injury and product or property damage if instructions, including recommended precautions, are not followed.

NOTICE

 The use of the word "NOTICE" identifies special instructions that are important but not related to hazards.

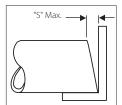


Pipe Preparation and Grooving Specifications



PIPE END INSPECTION AND PREPARATION – 468 DIRECT-GROOVING APPLICATIONS

Pipe ends shall be prepared and visually inspected in accordance with the requirements listed in this section.



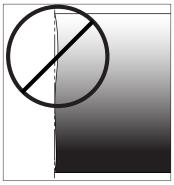
1. The maximum allowable tolerance from square-cut pipe ends ("S" dimension shown) is:

 $\frac{1}{6}$ inch/1.6 mm for 14 – 20-inch/DN350 – DN500 – sizes $\frac{3}{32}$ inch/2.4 mm for 22-inch/DN550 and larger sizes This is measured from the true square line.

For 14-50-inch/DN350 – DN1250 sizes, beveled-end pipe may be used, provided that the wall thickness is 0.375 inch/9.5 mm or less and that the bevel meets ASTM A53 and/or API 5L (30° +5°/-0°). **NOTE: Roll grooving beveled-end pipe may result in unacceptable flare.**

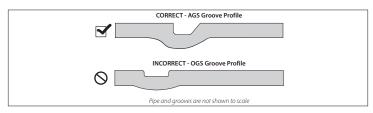


- 2. Prior to grooving, raised internal and external weld beads and seams shall be ground flush to the pipe surface a minimum of 6 inches/152 mm back from the pipe end. This area shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leaktight seal.
- 3. Pipe with external axial weld seams can be supported with Victaulic Adjustable Pipe Stands; however, the weld seam shall be smooth and rounded and at least three times as wide as it is high. External axial weld seams shall not exceed 1/8 inch/3.2 mm in height.
- **4.** The inside diameter of the pipe end shall be cleaned to remove coarse scale, dirt, and other foreign material that might interfere with or damage grooving rolls.



- 5. The front edge of the pipe end shall be uniform, with no concave/convex surface features that will cause improper grooving roll tracking and result in difficulties during coupling assembly. Refer to the drawing to the left for an unacceptable pipe end.
- **6.** If pipe cut-off is required, Victaulic recommends the use of a mechanically-guided pipe cutting tool for proper pipe end preparation. Free-hand pipe end cutting is not recommended.
- 7. Always refer to the operating and maintenance manual for the pipe preparation tool and the specific installation instructions associated with the product for which you are preparing pipe. For stainless steel pipe preparation requirements, always refer to Victaulic publication 17.01, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.





8. Groove the pipe in accordance with the AGS grooving specifications listed on the following pages. When direct-grooving pipe for use with Style W07/LW07, W77, W77B, W77N, and W89 AGS Couplings or Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapters, Victaulic AGS roll sets are required. DO NOT attempt to assemble AGS Couplings on pipe that is direct grooved with Original Groove System (OGS) roll sets.



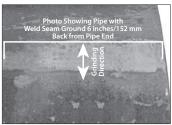
9. Clean the outside surface of the pipe, from the groove to the pipe end, to remove all oil, grease, loose paint, and dirt.

PIPE END INSPECTION AND PREPARATION – 465 VIC-RING APPLICATIONS

For *Vic-Ring* applications, Type "B" or Type "D" AGS *Vic-Rings* are required for use with Style W07, W77, W77B, W77N, and W89 AGS Couplings. Pipe ends and *Vic-Rings* shall be prepared and visually inspected in accordance with the requirements listed in this section.

AWARNING

- It is the welder's responsibility to verify that AGS Vic-Rings are welded correctly
 to the pipe, in accordance with project/site-specific welding standards and in
 conformance with the AGS Vic-Ring Weldment submittal drawing(s) provided for
 the specific project.
- The weld shall be capable of withstanding all thrust loads, in accordance with appropriate American Welding Society (AWS) specifications or other local or national codes and requirements. All welds shall be leak-tight.
- Applicable safety procedures shall be followed during the welding process.
 Failure to follow these instructions could cause improper product installation, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



- 1. Prior to welding a *Vic-Ring* onto the pipe end, weld seams shall be ground flush to the pipe surface (outside diameter). Grind the weld seam from the pipe end to a minimum distance of 6 inches/152 mm back from the pipe end. This area shall be generally free from indentations, projections, and roll marks.
- 2. Weld the Vic-Ring onto the pipe end per the literature provided with the shipment and the specifications listed in Victaulic publication 16.11 for Style W07 Rigid Couplings, 16.12 for Style W77/W77B/W77N Flexible Couplings, or 16.15 for Style W89 Rigid Couplings.



3. Clean the outside surface of the *Vic-Rings* to remove dirt and other foreign material.

AWARNING



- Before setting up and operating any Victaulic pipe preparation tools, read and understand the operating and maintenance manual that is shipped with the tool.
- Learn the operation requirements, applications, and potential hazards associated with the tool.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause improper product installation, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- AGS roll sets for use on both light-weight and standard-weight carbon steel pipe, as well as standard-weight stainless steel pipe, are distinguished by a black appearance with a yellow band.
- AGS roll sets for less than standard-weight stainless steel pipe are distinguished by a silver appearance with a black band.
- AGS roll sets SHALL NOT be mixed with roll sets for other groove profiles.

Victaulic offers pipe preparation tools that are designed for field use or shop fabrication. For detailed information on pipe preparation tool ratings and capacities, refer to Victaulic publication 24.01, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. For information about maintenance and operation of pipe preparation tools, refer to the applicable operating and maintenance manual that is shipped with the tool and that can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

PIPE LENGTHS SUITABLE FOR GROOVING

The table below identifies the minimum pipe lengths that can be grooved safely by using Victaulic Grooving Tools. In addition, this table identifies the maximum pipe lengths that can be grooved without the use of a pipe stand. Pipe that exceeds the maximum lengths listed in this table requires the use of a pipe stand. For additional tool and pipe stand setup requirements, always refer to the operating and maintenance manual that is shipped with the applicable tool. Tool operating and maintenance manuals and repair parts lists can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Nominal Size inches DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Minimum Length that can be Grooved Safely with Victaulic Tool inches/mm	Maximum Length that can be Grooved Without Use of Pipe Stand inches/mm			
14 – 16 DN350 – DN400	14.000 – 16.000 355.6 – 406.4	12 305	16 410			
	14.843 – 16.772 377.0 – 426.0	12 305	16 410			
18 and Larger DN450 and Larger	18.000 and Larger 457.2 and Larger	NOTE: Always use a pipe stand when roll grooving pipe in these sizes.				
	18.898 and Larger	shorter than 18 i	ove pipe lengths nches/457 mm in			

If pipe is required that is shorter than the minimum length listed in this table, shorten the next-to-last piece so that the last piece is as long (or longer) than the minimum length specified.

EXAMPLE: A 20-foot, 4-inch/6.2-m length of 14-inch/DN350 diameter carbon steel pipe is required to finish a section and only 20-foot/6.1-m lengths are available. Instead of roll grooving a 20-foot/6.1-m length of carbon steel pipe and a 4-inch/102-mm length of carbon steel pipe, follow these steps:

- 1. Refer to the table above, and note that for 14-inch/DN350 diameter carbon steel pipe, the minimum length that can be roll grooved is 12 inches/305 mm.
- 2. Roll groove a 19-foot, 4-inch/5.8-m length of pipe and a 12-inch/305-mm length of pipe.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL AGS ROLL GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS



WARNING

 Pipe and groove dimensions shall be within the tolerances specified in the tables on the following pages to ensure proper joint performance.

FOR ADVANCED GROOVE SYSTEM (AGS) COUPLINGS WITH RATINGS ON STAINLESS STEEL PIPE:

- Victaulic AGS RW rolls SHALL be used when roll grooving Schedule 40S/ Standard-Weight Type 304/316 pipe for use with AGS couplings.
- Victaulic AGS RWX rolls SHALL be used when roll grooving Schedule 5S, Schedule 10S, and Schedule 10 Type 304/316 pipe for use with AGS couplings.
- For complete stainless steel pipe prepraration requirements, refer to Victaulic publication 17.01, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Failure to follow these specifications could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

• Depending on pipe material strength and hardness, AGS grooves produce pipe growth that typically is % inch (0.125 inch/3.2 mm) per AGS groove. This typical growth may vary and should be estimated based on the specific material conditions. For a pipe length with an AGS roll groove at each end, the pipe length will grow approximately ¼ inch (0.250 inch/6.4 mm) total. Therefore, the cut length should be adjusted to accommodate this growth. EXAMPLE: If you need a 24-inch/610-mm length of pipe that will contain an AGS roll groove at each end, cut the pipe to a length of approximately 23¾ inches/603 mm to allow for this growth.

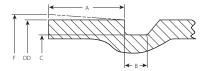


Illustration is exaggerated for clarity - Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

Pipe shall meet the physical and mechanical properties of ASTM A53, API 5L, AWWA C200, EN/BS10216-1, EN/BS10217-1, GB/T 3091, GB/T 8163, or other internationally recognized standards. Carbon steel pipe suitable for AGS roll grooving shall be Seamless, Electric-Welded (ERW), Longitudinal Seam Submerged-Arc Welded (SAW), Double Seam Submerged-Arc Welded (DSAW), or Helical Seam Submerged-Arc Welded (HSAW) construction.

Pipe Outside Diameter – Nominal NPS Pipe Size (ANSI B36.10) and Basic Metric Pipe Size (ISO 4200) – The average pipe outside diameter shall not vary from the specifications listed in the tables on the following pages. Maximum allowable pipe ovality shall comply with the requirements of ASTM A-999 and API 5L. Greater variations between the major and minor diameters will result in difficult coupling assembly.

"A" Dimension – The "A" dimension, or the distance from the pipe end to the groove, identifies the gasket seating area. This area between the groove and the pipe end shall be generally free from indentations, projections, weld seam anomalies, and roll marks to ensure a leak-tight seal. All oil, grease, loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles shall be removed.



EXPLANATION OF CRITICAL AGS ROLL GROOVE SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)



- **"B" Dimension** The "B" dimension, or groove width, controls expansion, contraction, and angular deflection of flexible couplings by the distance it is located from the pipe and its width in relation to the coupling housings' "key" width. The bottom of the groove shall be free from loose paint, rust, scale, dirt, and cutting particles that may interfere with proper coupling assembly. The Groove Width "B" dimension will be achieved with properly maintained Victaulic tools that are equipped with Victaulic AGS roll sets.
- "C" Dimension The "C" dimension is the average diameter at the base of the groove. This dimension shall be within the diameter's tolerance and concentric with the OD for proper coupling fit. The groove shall be of uniform depth for the entire pipe circumference.
- **"D" Dimension** The "D" dimension is the normal depth of the groove and is a reference for a "trial groove" only. Variations in pipe OD affect this dimension and shall be altered, if necessary, to keep the "C" dimension within tolerance. The groove diameter shall conform to the "C" dimension described above.
- **"F"** Dimension (Roll Groove Only) Maximum allowable pipe-end flare diameter is measured at the extreme pipe-end diameter. **NOTE:** This applies to average (pi tape) and single-point readings.

Nominal Wall Thickness – This is the nominal allowable pipe wall thickness that is suitable for roll grooving. Pipe that is less than the nominal wall thickness may be adapted for Victaulic AGS couplings by using AGS *Vic-Ring* Adapters. AGS *Vic-Ring* Adapters can be used in the following situations (contact Victaulic for details):

- When pipe is less than the nominal allowable pipe wall thickness that is suitable for roll grooving
- · When pipe outside diameter is too large to roll groove
- When pipe is used in abrasive services

NOTICE

Coatings that are applied to the interior surfaces of Victaulic AGS Couplings listed in this handbook shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This includes the bolt pad mating surfaces.

The coating thickness applied to the gasket sealing surface and within the AGS groove on the pipe exterior or AGS *Vic-Ring* exterior shall not exceed 0.010 inch/0.25 mm. This pipe coating thickness will affect the roll groove specifications listed on the following pages. Allowances shall be made for the following:

- Pipe Outside Diameter, Gasket Seat "A", Groove Diameter "C", Minimum Allowable Wall Thickness "T", and Maximum Allowable Flare Diameter "F" will be INCREASED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.
- Groove Width "B" will be REDUCED by 0.020 inch/0.50 mm.



AGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel and Stainless Steel Pipe (In Accordance with EN 10217, ASTM A-53, ASTM A-312, or API 5L)



AGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel and Stainless Steel Pipe (In Accordance with EN 10217, ASTM A-53, ASTM A-312, or API 5L)

					inches/millimeters	neters						
:	Pipe (Pipe Outside Diameter	ımeter	Nominal Wall Thic	Nominal Wall Thickness for Grooving	Gas	Gasket Seat "A"	"A"		Groove Diameter "C"	meter "C"	Max.
Nominal Size inches DN	Actual	Мах.	Min.	Carbon Steel	Stainless Steel (Less Than Standard Weight)	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Groove Width "B"	Max.	Min.	Allow. Flare Dia. "F"
	24.803 630.0	24.897 632.4	24.772 629.2	0.256 - 0.750 6.5 - 19.1	1 1	1.500 38.1	1.531	1.437	0.455	24.303 617.3	24.258 616.2	25.03
26 DN650	26.000 660.4	26.063 662.0	25.937 658.8	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	1.750 44.5	1.781	1.687	0.535	25.430 645.9	25.370 644.4	26.30
28 DN700	28.000	28.063 712.8	27.937 709.6	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	1.750 44.5	1.781	1.687	0.535	27.430 696.7	27.370 695.2	28.30
30 DN750	30.000 762.0	30.063 763.6	29.937 760.4	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	1.750 44.5	1.781	1.687	0.535	29.430 747.5	29.370 746.0	30.30
32 DN800	32.000 812.8	32.063 814.4	31.937 811.2	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	1.750 44.5	1.781	1.687 42.8	0.535 13.6	31.430 798.3	31.370 796.8	32.30 820.4
34 DN850	34.000 863.6	34.063 865.2	33.937 862.0	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	1.750	1.781	1.687	0.535	33.430 849.1	33.370 847.6	34.30
36 DN900	36.000 914.4	36.063 916.0	35.937 912.8	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	1.750 44.5	1.781	1.687	0.535	35.430 899.9	35.370 898.4	36.30
38 DN950	38.000 965.2	38.063 966.8	37.937 963.6	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	1.750 44.5	1.781	1.687 42.8	0.535 13.6	37.430 950.7	37.370 949.2	38.30 972.8
40 DN1000	40.000 1016.0	40.063 1017.6	39.937 1014.4	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	2.000 50.8	2.031 51.6	1.937 49.2	0.562 14.3	39.375 1000.1	39.315 998.6	40.30 1023.6
42 DN1050	42.000 1066.8	42.063 1068.4	41.937 1065.2	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	2.000 50.8	2.031	1.937 49.2	0.562	41.375	41.315 1049.4	42.30 1074.4

AGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel and Stainless Steel Pipe (In Accordance with EN 10217, ASTM A-53, ASTM A-312, or API 5L)

					inches/millimeters	neters						
	Pipe (Pipe Outside Diameter	meter	Nominal Wall Thic	Nominal Wall Thickness for Grooving	Gas	Gasket Seat "A"	"A"		Groove Dia	Groove Diameter "C"	Max.
Nominal Size inches DN	Actual	Max.	Min.	Carbon Steel	Stainless Steel (Less Than Standard Weight)	Basic	Мах.	Min.	Groove Width "B"	Max.	Min.	Allow. Flare Dia. "F"
44 DN1100	44.000	44.063 1119.2	43.937 1116.0	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	2.000 50.8	2.031	1.937	0.562	43.375	43.315	44.30
46 DN1150	46.000 1168.4	46.063 1170.0	45.937 1166.8	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	2.000 50.8	2.031	1.937 49.2	0.562	45.375 1152.5	45.315 1151.0	46.30 1176.0
48 DN1200	48.000 1219.2	48.063 1220.8	47.937 1217.6	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	2.000 50.8	2.031	1.937 49.2	0.562	47.375 1203.3	47.315 1201.8	48.30 1226.8
50 DN1250	50.000	50.063 1271.6	49.937 1268.4	0.313 - 0.750 8.0 - 19.1	1 1	2.000 50.8	2.031	1.937 49.2	0.562 14.3	49.375 1254.1	49.315 1252.6	50.30 1277.6
54 DN1350	54.000 1371.6	54.063 1373.2	53.937 1370.0	0.375 - 0.750 9.5 - 19.1	1 1	2.500 63.5	2.531 64.3	2.437 61.9	0.562 14.3	53.430 1357.1	53.370 1355.6	54.30 1379.2
56 DN1400	56.000 1422.4	56.063 1424.0	55.937 1420.8	0.375 - 0.750 9.5 - 19.1	1 1	2.500 63.5	2.531 64.3	2.437 61.9	0.562 14.3	55.430 1407.9	55.370 1406.4	56.30 1430.0
58 DN1450	58.000 1473.2	58.063 1474.8	57.937 1471.6	0.375 - 0.750 9.5 - 19.1	1 1	2.500 63.5	2.531 64.3	2.437 61.9	0.562 14.3	57.430 1458.7	57.370 1457.2	58.30 1480.8
60 DN1500	60.000 1524.0	60.063 1525.6	59.937 1522.4	0.375 - 0.750 9.5 - 19.1	1 1	2.500 63.5	2.531 64.3	2.437 61.9	0.562 14.3	59.430 1509.5	59.370 1508.0	60.30 1531.6
62 DN1550	62.000 1574.8	62.063 1576.4	61.937 1573.2	0.375 - 0.750 9.5 - 19.1	1 1	2.500 63.5	2.531 64.3	2.437 61.9	0.562 14.3	61.430 1560.3	61.370 1558.8	62.30 1582.4
64 DN1600	64.000 1625.6	64.063 1627.2	63.937 1624.0	0.500 - 0.750 12.7 - 19.1	1 1	2.500 63.5	2.531 64.3	2.437 61.9	0.562 14.3	63.430 1611.1	63.370 1609.6	64.30 1633.2

AGS Roll Groove Specifications for Carbon Steel and Stainless Steel Pipe (In Accordance with EN 10217, ASTM A-53, ASTM A-312, or API 5L)

					inches/millimeters	neters						
_	Pipe (Pipe Outside Diameter	meter	Nominal Wall Thick	Nominal Wall Thickness for Grooving		Gasket Seat "A"	"A"		Groove Dia	Groove Diameter "C"	Мах.
Nominal Size inches DN	Actual	Мах.	Min.	Carbon Steel	Stainless Steel (Less Than Standard Weight)	Basic	Max.	Min.	Groove Width "B"		Min.	Allow. Flare Dia. "F"
99	000'99	66.063	65.937	0.500 - 0.750	ı	2.500	2.531	2.437	0.562	65.430	65.370	66.30
920	1676.4	1678.0	1674.8	12.7 - 19.1	ı	63.5	64.3	61.9	14.3	1661.9	1660.4	1684.0
8	000.89	68.063	67.937	0.500 - 0.750	ı	2.500	2.531	2.437	0.562	67.430	67.370	68.30
DN1700	1727.2	1728.8	1725.6	12.7 - 19.1	1	63.5	64.3	61.9	14.3	1712.7	1711.2	1734.8
72	72.000	72.063	71.937	0.500 - 0.750	ı	2.500	2.531	2.437	0.562	71.430	71.370	72.30
ON1800	1828.8	1830.4	1827.2	12.7 - 19.1	1	63.5	64.3	61.9	14.3	1814.3	1812.8	1836.4



Important Gasket and Lubricant Information

GASKET SELECTION

ACAUTION

- To ensure gasket performance, always specify the material grade that is suitable for the intended service.
- Always reference the specific product's installation instructions for details regarding when to apply lubrication to individual components.
- Always use a lubricant that is compatible with the gasket material grade, as outlined in the specific product instructions.

Failure to follow these instructions may result in joint leakage and property damage.

During selection and verification of gasket material grades, reference shall be made to Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com. For rubber-lined valves or other rubber-lined products, reference the applicable Victaulic publication for specific requirements.

Do not subject gaskets to temperatures beyond the specified limits. Excessive temperatures will degrade gasket performance.

Gasket Color Code Reference

Grade	Compound	Color Code
E	EPDM	Green Stripe
Т	Nitrile	Orange Stripe
L	Silicone	Red Gasket
O	Fluoroelastomer	Blue Stripe

STORAGE OF GASKETS

Until the time of installation, Victaulic products with exposed elastomeric components shall be stored in typical warehouse conditions, where components are protected from outside environmental factors such as: sun exposure, ozone exposure, extreme temperatures, and extreme relative humidity (or as specified by national and local codes and standards for the jobsite).

LUBRICANT REQUIREMENTS

Refer to the specific product's instructions for details regarding when to apply lubrication to individual components. Lubrication helps ease installation of the gasket onto prepared pipe ends, and it helps prevent gasket pinching during installation of coupling housings. For the Victaulic Lubricant Safety Data Sheet (SDS), reference Victaulic publication 05.02, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

Canadian Customers – Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) Requirements: Canadian customers shall contact Victaulic Canada for a Victaulic Lubricant SDS that meets Canadian WHMIS requirements.

NOTICE

 Prior to assembly, Victaulic recommends maintaining lubricant and gaskets at temperatures above 0°C/32°F to prevent the lubricant from freezing and to ease installation onto the pipe ends.



Victaulic Lubricant Usage Guide

The following table provides the **approximate** number of common-size gaskets that can be lubricated with a 4.5-ounce/127.5-gram tube or a 1-quart/32-ounce/907-gram container of Victaulic Lubricant. These values have been calculated using a thin coating of Victaulic Lubricant, as described in this section, and do not take into account any overuse or spillage.

NOTE: Victaulic Lubricant has full WRAS approval (Approval No. 0507514) and ANSI/NSF 61 approval.

Approximate shelf life of Victaulic Lubricant in tubes is 2 years beyond the manufacture date stamped on the container. Approximate shelf life of Victaulic Lubricant in quarts is 1 year beyond the manufacture date stamped on the container.

Nominal	Actual Pipe	Approximate Nu	mber of Gaskets
Coupling Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Per Tube	Per Quart
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	13	97
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	12	85
18 DN450	18.000 457.0	10	75
20 DN500	20.000 508.0	9	67
22 DN550	22.000 559.0	8	61
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	7	55
26 DN650	26.000 660.4	7	51
28 DN700	28.000 711.2	6	47
30 DN750	30.000 762.0	6	44
32 DN800	32.000 812.8	5	41
34 DN850	34.000 864.0	5	38
36 DN900	36.000 914.4	5	36
38 DN950	38.000 965.0	4	34
40 DN1000	40.000 1016.0	4	32
42 DN1050	42.000 1066.8	4	30
44 DN1100	44.000 1117.6	4	29
46 DN1150	46.000 1168.4	4	28
48 DN1200	48.000 1219.2	3	26

Continued on the following page



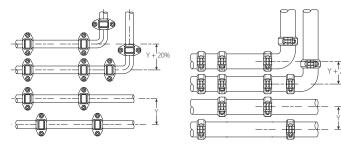
Victaulic Lubricant Usage Guide (Continued)

Nominal	Actual Pipe	Approximate Nu	mber of Gaskets
Coupling Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Per Tube	Per Quart
50 DN1250	50.000 1270.0	3	25
54 DN1350	54.000 1371.6	-	4
56 DN1400	56.000 1422.2	-	4
58 DN1450	58.000 1473.2	-	4
60 DN1500	60.000 1524.0	-	3
62 DN1550	62.000 1574.8	-	3
64 DN1600	64.000 1625.6	-	3
66 DN1650	66.000 1676.4	-	3
68 DN1700	68.000 1727.2	-	3
72 DN1800	72.000 1828.8	-	3
74 DN1850	72.000 1828.8	-	2
78 DN1950	74.000 1879.6		2
84 DN2100	80.000 2032.0	-	2
88 DN2200	84.000 2133.6	-	2
94 DN2350	90.000 2286.0	-	2
100 DN2500	96.000 2438.4	_	2

Spacing Requirements for Grooved Piping Systems

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PIPE SPACING

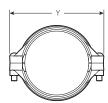
Since Victaulic grooved pipe couplings are externally-mounted housings that contain bolt pads, consideration shall be given to external dimensions beyond the pipe outside diameter to allow for ease of installation, inspection, and insulation. Always allow enough spacing between adjacent piping and couplings to provide access for tightening hardware and for bolt pad inspection. **NOTE:** Allowance for insulation, when necessary, is not included in the following examples.



Example with Bolt Pads Facing Each Other

Example with Bolt Pads Facing Out

Illustrations are exaggerated for clarity



The pipe centerline shall be spaced with the width ("Y" dimension) of the coupling housings for systems where couplings are staggered. Add an additional 20% to the width ("Y" dimension) when couplings are inline, as shown above. **NOTE:** The "Y" dimension is the widest point across the coupling bolt pads (refer to the "Product Data" section). Bolt pads can be positioned in any orientation to prevent interference with other system components.

When installing grooved piping systems in confined areas, such as a pipe shaft, a tunnel, a narrow trench, or when joining riser pipe and dropping it through riser holes, consideration shall be given to the external clearance of the housings. This clearance shall be greater than the "Y" dimension (widest point). The necessary clearance will vary depending upon installation procedures, the proximity of other piping, and other factors.

Rigid Systems

Piping Support
Pipe Support Spacing
Allowable Pipe-End Separation



PIPING SUPPORT FOR RIGID SYSTEMS

AWARNING

- The values in the following tables are not intended to be used as specifications for all installations, and they DO NOT apply where critical calculations are made or where there are concentrated loads between supports. The installer shall adhere to the design engineer's calculations for each project.
- DO NOT attach supports directly to couplings. Attach supports only to adjoining pipe and equipment.
- DO NOT use piping joined with Victaulic grooved pipe products as a lift point.
 DO NOT climb or hang on pipe joined with these products.
- Victaulic is not responsible for system design, nor does the Company assume any responsibility for systems that are designed improperly.
- Piping support/design shall comply with any local code requirements and shall be verified by a system designer/engineer.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Piping that is joined with grooved pipe couplings, like all other piping systems, requires support to carry the weight of piping, equipment, and fluid. The support or hanging method shall minimize stress on joints and allow pipeline movement, where required, along with other design requirements, such as drainage or venting. **NOTE:** Valves with unbalanced loads, particularly ones installed in horizontal pipelines within areas of high vibration, require support to resist external rotation.

RIGID SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING FOR STANDARD-WEIGHT CARBON STEEL PIPE

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for horizontal, straight runs of standard-weight carbon steel pipe (without concentrated loads) that carries water or similarly dense liquids.

	Actual Pipe	Sı	iggested Pipe		um Spa s feet/m		en
Nominal Size inches	Outside Diameter	Wa	ter Serv	ice	Gas	or Air Se	rvice
DN	inches/mm	*	†	‡	*	†	‡
14	14.000	23	25	15	30	33	15
DN350	355.6	7.0	7.6	4.6	9.1	10.1	4.6
	14.843	23	25	15	30	33	15
	377.0	7.0	7.6	4.6	9.1	10.1	4.6
16	16.000	27	25	15	35	33	15
DN400	406.4	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6
	16.772	27	25	15	35	33	15
	426.0	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6
18	18.000	27	25	15	35	33	15
DN450	457.2	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6
	18.898	27	25	15	35	33	15
	480.0	8.2	7.6	4.6	10.7	10.1	4.6
20	20.000	30	25	15	39	33	15
DN500	508.0	9.1	7.6	4.6	11.9	10.1	4.6

^{*}Spacing corresponds to ASME B31.1 Power Piping Code

[‡]Spacing corresponds to NFPA 13 Fire Sprinkler Systems



[†]Spacing corresponds to ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping Code

RIGID SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING FOR STANDARD-WEIGHT CARBON STEEL PIPE (CONTINUED)

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for horizontal, straight runs of standard-weight carbon steel pipe (without concentrated loads) that carries water or similarly dense liquids.

Si	Sı	Suggested Maximum Span Between Pipe Supports feet/meters							
Nominal Size	Actual Pipe Outside	Water Service Gas or Air Servi			rvice				
inches DN	Diameter inches/mm	*	†	‡	*	†	‡		
	20.866 530.0	30 9.1	25 7.6	15 4.6	39 11.9	33 10.1	15 4.6		
22 DN550	22.000 558.8	30 9.1	25 7.6	15 4.6	39 11.9	33 10.1	15 4.6		
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	32 9.8	25 7.6	15 4.6	42 12.8	33 10.1	15 4.6		
	24.803 630.0	32 9.8	25 7.6	15 4.6	42 12.8	33 10.1	15 4.6		
26 DN650	26.000 660.4	30 9.1							
28 DN700	28.000 711.2	30 9.1							
30 DN750	30.000 762.0	30 9.1							
32 DN800	32.000 812.8	31 9.4							
34 DN850	34.000 863.6	31 9.4							
36 DN900	36.000 914.4	31 9.4				·			
38 DN950	38.000 965.2	31 9.4		comme		for supp s in the			
40 DN1000	40.000 1016.0	35 10.7		31203	and sci	vices.			
42 DN1050	42.000 1066.8	35 10.7							
44 DN1100	44.000 1117.6	35 10.7	-						
46 DN1150	46.000 1168.4	35 10.7							
48 DN1200	48.000 1219.2	36 11.0							
50 DN1250	50.000 1270.0	36 11.0							

^{*}Spacing corresponds to ASME B31.1 Power Piping Code †Spacing corresponds to ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping Code ‡Spacing corresponds to NFPA 13 Fire Sprinkler Systems



RIGID SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING FOR LIGHT-WALL STAINLESS STEEL PIPE

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for horizontal, straight runs of light-wall stainless steel pipe (without concentrated loads) that carries water or similarly dense liquids.

Nominal Size	Actual Pipe Outside	Wall Thickness		Suggested Maximum Span Between Pipe Supports
inches	Diameter	inches/	Schedule	feet/
DN	inches/mm	mm		meters
14	14.000	0.188	105	21
DN350	355.6	4.78		6.4
16	16.000	0.188	105	22
DN400	406.4	4.78		6.7
18	18.000	0.188	105	22
DN450	457.2	4.78		6.7
20	20.000	0.218	105	24
DN500	508.0	5.54		7.3
22	22.000	0.218	105	24
DN550	558.8	5.54		7.3
24	24.000	0.250	105	25
DN600	609.6	6.35		7.6

NOTE: Contact Victaulic for applications above 24 inch/DN600.

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION FOR AGS RIGID COUPLINGS ON DIRECT-GROOVED PIPE OR PIPE PREPARED WITH AGS *VIC-RINGS*

The nominal pipe-end separation dimensions, shown in the table below, are provided for system layout and installation purposes and apply only to pipe that is roll grooved to AGS specifications or prepared with AGS *Vic-Rings* for Style W07/LW07 and W89 AGS Rigid Couplings. Victaulic Style W07/LW07 and W89 AGS Rigid Couplings are considered rigid connections and will not accommodate expansion or contraction of the piping system.

Nominal	Coupling/	Nominal
Pipe Size	AGS <i>Vic-Ring</i>	Pipe-End
inches	Size	Separation
DN	inches/mm	inches/mm
12 – 22	14.000 – 24.000	0.25
DN300 – DN550	355.6 – 609.6	6.4
24 – 36	26.000 – 38.000	0.38
DN600 – DN900	660.4 – 965.0	9.7
38 – 48	40.000 – 50.000	0.44
DN950 – DN1200	1016.0 – 1270.0	11.2

NOTE: Style W89 AGS Rigid Couplings are available only in 14–24-inch/DN350–DN600 sizes.

Flexible Systems

Piping Support Pipe Support Spacing Allowable Pipe-End Separation

I-100 23

PIPING SUPPORT FOR FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS

AWARNING

- The values in the following tables are not intended to be used as specifications for all installations, and they DO NOT apply where critical calculations are made or where there are concentrated loads between supports. The installer shall adhere to the design engineer's calculations for each project.
- DO NOT attach supports directly to couplings. Attach supports only to adjoining pipe and equipment.
- DO NOT use piping joined with Victaulic grooved pipe products as a lift point.
 DO NOT climb or hang on pipe joined with these products.
- Victaulic is not responsible for system design, nor does the Company assume any responsibility for systems that are designed improperly.
- Piping support/design shall comply with any local code requirements and shall be verified by a system designer/engineer.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

Piping that is joined with grooved pipe couplings, like all other piping systems, requires support to carry the weight of piping, equipment, and fluid. The support or hanging method shall minimize stress on joints and allow pipeline movement, where required, along with other design requirements, such as drainage or venting. The system designer shall consider the special requirements of flexible couplings while designing a support system. **NOTE:** Valves with unbalanced loads, particularly ones installed in horizontal pipelines within areas of high vibration, require support to resist external rotation.

FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS – PIPE SUPPORT SPACING

The following table lists the suggested minimum number of pipe supports per standard-weight carbon steel pipe length for straight runs without concentrated loads, where full linear movement **IS REQUIRED**. The values provided are for Style W77, W77B, and W77N Flexible Couplings, installed with standard carbon steel hardware, at full operating pressure. For alternate hardware, operating pressures, or design spacing requirements, contact Victaulic.

			Pipe Length in feet/meters								
Nominal Size inches	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter	7 2.1	10 3.0	12 3.7	15 4.6	20 6.1	22 6.7	l	30 9.1	35 10.7	40 12.2
DN	inches/mm	*Ave	rage I	Hange	ers Pe	er Pip	e Ler	igth -	- Ever	nly Sp	aced
14 – 16 DN350 – DN400	14.000 – 16.000 355.6 – 406.4	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
18 – 24 DN450 – DN600	18.000 – 24.000 457.2 – 609.6	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
26 – 72 DN650 – DN1800	26.000 – 72.000 660.4 – 1828.8	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3

^{*}Pipe lengths shall not be left unsupported between any two couplings For project-specific requirements outside of the values provided, contact Victaulic.

The following table lists the suggested maximum span between pipe supports for standard-weight carbon steel pipe for straight runs without concentrated loads, where full linear movement **IS NOT REQUIRED**. The values provided are for Style W77, W77B, and W77N Flexible Couplings, installed with standard carbon steel hardware, at full operating pressure. For alternate hardware, operating pressures, or design spacing requirements, contact Victaulic.

Nominal Size inches DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Suggested Maximum Span Between Pipe Supports feet/meters
14 – 16	14.000 – 16.000	18
DN350 – DN400	355.6 – 406.4	5.5
18 – 24	18.000 – 24.000	20
DN450 – DN600	457.2 – 609.6	6.1
26 – 72	26.000 – 72.000	21
DN650 – DN1800	660.4 – 1828.8	6.4

For project-specific requirements outside of the values provided, contact Victaulic.

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND PIPELINE DEFLECTION FOR AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS ON DIRECT-GROOVED PIPE

The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection from centerline dimensions, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is roll grooved to AGS specifications for Style W77, W77B, and W77N AGS Flexible Couplings. For design and installation purposes, these values may be reduced by 25%.

Nominal Size	Actual Pipe Outside	Pipe-End Separation inches/mm		Nominal I from Ce	
inches DN	Diameter inches/mm	Minimum	Maximum	Degrees Per Coupling	in/ft mm/m
14	14.000	0.13	0.31	0.73	0.154
DN350	355.6	3.3	7.9		12.86
	14.843 377.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.69	0.146 12.13
16	16.000	0.13	0.31	0.64	0.135
DN400	406.4	3.3	7.9		11.25
	16.772 426.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.61	0.129 10.73
18	18.000	0.13	0.31	0.57	0.120
DN450	457.2	3.3	7.9		10.00
	18.898 480.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.54	0.114 9.52
20	20.000	0.13	0.31	0.51	0.108
DN500	508.0	3.3	7.9		9.00
	20.866 530.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.49	0.104 8.63
22	22.000	0.13	0.31	0.46	0.098
DN550	558.8	3.3	7.9		8.18
24	24.000	0.13	0.31	0.42	0.090
DN600	609.6	3.3	7.9		7.50
	24.803 630.0	0.13 3.3	0.31 7.9	0.41	0.087 7.26
26	26.000	0.15	0.53	0.83	0.175
DN650	660.4	3.8	13.5		14.62
28	28.000	0.15	0.53	0.77	0.163
DN700	711.2	3.8	13.5		13.57
30	30.000	0.15	0.53	0.72	0.152
DN750	762.0	3.8	13.5		12.67
32	32.000	0.15	0.53	0.68	0.143
DN800	812.8	3.8	13.5		11.87
34	34.000	0.15	0.53	0.64	0.134
DN850	863.6	3.8	13.5		11.18
36	36.000	0.15	0.53	0.60	0.127
DN900	914.4	3.8	13.5		10.56
38	38.000	0.15	0.53	0.57	0.120
DN950	965.2	3.8	13.5		10.00
40	40.000	0.21	0.59	0.54	0.114
DN1000	1016.0	5.3	15.0		9.50



NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND PIPELINE DEFLECTION FOR AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS ON DIRECT-GROOVED PIPE (CONTINUED)

The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection from centerline dimensions, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is roll grooved to AGS specifications for Style W77, W77B, and W77N AGS Flexible Couplings. For design and installation purposes, these values may be reduced by 25%.

Nominal Size	Actual Pipe Outside	Pipe-End Separation inches/mm			Deflection enterline
inches DN	Diameter inches/mm	Minimum	Maximum	Degrees Per Coupling	in/ft mm/m
42	42.000	0.21	0.59	0.51	0.109
DN1050	1066.8	5.3	15.0		9.05
44	44.000	0.21	0.59	0.49	0.104
DN1100	1117.6	5.3	15.0		8.64
46	46.000	0.21	0.59	0.47	0.099
DN1150	1168.4	5.3	15.0		8.26
48	48.000	0.21	0.59	0.45	0.095
DN1200	1219.2	5.3	15.0		7.92
50	50.000	0.21	0.59	0.43	0.091
DN1250	1270.0	5.3	15.0		7.60
54	54.000	0.28	0.66	0.40	0.084
DN1350	1371.6	7.1	16.8		7.04
56	56.000	0.28	0.66	0.38	0.081
DN1400	1422.4	7.1	16.8		6.79
58	58.000	0.28	0.66	0.37	0.079
DN1450	1473.2	7.1	16.8		6.55
60	60.000	0.28	0.66	0.36	0.076
DN1500	1524.0	7.1	16.8		6.33
62	62.000	0.28	0.66	0.35	0.074
DN1550	1574.8	7.1	16.8		6.13
64	64.000	0.28	0.66	0.34	0.071
DN1600	1625.6	7.1	16.8		5.94
66	66.000	0.28	0.66	0.32	0.069
DN1650	1676.4	7.1	16.8		5.76
68	68.000	0.28	0.66	0.32	0.067
DN1700	1727.2	7.1	16.8		5.59
72	72.000	0.28	0.66	0.30	0.063
DN1800	1828.8	7.1	16.8		5.28

NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND PIPELINE DEFLECTION FOR AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS ON PIPE PREPARED WITH AGS VIC-RINGS

The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection from centerline dimensions, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is prepared with AGS *Vic-Rings* for Style W77, W77B, and W77N AGS Flexible Couplings. For design and installation purposes, these values may be reduced by 25%.

Nominal Pipe Size	Coupling/ AGS Vic-Ring	Pipe-End Separation inches/mm		Nominal I from Ce	
inches	Size inches/mm	Minimum	Maximum	Degrees Per Coupling	in/ft mm/m
12	14.000	0.13	0.31	0.73	0.154
DN300	355.6	3.3	7.9		12.86
14	16.000	0.13	0.31	0.64	0.135
DN350	406.4	3.3	7.9		11.25
16	18.000	0.13	0.31	0.57	0.120
DN400	457.2	3.3	7.9		10.00
18	20.000	0.13	0.31	0.51	0.108
DN450	508.0	3.3	7.9		9.00
20	22.000	0.13	0.31	0.46	0.098
DN500	558.8	3.3	7.9		8.18
22	24.000	0.13	0.31	0.42	0.090
DN550	609.6	3.3	7.9		7.50
24	26.000	0.15	0.53	0.83	0.175
DN600	660.4	3.8	13.5		14.62
26	28.000	0.15	0.53	0.77	0.163
DN650	711.2	3.8	13.5		13.57
28	30.000	0.15	0.53	0.72	0.152
DN700	762.0	3.8	13.5		12.67
30	32.000	0.15	0.53	0.68	0.143
DN750	812.8	3.8	13.5		11.87
32	34.000	0.15	0.53	0.64	0.134
DN800	863.6	3.8	13.5		11.18
34	36.000	0.15	0.53	0.60	0.127
DN850	914.4	3.8	13.5		10.56
36	38.000	0.15	0.53	0.57	0.120
DN900	965.2	3.8	13.5		10.00
38	40.000	0.21	0.59	0.54	0.114
DN950	1016.0	5.3	15.0		9.50
40	42.000	0.21	0.59	0.51	0.109
DN1000	1066.8	5.3	15.0		9.05
42	44.000	0.21	0.59	0.49	0.104
DN1050	1117.6	5.3	15.0		8.64
44	46.000	0.21	0.59	0.47	0.099
DN1100	1168.4	5.3	15.0		8.26
46	48.000	0.21	0.59	0.45	0.095
DN1150	1219.2	5.3	15.0		7.92
48	50.000	0.21	0.59	0.43	0.091
DN1200	1270.0	5.3	15.0		7.60



NOMINAL PIPE-END SEPARATION AND PIPELINE DEFLECTION FOR AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS ON PIPE PREPARED WITH AGS *VIC-RINGS* (CONTINUED)

The nominal pipe-end separation and deflection from centerline dimensions, shown in the table below, are the maximum nominal range of movement available at each joint for pipe that is prepared with AGS *Vic-Rings* for Style W77, W77B, and W77N AGS Flexible Couplings. For design and installation purposes, these values may be reduced by 25%.

Nominal Pipe Size	Coupling/ AGS Vic-Ring	Pipe-End Separation inches/mm		Nominal I from Ce	Deflection nterline
inches DN	Size inches/mm	Minimum	Maximum	Degrees Per Coupling	in/ft mm/m
52	54.000	0.28	0.66	0.40	0.084
DN1300	1371.6	7.1	16.8		7.04
54	56.000	0.28	0.66	0.38	0.081
DN1350	1422.2	7.1	16.8		6.79
56	58.000	0.28	0.66	0.37	0.079
DN1400	1473.2	7.1	16.8		6.55
58	60.000	0.28	0.66	0.36	0.076
DN1450	1524.0	7.1	16.8		6.33
60	62.000	0.28	0.66	0.35	0.074
DN1500	1574.8	7.1	16.8		6.13
62	64.000	0.28	0.66	0.34	0.071
DN1550	1625.6	7.1	16.8		5.94
64	66.000	0.28	0.66	0.32	0.069
DN1600	1676.4	7.1	16.8		5.76
66	68.000	0.28	0.66	0.32	0.067
DN1650	1727.2	7.1	16.8		5.59
70	72.000	0.28	0.66	0.30	0.063
DN1750	1828.8	7.1	16.8		5.28
72	74.000	0.28	0.66	0.29	0.062
DN1800	1879.6	7.1	16.8		5.14
74	78.000	0.28	0.66	0.27	0.058
DN1850	1981.2	7.1	16.8		4.87
80	84.000	0.28	0.66	0.25	0.054
DN2000	2133.6	7.1	16.8		4.52
84	88.000	0.28	0.66	0.24	0.052
DN2100	2235.2	7.1	16.8		4.32
90	94.000	0.00	0.90	0.54	0.115
DN2250	2387.6	0.00	22.9		9.57
96	100.000	0.00	0.90	0.51	0.108
DN2400	2540.0	0.00	22.9		9.00

INSTALLATION TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM LINEAR MOVEMENT CAPABILITIES OF FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS

To achieve maximum expansion/contraction allowance, pipe joints shall be installed with proper spacing between the pipe ends. The following is an overview of methods to accommodate expansion/contraction. For complete information, refer to Victaulic Section 26 publications, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

For maximum expansion, pipe ends shall be at their maximum gap within the coupling.



PROPER INSTALLATION FOR EXPANSION

Illustration is exaggerated for clarity Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

 Vertical systems can be installed as the pipe is lowered by assembling the couplings and using the weight of the pipe to pull the pipe ends open.

For horizontal systems, select method 2a or 2b.

- 2a. Anchor the system at one end, and install the couplings and proper guides. Cap the system, pressurize it to fully open the pipe ends, then anchor the other end with the pipe ends fully gapped.
- **2b.** Install the couplings. Use rigging equipment to pull the pipe for full end separation, then secure the pipe to maintain the opening.

For maximum contraction, pipe ends shall be installed at the minimum pipe-end separation.



PROPER INSTALLATION FOR CONTRACTION

Illustration is exaggerated for clarity Pipe and groove are not shown to scale

- In vertical systems, stack the pipe by using the weight to butt the pipe ends, then
 anchor the pipe to maintain the position.
- In horizontal systems, install the pipe ends at the minimum pipe-end separation by using the coupling's "come-along" feature to adjust the pipe ends, then secure the pipe in position.

For Expansion and Contraction

 Alternate the above procedures in proportion to the need for expansion and contraction.

Groove/Coupling Gapping

For expansion, visible gaps on either side of the coupling housings' key section (between the coupling housings' key section and the rear edge of the groove) can be used to verify proper installation of most couplings for maximum movement. These gaps are approximately equal to half the linear movement capability. Piping shall be secured to maintain the desired position.

For pipe contraction, virtually no gap should be visible between the coupling housings' key section and the rear edge of the groove. Piping shall be secured to maintain the desired position.



Installation Overview

Impact Wrench Usage Guidelines
Impact Wrench Selection
Torque Wrench Selection
Installation Requirements
Installation Inspection
System Testing
European ATEX Directive Notice

IMPACT WRENCH USAGE GUIDELINES

Victaulic recommends initial assembly of AGS products using readily-available ratcheting hand tools. Impact wrenches or pneumatic/hydraulic torque wrenches may be used to facilitate assembly.

Impact wrenches do not provide the installer with direct "wrench feel" to judge nut torque. Since some impact wrenches are capable of high output speed and torque, it is important to develop a familiarity with the impact wrench to avoid over-torquing, which may damage or fracture the bolts or coupling housings during installation.

▲ WARNING

 DO NOT exceed the required bolt torque values specified in the applicable product's installation instructions.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death.

Assemble couplings per the applicable Victaulic installation instructions in this handbook. Continue to tighten the nut(s) until the visual inspection requirements and torque value are achieved. Visual inspection of each joint is required for verification of proper assembly.

During the installation process, the installation torque shall not exceed the required bolt torque values specified in the applicable product's installation instructions. Conditions that may result in non-pad-to-pad conditions at the required bolt torque include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Uneven tightening of hardware For couplings containing two or more bolts, the nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides until the visual inspection requirements and required torque value are achieved for the particular coupling.
- Out-of-specification grooved pipe end dimensions (particularly large and out-of-specification "C" diameters) If proper assembly is not achieved, remove the coupling and confirm that all grooved pipe end dimensions are within Victaulic specifications. If grooved pipe end dimensions are not within Victaulic specifications, rework the pipe ends by following all instructions in the applicable pipe preparation tool's operating and maintenance manual.
- Continued tightening of nut(s) after the visual inspection requirements and torque values are achieved DO NOT continue to tighten the nut(s) after the visual inspection requirements and torque values are achieved. Continuing to tighten the hardware after proper visual inspection requirements are achieved will cause joint failure, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death. In addition, continued tightening may cause excessive stresses that compromise the long-term integrity of the bolts and may cause joint failure, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death. Additional bolt torque will not provide a better installation; bolt torque that exceeds the required bolt torque values specified in the applicable product's installation instructions could damage or fracture the bolts and/or the coupling's bolt pads during installation.
- Pinched gasket A pinched gasket could result in the inability to achieve proper visual inspection requirements. The coupling shall be disassembled and inspected to verify that the gasket is not pinched. If the gasket is pinched, a new coupling assembly or gasket shall be used.
- Coupling was not assembled per the instructions in this handbook Adherence to installation instructions will help to avoid the conditions covered in this section.

If you suspect that any hardware has been over-torqued, the entire coupling assembly shall be replaced immediately (as indicated by a bend in the bolt, bulging of the nut at the bolt pad interface, or damage to the bolt pad, etc.).



IMPACT WRENCH SELECTION

Appropriate selection of an impact wrench is required to ensure proper installation in accordance with the applicable coupling installation instructions. Improper impact wrench selection could cause coupling mis-assembly and damage, resulting in property damage, serious personal injury, or death.

To determine the suitability of an impact wrench, perform trial installation assemblies with a standard socket wrench or a torque wrench. These trial coupling assemblies shall meet the visual inspection requirements and required torque value for the coupling being installed. After visual installation requirements are achieved, measure the torque applied to each nut with a torque wrench. Using the torque value measured, select an impact wrench with a torque output or torque output setting that conforms to the measured value but does not exceed the bolt torque values specified in the applicable product's installation instructions.

A torque wrench or equivalent is required to complete proper assembly of AGS products. Following initial assembly with an impact wrench, the required torque shall be applied to each set of hardware, as detailed in the product's installation instructions.

Selection of an Impact Wrench:

Impact Wrenches with Single Output Torque – Selection of an impact wrench with an output torque considerably higher than the required installation torque could result in hardware and/or coupling damage due to the possibility of hardware over-torque. Under no circumstances shall an impact wrench be selected for use that has a torque output setting that exceeds the bolt torque values specified in the applicable product's installation instructions.

Impact Wrenches with Multiple Output Torque Settings – If an impact wrench with multiple output torque settings is selected, the impact wrench shall have at least one torque setting that satisfies the above requirements for an "Impact Wrench with Single Output Torque."

Use of impact wrenches with excessive output torques creates installation difficulties for the installer due to the tool's unmanageable rotational speed and power. Using the same method above, periodically check nut torque on coupling assemblies throughout the system installation process.

For safe and proper use of impact wrenches, always refer to the impact wrench manufacturer's operating instructions. In addition, verify that proper impact grade sockets are being used for coupling installation.

WARNING

Failure to follow instructions for tightening hardware could result in:

- · Bolt damage or fracture
- Damaged or broken bolt pads or fractures to housings
- Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

TORQUE WRENCH SELECTION

A torque wrench shall be selected with a torque range that is in accordance with the required bolt torque for the applicable product being installed. For 14 – 24-inch/DN350 – DN600 sizes, a manual torque wrench may be used. Victaulic recommends pneumatic or hydraulic torque wrenches for sizes larger than 24 inch/DN600. The selected torque wrench shall be certified and calibrated in accordance with a recognized national standard. Always refer to the instructions supplied with the torque wrench for proper usage and selection of desired torque value.



INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

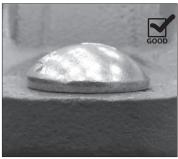
WARNING



- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may have been isolated for/ during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- Always reference the operating and maintenance manual for the applicable pipe preparation tool and the specific product instructions in this handbook for complete safety and operating/installation requirements.
- When joining pipe of the same size but different wall thicknesses/schedules, the
 joint rating will be based on the pressure rating of the thinner-wall pipe.
- The mating components' outside diameter ("OD"), groove dimensions, and maximum allowable flare diameter shall be within the tolerances published in current Victaulic groove specifications.
- Always check gasket material grade to verify that it is suitable for the intended service.
- When an assembly torque value is specified for coupling installation, the torque SHALL be applied to the nuts to achieve proper installation. Torque beyond the specified values will not improve sealing. Exceeding the specified torque by more than 10% may cause product damage, resulting in joint failure and property damage.
- Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation of AGS Couplings. Deep-well sockets provide full nut engagement during tightening.
- Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats proper in the bolt hole, as shown below.



GOOD BOLT ENGAGEMENT (OVAL NECK OF EACH BOLT IS SEATED PROPERLY IN THE BOLT HOLE)



BAD BOLT ENGAGEMENT (OVAL NECK OF BOLT IS NOT SEATED PROPERLY IN THE BOLT HOLE)

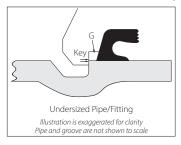
INSTALLATION INSPECTION

WARNING

- Always inspect each joint to verify proper product installation.
- Undersized or oversized pipes/fittings, shallow grooves, eccentric grooves, bolt pad gaps, etc. are unacceptable. Any of these conditions shall be corrected before attempting to pressurize the system.

Failure to follow these instructions could cause joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

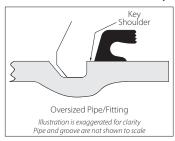
Installations with Undersized Pipe/Fittings - NOT ACCEPTABLE



When the OD of the pipe or fitting is below tolerance, engagement of the housings' key sections is lowered considerably.
THIS RESULTS IN REDUCED WORKING PRESSURE FOR THE JOINT.

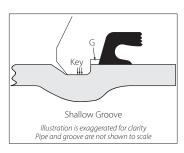
Additionally, there is little or no added compression of the gasket. The increased gap "G" between the pipe and the housing may also result in gasket extrusion. These factors can contribute to reduced gasket life, joint leakage, and property damage.

Installations with Oversized Pipe/Fittings - NOT ACCEPTABLE



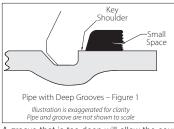
When the OD of the pipe or fitting exceeds the allowable tolerance, engagement of the housings' key sections is increased to the point that the shoulder can grip onto the pipe and can result in reduced linear or angular movement. Under these conditions, metal-to-metal bolt pad contact may not be achieved, the gasket may become extruded, the working pressure of the joint may be reduced, and gasket life may be reduced.

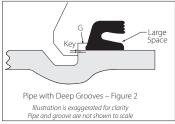
Installations on Pipe with Shallow Grooves - NOT ACCEPTABLE



A groove that is shallow (not deep enough) will have the same effect as the conditions described in the "Installations with Undersized Pipes/Fittings" section above. In addition, this condition may prevent metal-to-metal bolt pad contact from being achieved, resulting in joint failure and property damage. If the groove is shallow (not deep enough), re-groove the pipe to Victaulic specifications by following the instructions in the applicable pipe preparation tool's operating and maintenance manual.

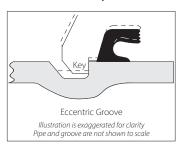
Installations on Pipe with Deep Grooves - NOT ACCEPTABLE





A groove that is too deep will allow the coupling to shift so that one housing will have full key engagement (Figure 1 above) and the other housing will have significantly reduced key engagement (Figure 2 above). This will have the same effect as the conditions described in the "Installations with Undersized Pipe/Fittings" section. Additionally, roll grooving pipe to an undersized dimension may overstress and weaken the pipe wall. Cut grooving pipe to an undersized dimension will result in insufficient wall thickness under the groove. If the groove is too deep, discard that section of pipe and groove another section to Victaulic specifications.

Installations on Pipe with Eccentric Grooves - NOT ACCEPTABLE



An eccentric groove is a groove that is too shallow on one side and too deep on the other side. Generally, eccentric grooves occur when out-of-round pipe is grooved with a stationary tool bit, such as the case with a lathe, and they can also occur when roll grooving pipe with large wall thickness variations. Eccentric grooves may lead to a combination of the conditions outlined in the "Installations with Oversized Pipes/Fittings" section and the "Installations on Pipes with Shallow Grooves" section.

Bolt Pad Gaps – NOT ACCEPTABLE

Always refer to the instructions in this handbook for the applicable product. Unless stated otherwise in the specific product's installation instructions, Victaulic grooved pipe couplings **SHALL** be assembled with metal-to-metal bolt pad contact, and any specified torque values shall be achieved at each set of hardware. Any questions regarding an installation should be directed to Victaulic (scan the QR code on the back cover of this handbook for a listing of locations and contact information).

If the bolt pads are not in metal-to-metal contact:

- Verify that the hardware has been tightened evenly by alternating bolt pad locations, in accordance with the instructions in this handbook for the applicable product.
- Verify that the coupling keys are engaged with the grooves. Coupling keys shall not rest on the outside surface of the pipe.
- Verify that the gasket has not fallen/shifted into the grooves in the pipe/Vic-Ring.
- Verify that the gasket is not pinched at the bolt pad locations. Pinched gaskets shall be replaced immediately.
- Verify that oversized pipe or fittings were not used (reference the "Installation with Oversized Pipe/Fittings" section on the previous page).
- Verify that the grooves conform to Victaulic specifications (reference the "Installations on Pipe with Shallow Grooves, Installations on Pipe with Deep Grooves, and Installations on Pipe with Eccentric Grooves" sections above and on the previous page).



SYSTEM TESTING

System testing shall be in accordance with any jobsite requirements and any local or national codes and requirements.

Always re-inspect joints before and after the field test to identify points of improper installation. Look for gaps at the bolt pads and/or keys that ride up on the shoulders. If any of these conditions exist, depressurize the system and replace any questionable joints.

NOTICE

- A SUCCESSFUL INITIAL SYSTEM PRESSURE TEST DOES NOT VALIDATE PROPER INSTALLATION AND IS NOT A GUARANTEE OF LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE.
- Victaulic will not assume any liability for pipe joint leakage or failure that may result from an installer's failure to follow installation instructions.
- As with any pipe joining method, success is determined by close attention to details. Careful adherence to the instructions found in this handbook is critical to ensure maximum system reliability.

EUROPEAN ATEX DIRECTIVE

For applications involving compliance with the European ATEX Directive, the following "NOTICE" applies.

NOTICE

Stainless Steel Rigid Couplings Installed with Stainless Steel Pipe and Fittings

Galvanized Rigid Couplings Installed with Galvanized and Uncoated Steel Pipe and Galvanized Fittings

- When used in applications where the atmosphere is potentially combustible, Victaulic's product installation instructions shall be strictly followed to ensure that the couplings are engaged properly in the pipe grooves and that the housings are assembled with full metal-to-metal bolt pad contact.
- Electrical conductivity shall be checked routinely (electrostatic resistance not to exceed 10⁶ Ohm when measured across a properly installed pipe-to-pipe or pipeto-fitting joint).



REQUIRED TOOLS AND SUPPLIES FOR INSTALLATION

Confirm that the correct quantity of applicable hardware and housings has been supplied for the connection being made. Inspect gasket size, gasket material grade, and hardware size to verify suitability for the intended service.

The following tools and supplies are required for all AGS Coupling and Flange Adapter installations.

- PPE Required by Jobsite (hardhat, leather gloves, safety glasses, steel-toe shoes)
- Victaulic Lubricant or Other Compatible Lubricant
- Appropriate Bolt Thread Lubricant
- · Brushes for Lubrication
- Deep-Well Impact Sockets
- Long-Handle Ratchet Wrench
- Torque Wrench Victaulic recommends a hydraulic or pneumatic torque wrench for 24-inch/DN600 and larger sizes (refer to the "Torque Wrench Selection" section in this handbook)
- Reaction/Slugging Wrench (when using studs in place of oval neck track bolts)
- Towels (for cleaning gasket and gasket pocket, as needed)
- Water Bottle (for misting lubricated gaskets in hot environments, as needed)

In addition to the above list, the following tools and supplies are required for installation of all 24-inch/DN600 and larger AGS Couplings.

- Lifting Beam/Spreader Bar (Lifting beam/spreader bar shall be wider than the coupling's "Y" dimension listed in the "Product Data" section of this handbook)
- Lifting Slings/Straps (Verify that the rating of the lifting slings/straps and rigging method is greater than the lifting capacity listed on the coupling housings)
- Screw-Pin Shackles
 - Style W07/W77 Couplings in 26 50-inch/DN650 DN1250 sizes have a 1-inch/25-mm diameter lifting lug hole (1-inch/25-mm minimum shackle opening width required)
 - Style W77B Couplings in 54 88-inch/DN1350 DN2200 sizes have a 1½-inch/32-mm diameter lifting lug hole (1-inch/25-mm minimum shackle opening width required)
 - Style W77B Couplings in 94 100-inch/DN2350 DN2500 sizes have a 1%6-inch/40-mm diameter lifting lug hole (1¼-inch/32-mm minimum shackle opening width required)

Advanced Groove System (AGS) Couplings for AGS Direct-Grooved Pipe or AGS *Vic-Ring* Applications

Installation Instructions



Style W07 - 495 Rigid Coupling (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes)

Style LW07 - 495 Rigid Coupling (14 – 16-inch/DN350 – DN400 Sizes)

Style W77 - 495 Flexible Coupling (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes)

Style W89 - 495 Rigid Coupling for Direct-Grooved Stainless Steel Pipe or Carbon Steel Pipe Prepared with AGS Vic-Rings (24-inch/DN600 and Smaller Sizes)



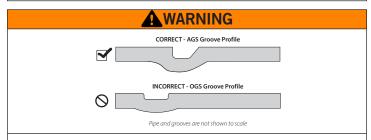
- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- . Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

The following installation steps feature photos of a Style W07/LW07 AGS Rigid Coupling on AGS direct-grooved pipe. Note that the same steps apply to installation of the following:

- . Style W77 AGS Flexible Couplings on AGS direct-grooved pipe
- Installation of Style W07 and W77 Couplings on pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings
- Style W89 AGS Rigid Couplings on AGS direct-grooved stainless steel pipe
- Installation of Style W89 AGS Rigid Couplings on carbon steel pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings



 DO NOT attempt to assemble Style W07/LW07, W77, or W89 AGS Couplings on pipe that is direct-grooved with OGS roll sets.

Failure to follow this instruction will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

STYLE W07/LW07, W77, and W89 COUPLINGS HAVE A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.



1. PREPARE PIPE: Prepare the pipe by following the appropriate "Pipe End Inspection and Preparation" section on pages 2 – 4 in this handbook. Support both pipe lengths securely. Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.

ACAUTION

• A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of each coupling housing to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



2a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



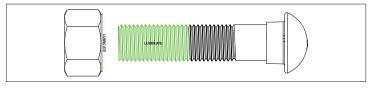
2b. LUBRICATE GASKET AND HOUSINGS: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant, Victaulic Lubricant or silicone grease, to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of both coupling housings (silicone spray is not a compatible lubricant).



3. POSITION GASKET: Position the gasket over the prepared pipe end. Verify that no portion of the gasket overhangs the prepared pipe end.



4. JOIN PREPARED PIPE ENDS: Align and bring the two prepared pipe ends to within the appropriate pipe end separation dimension. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove in each prepared pipe end. Verify that the gasket does not extend into the groove of either prepared pipe end at any point throughout the installation. The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe ends. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe ends.



5. LUBRICATE BOLT THREADS: At the time of hardware installation, apply a thin coat of Victaulic Lubricant or equivalent bolt thread lubricant to the bolt threads, as indicated above. **NOTE:** If stainless steel hardware is special ordered, apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt threads in the same manner indicated above.



ACAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause damage to the gasket, resulting in joint leakage.



6a. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys completely engage the groove in each prepared pipe end. Maintain support of the housings while preparing to install the lubricated bolts and nuts.

6b. INSTALL BOLTS/NUTS: Install the lubricated bolts, and thread a nut onto each bolt. **NOTE:** Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.





7. TIGHTEN NUTS: Tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps during tightening. Continue to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved. Refer to the applicable "Required Torque" and "Helpful Information" tables on the following page. NOTE: It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching. Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer bolt lengths associated with these couplings.

TO PREVENT LUBRICATION FROM DRYING OUT AND CAUSING GASKET PINCHING, ALWAYS BRING THE BOLT PADS INTO METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IMMEDIATELY AFTER ASSEMBLING THE COUPLING ONTO THE PREPARED PIPE ENDS.

WARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until both conditions of metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved.
- Always bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact immediately after assembling the coupling onto prepared pipe ends.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to follow instructions for tightening coupling hardware could result in:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death







8. Visually inspect the bolt pads at each joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section, in accordance with step 7 on the previous page.

Style W07/LW07 and W77 Required Torque

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
14 – 18	14.000 – 18.000	250 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN450	355.6 – 457.2	340 N•m
	14.843 – 24.803	250 ft-lbs
	377.0 – 630.0	340 N•m
20 – 24	20.000 – 24.000	375 ft-lbs
DN500 – DN600	508.0 – 609.6	500 N•m

Style W07/LW07 and W77 Helpful Information

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/Nuts	Nut Size inches/Metric	Socket Size inches/mm
14 – 18 DN350 – DN450	14.000 – 18.000 355.6 – 457.2	2	1 M24	1
	14.843 – 24.803 377.0 – 630.0		1 M24	1
20 – 24 DN500 – DN600	20.000 – 24.000 508.0 – 609.6	2	1 1/8 M27	1 ¹³ ⁄16 41

Style W89 Required Torque

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
14 – 24	14.000 – 24.000	375 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN600	355.6 – 609.6	500 N•m

Style W89 Helpful Information

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/Nuts		Socket Size inches/mm
14 – 24	14.000 – 24.000	2	1 1/8	1 ¹³ ⁄16
DN350 – DN600	355.6 – 609.6	_	M27	41



Style W07 - 49 Rigid Coupling (26 – 50-inch/DN650 – DN1250 Sizes)

Style W77 - 49 Flexible Coupling (26 – 50-inch/DN650 – DN1250 Sizes)

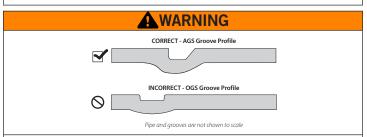
Style W77N - 49 Flexible Coupling (54 – 60-inch/DN1350 – DN1500 Sizes)

- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

 The following installation steps feature photos of a Style W07 AGS Rigid Coupling on AGS direct-grooved pipe. Note that the same steps apply to installation of Style W77/W77N AGS Flexible Couplings on AGS direct-grooved pipe and installation of Style W07 and W77/W77N Couplings on pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings.



- DO NOT attempt to assemble Style W07 or Style W77/W77N AGS Couplings on pipe that is direct-grooved with OGS roll sets.
- Due to the weight of the coupling housings, mechanical lifting equipment shall be used. Lifting lugs are provided on the coupling housings to aid in assembly.

Failure to follow these instructions will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

STYLE W07 AND W77/W77N COUPLINGS HAVE A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.



1. PREPARE PIPE: Prepare the pipe by following the appropriate "Pipe End Inspection and Preparation" section on pages 2 – 4 in this handbook. Support both pipe lengths securely. Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.

ACAUTION

 A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of each coupling housing to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.



2a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.



2b. LUBRICATE GASKET AND HOUSINGS:

Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant, Victaulic Lubricant or silicone grease, to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of both coupling housings (silicone spray is not a compatible lubricant).

NOTICE

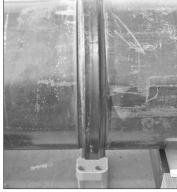
- When the gasket is positioned over the prepared pipe end, the gasket sealing lips shall maintain full circumferential contact with the pipe.
- The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe end. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe end.
- A gasket that does not fit snug to the outside diameter of the prepared pipe end shall be replaced with a new gasket prior to installation of the coupling housings.



3. POSITION GASKET: Position the gasket over the prepared pipe end. Verify that no portion of the gasket overhangs the prepared pipe end.

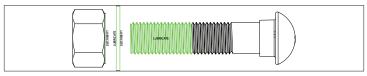






4a. MOVE LOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY INTO POSITION: Move the lower segment assembly into position underneath the prepared pipe ends.

4b. JOIN PREPARED PIPE ENDS: Align and bring the two prepared pipe ends to within the appropriate pipe end separation dimension. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove in each prepared pipe end. Verify that the gasket does not extend into the groove of either prepared pipe end at any point throughout the installation. **The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe ends. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe ends.**



5. LUBRICATE BOLT THREADS: At the time of hardware installation, apply a thin coat of Victaulic Lubricant or equivalent bolt thread lubricant to the bolt threads, as indicated above. NOTE: If stainless steel hardware is special ordered, apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt threads in the same manner indicated above.

ACAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause damage to the gasket, resulting in joint leakage.



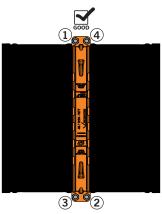


6. INSTALL HOUSINGS: Using a strapping method, similar to the examples shown above with a lubricated bolt installed in each bolt hole, install the housings over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys completely engage the groove in each prepared pipe end. Maintain support of the housings while preparing to install the flat washers and nuts.





7. INSTALL FLAT WASHERS/NUTS: Install a flat washer onto the end of each bolt, and thread a nut onto each bolt. NOTE: Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.



REPEAT THE TIGHTENING SEQUENCE SHOWN ABOVE UNTIL THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS IN STEP 8 BELOW ARE ACHIEVED.





8. TIGHTEN NUTS: Tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps during tightening (refer to tightening sequence shown above). Continue to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved. Refer to the "Required Torque" and "Helpful Information" tables on the following page. NOTE: It is important to tighten the nuts evenly by alternating sides to prevent gasket pinching. Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer bolt lengths associated with these couplings.

TO PREVENT LUBRICATION FROM DRYING OUT AND CAUSING GASKET PINCHING, ALWAYS BRING THE BOLT PADS INTO METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IMMEDIATELY AFTER ASSEMBLING THE COUPLING ONTO PREPARED PIPE ENDS.





- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps, until both conditions of metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved.
- Always bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact immediately after assembling the coupling onto prepared pipe ends.
- Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to follow instructions for tightening coupling hardware could result in:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- · A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death





Visually inspect the bolt pads at each joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section, in accordance with step 8 on the previous page.

Required Torque

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
26 – 28	26.000 – 28.000	375 ft-lbs
DN650 – DN700	660.4 – 711.2	500 N•m
30 – 38	30.000 – 38.000	500 ft-lbs
DN750 – DN950	762.0 – 965.0	678 N•m
40 – 60	40.000 – 60.000	600 ft-lbs
DN1000 – DN1500	1016.0 – 1524.0	814 N•m

Helpful Information

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/Nuts/ Washers	Nut Size inches/Metric	Socket Size inches/mm
26 – 28	26.000 – 28.000	4	1 1/8	1 ¹³ ⁄16
DN650 – DN700	660.4 – 711.2		M27	41
30 – 38	30.000 – 38.000	4	1 ¼	2
DN750 – DN950	762.0 – 965.0		M30	46
40 – 60	40.000 - 60.000	4	1 ½	2¾
DN1000 – DN1500	1016.0 - 1524.0		M36	55



WARNING









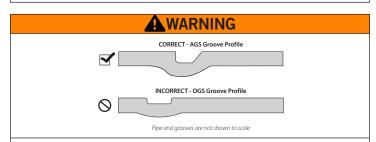


- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

- The following installation steps feature photos of a Style W77N AGS Flexible Coupling on AGS direct-grooved pipe. Note that the same steps apply to installation of Style W77N AGS Flexible Couplings on pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings.
- Style W77N Couplings for 62-inch/DN1550 and larger sizes are cast in four segments for ease of handling.



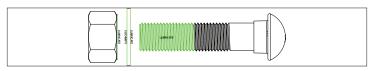
- DO NOT attempt to assemble Style W77N AGS Couplings on pipe that is directgrooved with OGS roll sets.
- Due to the weight of the coupling housings, mechanical lifting equipment shall be used. Lifting lugs are provided on the coupling housings to aid in assembly.
 Failure to follow these instructions will cause improper assembly and joint failure,

resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

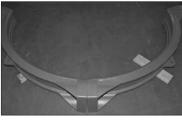
STYLE W77N COUPLINGS HAVE A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.

1. PREPARE PIPE: Prepare the pipe by following the appropriate "Pipe End Inspection and Preparation" section on pages 2-4 in this handbook. Support both pipe lengths securely. Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.





2. At the time of hardware installation, apply a thin coat of Victaulic Lubricant or equivalent bolt thread lubricant to the bolt threads, as indicated above. **NOTE:** If stainless steel hardware is special ordered, apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt threads in the same manner indicated above.





3. ASSEMBLE SEGMENTS: Assemble segments into two equal halves. During assembly, verify that the housings' keys are in alignment before tightening hardware. Install a lubricated bolt into each hole location at the bolt pads. Install a lubricated flat washer onto the end of each bolt, and thread a lubricated nut onto each bolt. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Tighten the nuts until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. NOTE: For the segment assembly that will be installed on top of the piping, back the nuts off a full turn to provide spacing between the bolt pads, making a loosened segment assembly.

ACAUTION

 A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of each coupling housing to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





4a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

4b. LUBRICATE GASKET AND HOUSINGS: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant, Victaulic Lubricant or silicone grease, to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of each coupling housing (silicone spray is not a compatible lubricant). Apply extra lubricant to the bolt pad mating areas.

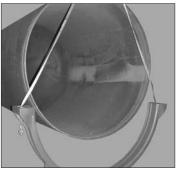
NOTICE

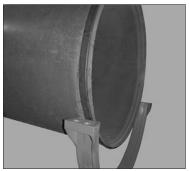
- Reference each individual step on the following pages for details regarding when to apply lubrication to individual components.
- Depending on site conditions, lubrication steps may be altered to prevent dirt and debris from accumulating on components and/or becoming trapped in lubricant.



NOTICE

- When the gasket is positioned over the prepared pipe end, the gasket sealing lips shall maintain full circumferential contact. The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe end. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe end.
- A gasket that does not fit snug to the outside diameter of the prepared pipe end shall be replaced with a new gasket prior to installation of the coupling housings.





5a. MOVE LOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY INTO POSITION: Using a strapping method similar to the one shown above, move the lower, fully-tightened segment assembly into position underneath the prepared pipe end. Verify that the position of the lower segment assembly is low enough to clear the gasket during final assembly.

5b. POSITION GASKET: Position the gasket over the prepared pipe end. Verify that no portion of the gasket overhangs the prepared pipe end.

NOTICE

 Upon removal of the lifting straps, verify that the lower segment assembly is properly blocked or braced to prevent the assembly from falling over. This can be accomplished by temporarily routing a strap from one bolt pad or lifting lug up and over the pipe segment to the other bolt pad or lifting lug.





6. JOIN PREPARED PIPE ENDS: Align and bring the two prepared pipe ends to within the appropriate pipe end separation dimension. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove in each prepared pipe end. Verify that the gasket does not extend into the groove of either prepared pipe end at any point throughout the installation. The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe ends. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe ends. Verify that a thin, even coat of lubricant is applied to all required gasket surfaces.

NOTICE

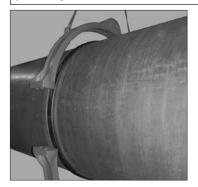
 If internal access to the piping is possible, check for gasket centering at the pipe gap. Follow all jobsite requirements for working safely in confined spaces.



ACAUTION

 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause damage to the gasket, resulting in joint leakage.



7a. LUBRICATE UPPER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Apply a thin coating of a compatible lubricant to the interior surfaces of the upper segment assembly (refer to steps 4a and 4b on page 50).

7b. INSTALL UPPER, LOOSENED SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Using a strapping method similar to what is shown to the left, install the upper, loosened segment assembly over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys maintain alignment with the groove of each prepared pipe end.

NOTICE



- If installation of the upper segment assembly causes the gasket to sag, verify that the gasket and housings' interiors have been lubricated properly.
- In addition, the bolt pad locations at the spring-line of the pipe (3 & 9 o'clock positions) may be pulled open after placement of the upper segment assembly. Ensure gasket freely moves back into position, resulting in full contact with the bottom of the pipe.
- To help reduce the chance of gasket pinching, verify that the rigging method provides an outward pull on the lower segment assembly.
- If gasket pinching occurs as the lower segment assembly is being raised, the gasket shall be replaced before proceeding any further with installation.



8a. LUBRICATE LOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Apply a thin coating of a compatible lubricant to the interior surfaces of the lower segment assembly (refer to steps 4a and 4b on page 50).

8b. POSITION AND RAISE THE LOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Using a strapping method similar to what is shown to the left, slide coupling into position under gasket and then raise the lower segment assembly into position. Use caution to prevent damage to the gasket when sliding the lower segment assembly into position. Verify that the housings' keys completely engage the groove in each prepared pipe end. Maintain support of the housings while preparing to install the remaining sets of hardware.







9. INSTALL BOLTS/FLAT WASHERS/NUTS: Install a lubricated bolt into each hole location at the two remaining bolt pads. Install a lubricated flat washer onto the end of each bolt, and thread a lubricated nut onto each bolt (refer to step 2 on page 50 for lubrication requirements). Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole.

10a. START WITH TIGHTENING HARDWARE AT THE HORIZONTAL BOLT PAD LOCATIONS: Starting at the horizontal bolt pad locations where the hardware was just installed in the previous step, tighten the nuts evenly by alternating between the two horizontal bolt pad locations until a ¼ – ½-inch gap is present between the bolt pads.

10b. CONTINUE WITH TIGHTENING AND APPLYING TORQUE TO HARDWARE AT THE NON-HORIZONTAL BOLT PAD LOCATIONS: Continue by tightening the hardware at non-horizontal bolt pad locations evenly until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact **AND** the specified torque value are achieved. Refer to the "Required Torque and Helpful Information" table on the following page.

10c. FINISH TIGHTENING AND APPLYING TORQUE TO HARDWARE AT THE HORIZONTAL BOLT PAD LOCATIONS: Finish by tightening the hardware at the horizontal bolt pad locations evenly until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved. Refer to the "Required Torque and Helpful Information" table on the following page.

NOTE: It is important to tighten all nuts evenly by alternating bolt pad locations to prevent gasket pinching and to prevent the housings from coming out of the groove. Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer bolt lengths associated with these products.

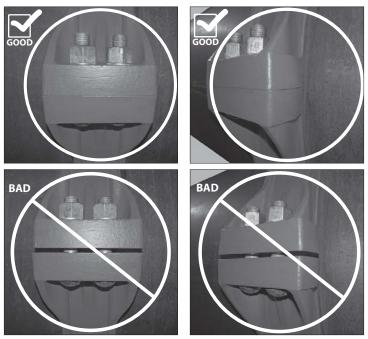
TO PREVENT LUBRICATION FROM DRYING OUT AND CAUSING GASKET PINCHING, ALWAYS BRING THE BOLT PADS INTO METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IMMEDIATELY AFTER ASSEMBLING THE COUPLING ONTO PREPARED PIPE ENDS.



- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating all bolt pad locations, in the sequence listed in these instructions, until both conditions of metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved at each bolt pad location.
- Always bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact immediately after assembling the coupling onto the prepared pipe ends.
- . Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to follow instructions for tightening coupling hardware could result in:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- . Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- Personal injury or death



11. Visually inspect the bolt pads at each joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved across the entire bolt pad section, in accordance with step 10c on the previous page.

Required Torque and Helpful Information

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque	Number of Bolts/Nuts/ Washers		Socket Size inches/ mm
62 – 72 DN1550 – DN1800	62.000 – 72.000 1574.8 – 1828.8		8	1½ M36	2¾ 55



WARNING











- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

NOTICE

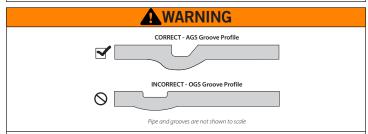
- The following installation steps feature images of a 66-inch/DN1650 Style W77B AGS Flexible Coupling on AGS direct-grooved pipe. Note that the same steps apply to installation of 78-inch/DN1950 and larger sizes of Style W77B AGS Flexible Couplings on pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings.
- Style W77B Couplings for 54 88-inch/DN1350 DN2200 sizes are cast in four segments for ease of handling.
- Style W77B Couplings for 90-inch/DN2250 and larger sizes are cast in six segments for ease of handling.

FOR STYLE W77B COUPLINGS FOR 54 - 72-INCH/DN1350 - DN1800 SIZES:

 Style W77B Couplings FOR 54 – 72-inch/DN1350 – DN1800 sizes are designed to be installed on AGS direct-grooved pipe OR on pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings.

FOR STYLE W77B COUPLINGS FOR 78-INCH/DN1950 AND LARGER SIZES:

 Style W77B Couplings for 78-inch/DN1950 and larger sizes are designed to be installed ONLY on pipe prepared with AGS Vic-Rings.



- DO NOT attempt to assemble Style W77B Couplings on pipe that is directgrooved with OGS roll sets.
- Due to the weight of the coupling housings, mechanical lifting equipment shall be used. Lifting lugs are provided on the coupling housings to aid in assembly.

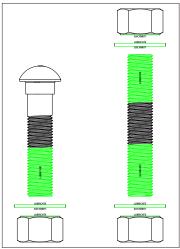
Failure to follow these instructions will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



STYLE W77B COUPLINGS HAVE A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.



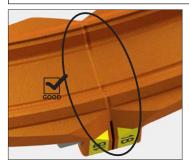
1. PREPARE PIPE: Prepare the pipe by following the appropriate "Pipe End Inspection and Preparation" section on pages 2 – 4 in this handbook. Support both pipe lengths securely. Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.



2. At the time of hardware installation, apply a thin coat of Victaulic Lubricant or equivalent bott thread lubricant to the bolt or stud threads, as indicated to the left. NOTE: If stainless steel hardware is special ordered, apply an anti-seize compound to the bolt or stud threads in the same manner indicated to the left.

NOTICE

 The housings are marked with a number/letter and color combination on each bolt pad. During installation, the housings' bolt pads shall be mated so that the number/letter and color combinations are matched.





3. ASSEMBLE SEGMENTS: Assemble segments into two equal halves. During assembly, verify that the housings' keys are in alignment before tightening hardware (refer to images above for examples of proper and improper alignment).



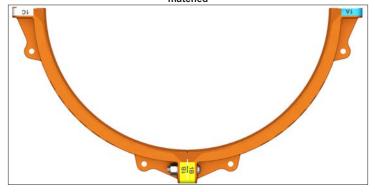
FOR COUPLINGS SUPPLIED WITH OVAL NECK TRACK BOLTS: Install a lubricated bolt into each hole location at the bolt pads. Install a lubricated flat washer onto the end of each bolt, and thread a lubricated nut onto each bolt. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Tighten the nuts until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. NOTE: For the segment assembly that will be installed on top of the piping, back the nuts off a full turn to provide spacing between the bolt pads, making a loosened segment assembly.

FOR COUPLINGS SUPPLIED WITH STUDS: Insert a lubricated stud into each hole location at the bolt pads. Install a lubricated flat washer onto the ends of each stud, and thread a lubricated nut onto the ends of each stud. Tighten the nuts until metal-to-metal contact occurs at the bolt pads. NOTE: For the segment assembly that will be installed on top of the piping, back the nuts off a full turn to provide spacing between the bolt pads, making a loosened segment assembly (for 90-inch/DN2250 and larger sizes, verify that the nuts are backed off a full turn at both bolt pad locations).

Upper segment assembly shown below with nuts backed off a full turn and bolt pads mated with number/letter and color combinations matched



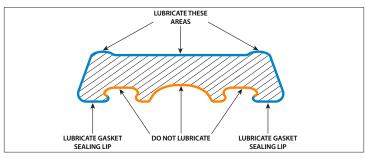
Bottom segment assembly shown below with metal-to-metal contact at bolt pads and bolt pads mated with number/letter and color combinations matched

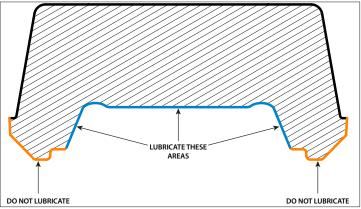


CAUTION

 A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips, gasket exterior, and the interior surface of each coupling housing to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.





Gasket and Housing Cross Sections are Exaggerated for Clarity

4a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

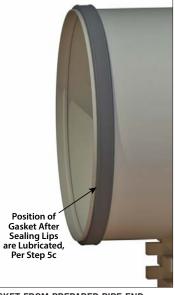
4b. REFER TO IMAGES ABOVE FOR AREAS OF THE GASKET AND COUPLING HOUSINGS THAT REQUIRE LUBRICATION: Reference each individual step on the following pages for details regarding when to apply lubrication to individual components. Depending on site conditions, lubrication steps may be altered to prevent dirt and debris from accumulating on components and/or becoming trapped in lubricant. A thin coat of a compatible lubricant, Victaulic Lubricant or silicone grease, is required for the areas of the gasket and coupling housings noted above (silicone spray is not a compatible lubricant).



NOTICE

- When the gasket is positioned over the prepared pipe end, the gasket sealing lips shall maintain full circumferential contact. The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe end. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe end.
- In warmer climates, if the gasket is left exposed on the prepared pipe end for an extended period of time, the gasket may expand and sag. Installation shall not continue if a sag is present. The gasket shall be removed and placed in a controlled environment for reuse at a later time.
- A gasket that does not fit snug to the outside diameter of the prepared pipe end shall be replaced with a new gasket prior to installation of the coupling housings.





5a. FOR EASE OF LUBRICATION, HANG GASKET FROM PREPARED PIPE END: Lubricate the exposed gasket sealing lip with a compatible lubricant (refer to steps 4a and 4b on the previous page). Prevent the gasket from contacting dirt and debris.

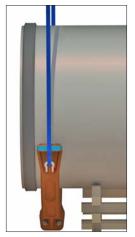
5b. RE-POSITION GASKET ON PREPARED PIPE END TO EXPOSE OPPOSITE GASKET SEALING LIP: Lubricate the exposed gasket sealing lip with a compatible lubricant (refer to steps 4a and 4b on the previous page). Prevent the gasket from contacting dirt and debris.

5c. POSITION GASKET COMPLETELY OVER PREPARED PIPE END: After both sealing lips are lubricated, position the gasket completely over the prepared pipe end. Verify that no portion of the gasket overhangs the prepared pipe end.



NOTICE

 Verify that the position of the lower segment assembly is low enough to clear the gasket during final assembly, as shown below.



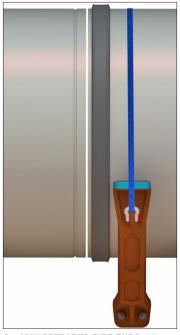


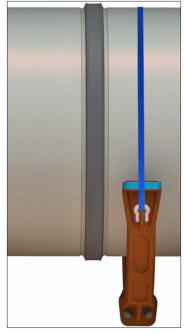
5d. MOVE LOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY INTO POSITION: Using a strapping method similar to what is shown to the left, move the lower, fully-tightened segment assembly into position underneath the prepared pipe end.

NOTICE



 Upon removal of the lifting straps, verify that the lower segment assembly is properly blocked or braced to prevent the assembly from falling over. This can be accomplished by temporarily routing a strap from one bolt pad or lifting lug up and over the pipe segment to the other bolt pad or lifting lug.





6a. JOIN PREPARED PIPE ENDS: Align and bring the two prepared pipe ends to within the appropriate pipe end separation dimension. Slide the gasket into position and center it between the groove in each prepared pipe end. Verify that the gasket does not extend into the groove of either prepared pipe end at any point throughout the installation. **The gasket shall fit snug to the prepared pipe ends. No gaps/sags shall be present between the gasket sealing lips and outside diameter of the prepared pipe ends.**

6b. LUBRICATE REMAINING AREAS OF GASKET: Verify that a thin, even coat is applied to all required gasket surfaces (refer to step 4b on page 58 and steps 5a and 5b on page 59).

NOTICE

- If internal access to the piping is possible, check for gasket centering at the pipe gap. Follow all jobsite requirements for working safely in confined spaces.
- If the gasket contains a white centerline, verify that the centerline is located between the prepared pipe ends around the entire circumference.

CAUTION

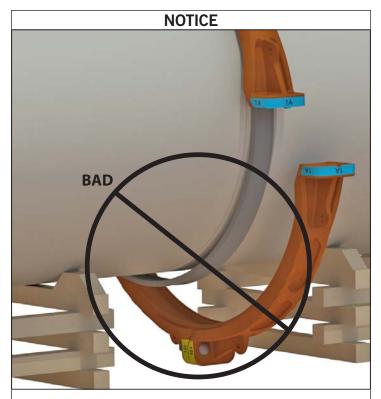
 Verify that the gasket does not become rolled or pinched while installing the housings.

Failure to follow this instruction could cause damage to the gasket, resulting in joint leakage.

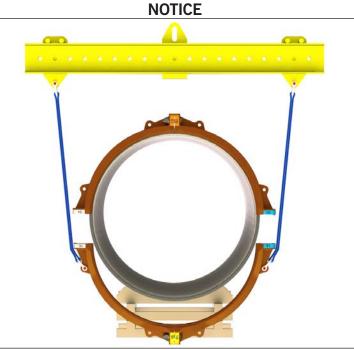


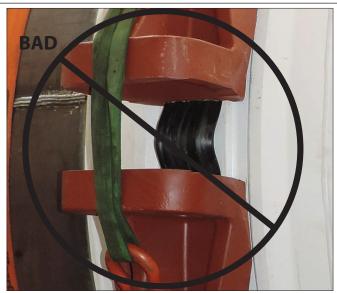
7a. LUBRICATE UPPER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Apply a thin coating of a compatible lubricant to the interior surfaces of the upper segment assembly (refer to step 4b on page 58).

7b. INSTALL UPPER, LOOSENED SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Using a strapping method similar to what is shown above, install the upper, loosened segment assembly over the gasket. Verify that the housings' keys maintain alignment with the groove of each prepared pipe end.



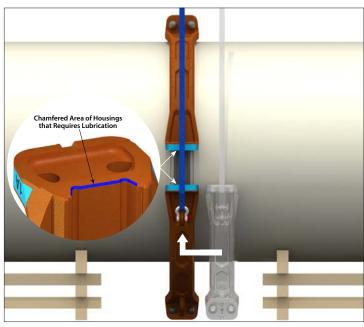
- If installation of the upper segment assembly causes the gasket to sag, verify that the gasket's exterior and housings' interiors have been lubricated properly.
- In addition, the bolt pad locations at the spring-line of the pipe
 (3 & 9 o'clock positions) may be pulled open after placement of the upper segment assembly. Ensure gasket freely moves back into position, resulting in full contact with the bottom of the pipe.
- Refer to the "Troubleshooting" section on pages 73 74.

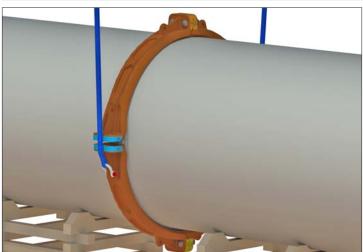




- To help reduce the chance of gasket pinching, verify that the rigging method, such as use of a spreader bar or lifting beam, provides an outward pull on the lower segment assembly.
- If gasket pinching occurs as the lower segment assembly is being raised, the gasket shall be replaced before proceeding any further with installation.
- \bullet Refer to the "Troubleshooting" section on pages 73 74.







8a. LUBRICATE LOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Apply a thin coating of a compatible lubricant to the interior surfaces of the lower segment assembly (refer to step 4b on page 58). In addition, apply a thin coating of a compatible lubricant to the housings' chamfer at the bolt pad mating areas (refer to photo at top of page for details).

8b. POSITION AND RAISE THE LOWER SEGMENT ASSEMBLY: Using a spreader bar or equivalent rigging method to facilitate lifting, slide coupling into position under gasket and then raise the lower segment assembly into position. Use caution to prevent damage to the gasket when sliding the lower segment assembly into position. Verify that the housings' keys completely engage the groove in each prepared pipe end and that the gasket remains centered between the groove in each prepared pipe end. Maintain support of the housings while preparing to install the remaining sets of hardware.







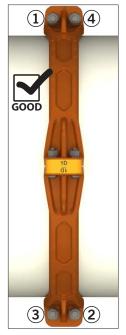
9a. FOR COUPLINGS SUPPLIED WITH OVAL NECK TRACK BOLTS: Install a lubricated bolt into each hole location at the two remaining bolt pads. Install a lubricated flat washer onto the end of each bolt, and thread a lubricated nut onto each bolt. Verify that the oval neck of each bolt seats properly in the bolt hole. Refer to step 2 on page 56 for lubrication requirements.

9b. FOR COUPLINGS SUPPLIED WITH STUDS: Insert a lubricated stud into each hole location at the two remaining bolt pads. Install a lubricated flat washer onto the ends of each stud, and thread a lubricated nut onto the ends of each stud. Refer to step 2 on page 56 for lubrication requirements.

NOTICE

FOR COUPLINGS SUPPLIED WITH STUDS:

 It is important to maintain roughly the same amount of threads exposed at each nut. Refer to the image on page 72 for examples of proper and improper thread engagement.



Top View Shown



Top View Shown

10a. START WITH
TIGHTENING HARDWARE
AT THE HORIZONTAL BOLT
PAD LOCATIONS: Starting
at the horizontal bolt pad
locations where the hardware
was just installed in the
previous step, tighten the
nuts evenly by alternating
between the two horizontal
bolt pad locations until a
1/4 – 1/2-inch gap is present
between the bolt pads.

10b. CONTINUE WITH TIGHTENING AND APPLYING TORQUE TO HARDWARE AT ALL NONHORIZONTAL BOLT PAD LOCATIONS: Continue by tightening the hardware at non-horizontal bolt pad locations evenly until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved. Refer to the "Required Torque" and "Helpful Information" tables on the following page.



10c. FINISH TIGHTENING AND APPLYING TORQUE TO HARDWARE AT THE HORIZONTAL BOLT PAD LOCATIONS: Finish by tightening the hardware at the horizontal bolt pad locations evenly until metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved. If the required torque is reached without metal-to-metal bolt pad contact, refer to the "Troubleshooting" section on pages 73 – 74 or contact Victaulic. Refer to the "Required Torque" and "Helpful Information" tables helow

NOTE: It is important to tighten all nuts evenly by alternating bolt pad locations to prevent gasket pinching and to prevent the housings from coming out of the groove. Refer to the images on the following pages for details. Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer bolt or stud lengths associated with these products.

TO PREVENT LUBRICATION FROM DRYING OUT AND CAUSING GASKET PINCHING, ALWAYS BRING THE BOLT PADS INTO METAL-TO-METAL CONTACT IMMEDIATELY AFTER ASSEMBLING THE COUPLING ONTO PREPARED PIPE ENDS.

AWARNING

- Nuts shall be tightened evenly by alternating all bolt pad locations, in the sequence listed in these instructions, until both conditions of metal-to-metal bolt pad contact AND the specified torque value are achieved at each bolt pad location.
- Always bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact immediately after assembling the coupling onto the prepared pipe ends.
- · Keep hands away from coupling openings during tightening.

Failure to follow instructions for tightening coupling hardware could result in:

- Excessive bolt torque required to assemble the joint (incomplete assembly)
- · Bolt damage or fracture
- · Joint leakage and property damage
- A negative impact on system integrity
- · Personal injury or death

Required Torque

		Required Torque		
Nominal	Actual Pipe	Carbon Steel/	316 Stainless	
Coupling Size	Outside Diameter	Duplex 2507	Steel	
inches/DN	inches/mm	Hardware	Hardware	
54 – 74	54.000 – 74.000	1225 ft-Ibs	725 ft-lbs	
DN1350 – DN1850	1371.6 – 1879.6	1661 N•m	983 N•m	
78 – 88	78.000 – 88.000	2000 ft-lbs	1200 ft-lbs	
DN1950 – DN2200	1981.2 – 2235.2	2712 N•m	1627 N•m	
90 and Larger	90.000 and Larger	2000 ft-lbs	1200 ft-lbs	
DN2250 and Larger	2286.0 and Larger	2712 N•m	1627 N•m	

Helpful Information

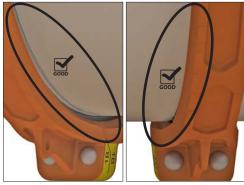
Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts or Studs	Number of Washers and Nuts	Nut Size inches	Socket Size inches
54 – 74 DN1350 – DN1850	54.000 – 74.000 1371.6 – 1879.6	8 (Bolts)	8	1 ½	23/8
78 – 88 DN1950 – DN2200	78.000 – 88.000 1981.2 – 2235.2	8 (Studs)	16	1 3/4	2 3/4
90 and Larger DN2250 and Larger	90.000 and Larger 2286.0 and Larger	12 (Studs)	24	1 3/4	2 3/4



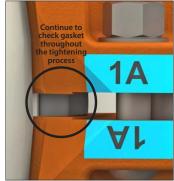
During Tightening, Verify the Following:



Top View Shown



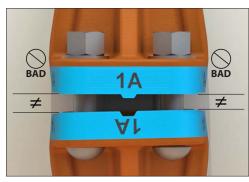
 Coupling shall remain centered in the groove of each prepared pipe end. This is achieved by tightening the hardware evenly by alternating between bolt pad locations (refer to sequence shown to the left).



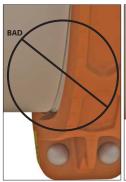
- Gasket shall remain centered in coupling and between prepared pipe ends.
- Gasket shall not become pinched between the bolt pad locations.

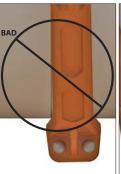
Conditions Caused by Improper Tightening of Hardware:





Top View Shown



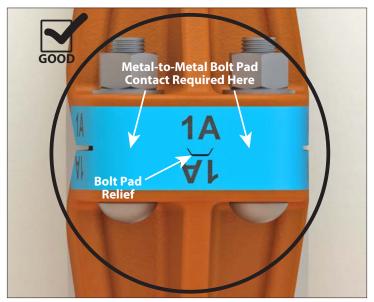


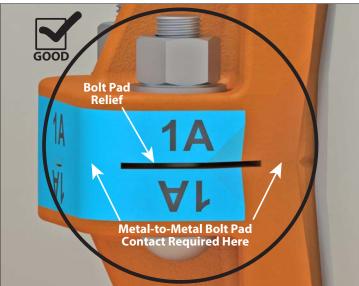


IMPROPER INSTALLATION **DUE TO UNEVEN** TIGHTENING -**COUPLING KEY OUT OF GROOVE**

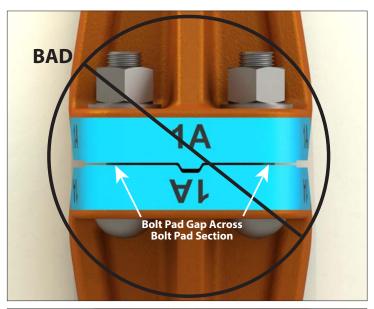
IMPROPER INSTALLATION DUE TO UNEVEN TIGHTENING -COUPLING KEY ON TOP OF PIPE OD

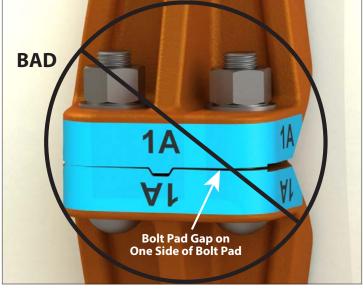


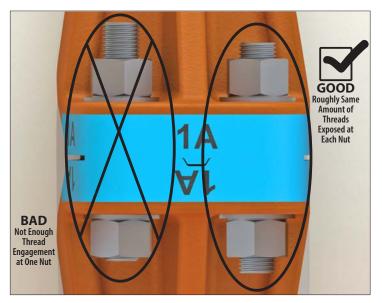




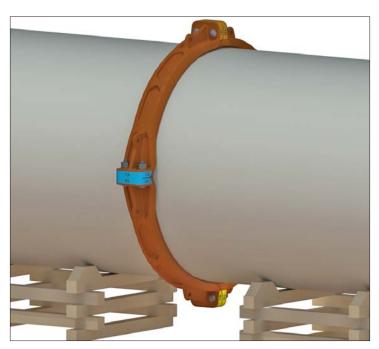
11a. Visually inspect the bolt pads at each joint to verify that metal-to-metal contact is achieved at the areas illustrated above, in accordance with the instructions on page 66.







11b. FOR COUPLINGS SUPPLIED WITH STUDS: Visually inspect each set of hardware to verify roughly the same amount of thread engagement at each nut.



12. Perform a final inspection of each joint and verify that all bolt pads are mated with the number/letter and color combinations matched. In addition, verify that all hardware has been tightened/torqued in accordance with these instructions.



INSTALLATION TROUBLESHOOTING - STYLE W77B

Issue	Cause(s)	Recommended Action(s)
High assembly	Housings not in groove	Remove housings
torque with large bolt pad gap	Gasket extends into groove	Inspect gasket for possible
	Foreign material in groove	damage and replace, if necessary
	Severe pipe misalignment	Inspect groove and clean out any foreign material
		Follow installation instructions to re-install gasket/ housings (tighten hardware evenly by alternating bolt pad locations)
		Properly align pipe ends
Bolt pads will not	Housings not in groove	Remove housings
reach metal-to- metal contact	Gasket extends into groove	Inspect gasket for possible damage and replace, if necessary
	Pinched gasket	Inspect groove and clean out any
	Foreign material in groove	foreign material
	Housings not matched	Check bolt pad markings to verify
	Severe pipe misalignment	that number/letter and color combinations are matched
	Severe flat spots on pipe	Follow installation instructions to re-install gasket/ housings (tighten hardware evenly by alternating bolt pad locations)
		Properly align pipe ends
		Repair or replace pipe end
Area below coupling key is visible	Flat spot on pipe	Take housings off pipe to inspect pipe ends for deformities and correct pipe condition, if necessary
Coupling leaks	Flat spot on pipe	▲ WARNING
upon pressure test	Pipe ovality issues	Always verify that the piping
	Groove dimensions out of specification	system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to removal
	Gasket not centered properly between the prepared pipe ends	of any couplings. Check pipe end and groove measurements
	Bolt pads are not in metal-to- metal contact	Inspect gasket for damage and verify it is centered properly
	Housings not in groove	between the prepared pipe ends
	Housings not matched	Check bolt pad markings to verify that number/letter and color
	Foreign material between gasket sealing lip and pipe OD	combinations are matched Follow installation instructions to re-install gasket/ housings (tighten hardware evenly by alternating bolt pad locations) Clean out any foreign material
		from between the gasket sealing lip and pipe OD

INSTALLATION TROUBLESHOOTING - STYLE W77B

Issue	Cause(s)	Recommended Action(s)		
High assembly torque and then	Coupling was out of groove and then shifted into groove	Inspect coating/coupling for damage		
low torque	during tightening	Inspect gasket for pinching if it extends into groove		
		Follow installation instructions to re-install gasket/ housings (tighten hardware evenly by alternating bolt pad locations)		
Gasket sags away from bottom of pipe when	Hardware for upper segment assembly not loosened properly prior to installation	Verify that hardware for upper segment assembly is loosened properly per instructions		
upper segment assembly is lowered onto pipe	Top housing segment assembly not spread Pipe misalignment	Lift up/out on top segment assembly's bolt pads at the 3 & 9 o'clock positions to allow		
	Insufficient lubrication on	gasket to relax Properly align pipe ends		
	gasket OD and coupling housing gasket pocket	Follow installation instructions for		
	nousing gasket pocket	proper lubricant application		
Gasket sags	Gasket left on pipe for	Remove gasket and allow to cool		
on pipe before housings are installed	extended period of time in warm climate Incorrect gasket size	Verify gasket size corresponds with coupling size and style		
Inspection of	Gasket was not centered	Remove housings		
gasket from inside of pipe appears to show	between grooves when housings were installed	Inspect gasket for possible damage and replace, if necessary		
gasket off center	Segment assemblies were not raised/lowered straight up/down, which caused the gasket to shift into the groove	Follow installation instructions to re-install gasket/ housings (tighten hardware evenly by alternating bolt pad locations)		
Gasket is bulging at bolt pads during	Hardware for upper segment assembly not loosened properly prior to installation	Verify that hardware for upper segment assembly is loosened per instructions		
installation	Lower segment assembly is raised without the use of a spreader bar, which caused the gasket to bulge at the bolt	Lift up/out on top segment assembly's bolt pads at the 3 & 9 o'clock positions to allow gasket to relax		
	pads Improper lubrication	Follow installation instructions for proper lubricant application		
	Lubricant has dried out	Mist dried out lubricant with		
	Pipe misalignment	water and apply additional lubricant, if necessary		
		Properly align pipe ends		

Advanced Groove System (AGS) Vic-Flange Adapter for AGS Grooved-End Pipe

Installation Instructions



STYLE W741 AGS VIC-FLANGE ADAPTER NOTES

- The Style W741 shall be assembled so that there is no interference with mating components.
- Because of the outside flange dimensions, the Style W741 SHALL NOT be used within 90° of one another on an AGS fitting.
- When wafer or lug-type valves are used adjoining a Victaulic AGS fitting, verify the disc dimensions to ensure that there is proper clearance.
- Series W761 AGS Vic-300™ Butterfly Valves can be connected directly to flanged components with the Style W741.
- The Style W741 can be installed on either end of a Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valve.
- The Style W741 SHALL NOT be used as anchor points for tie rods across nonrestrained joints.
- Mating a Style W741 to rubber-faced flanges, valves, etc. requires the use of an AGS Vic-Flange Washer. Refer to the "Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Washer Notes" section on the following page.
- The face of the mating flange shall be generally free from gouges, undulations, and deformities of any type for proper sealing. Refer to the installation instructions on the following pages for complete information.
- The lettering on the outside of the gasket shall face the gasket pocket of the Style W741, as detailed in this section. When installed correctly, the lettering on the gasket will not be visible.
- When mating two Style W741s, the draw bolt locations shall be offset from each other, and a transition ring shall be used between the two Style W741s.
- STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS ARE REQUIRED FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF THE STYLE W741.
- THE MATING FLANGE SHALL HAVE THE SAME NUMBER OF BOLT HOLES AS THE STYLE W741.

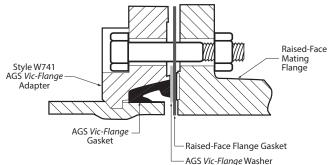


STYLE W741 AGS VIC-FLANGE WASHER NOTES

The Style W741 requires a smooth, hard surface at the mating flange face for proper sealing. Some applications, for which the Style W741 is otherwise well suited, do not provide an adequate mating surface. In such cases, a metal AGS *Vic-Flange* washer is required between the Style W741 and the mating flange to provide the necessary sealing surface.

- A. When mating a Style W741 to a serrated flange a flange gasket shall be used against the serrated flange. The AGS Vic-Flange washer shall then be inserted between the Style W741 and the flange gasket.
- B. When mating a Style W741 to a wafer-type valve that is rubber lined and partially rubber faced (smooth or not) – the AGS Vic-Flange washer shall be placed between the valve and the Style W741.
- C. When mating a Style W741 to a rubber-faced flange, valve, etc. the AGS Vic-Flange washer shall be placed between the Style W741 and the rubber-faced flange.
- D. When mating a Style W741 to components (valves, strainers, etc.) where the component flange face has an insert follow the same arrangement as if the Style W741 is being mated to a serrated flange. Refer to application "A" above.
- E. When mating Victaulic AWWA Flange Adapters to Victaulic NPS Flange Adapters—the Victaulic flange transition ring shall be placed between the two Victaulic Flange Adapters with the draw bolt locations offset from each other. If one flange is not a Victaulic Flange Adapter (i.e. flanged valve), a flange gasket shall be placed against the non-Victaulic flange. The Victaulic Flange washer shall then be inserted between the flange gasket and the Victaulic Flange gasket. NOTE: A Victaulic transition ring, rather than a Victaulic Flange washer, shall be used when mating a Style W741 to a Style 341 Vic-Flange Adapter in 14 24-inch/DN350 DN600 sizes.

EXAMPLE:



Exaggerated for Clarity







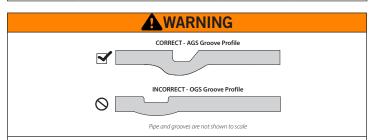
WARNING





- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install any Victaulic products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- Confirm that any equipment, branch lines, or sections of piping that may
 have been isolated for/during testing or due to valve closures/positioning are
 identified, depressurized, and drained immediately prior to installation, removal,
 adjustment, or maintenance of any Victaulic products.
- These installation instructions are intended for an experienced, trained installer.
 The installer shall understand the use of this product and why it was specified for the particular application.
- The installer shall understand common industry safety standards and potential consequences of improper product installation.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.



 DO NOT attempt to assemble the Style W741 on pipe that is direct-grooved with OGS roll sets.

Failure to follow this instruction will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

THE STYLE W741 ASSEMBLY HAS A TORQUE REQUIREMENT. REFER TO THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES OR THE MARKINGS ON THE HOUSINGS FOR THE TORQUE REQUIREMENT.

1a. PREPARE PIPE: Prepare the pipe by following the appropriate "Pipe End Inspection and Preparation" section on pages 2 – 3 in this handbook. Support both pipe lengths securely. Pipe support shall be maintained throughout the entire installation procedure.

NOTICE

 Verify that there is sufficient clearance behind the groove to permit proper assembly of the Style W741.





1b. CHECK MATING FLANGE: The gray area of the mating flange face (shown to the left) shall be generally free from gouges, undulations, and deformities of any type for proper sealing. Refer to the table below for the required flange mating face sealing surface.

Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	Required Mating Face Sealing Surface inches/mm			
Flange Size inches/DN	Flange Size Diameter		"B" Min.		
14	14.000	14.00	16.00		
DN350	355.6	356	406		
16	16.000	16.00	18.00		
DN400	406.4	406	457		
18	18.000	18.00	20.00		
DN450	457.2	457	508		
20	20.000	20.00	22.00		
DN500	508.0	508	559		
24	24.000	24.00	26.00		
DN600	609.6	610	660		



2. INSTALL FIRST SEGMENT: Install the first segment onto the pipe. Verify that the segment's key section completely engages the groove. NOTE: On vertical pipe, the first segment shall be supported in place until the second segment is installed and fastened to the first segment. For horizontal pipe, the first segment can be balanced on top of the pipe, as shown to the left.



3. INSTALL SECOND SEGMENT: Install the second segment onto the pipe. Install the provided draw bolts into the Style W741, as shown to the left. Thread a provided nut loosely onto each draw bolt. NOTE: The nut should be backed off no further than flush with the end of each draw bolt to permit rotation of the Style W741 for bolt hole alignment in later steps. Verify that the key section of both segments completely engages the groove.

4a. CHECK GASKET: Check the gasket to verify that it is suitable for the intended service. The color code identifies the material grade. For complete compatibility information, reference Victaulic publications 05.01 and GSG-100, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

ACAUTION

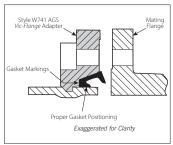
 A thin coat of a compatible lubricant shall be applied to the gasket sealing lips and exterior to help prevent the gasket from pinching, rolling, or tearing during installation.

Failure to use a compatible lubricant may cause gasket damage, resulting in joint leakage and property damage.

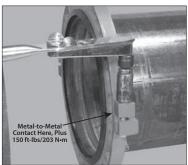


4b. LUBRICATE GASKET: Apply a thin coat of a compatible lubricant, Victaulic Lubricant or silicone grease, to the gasket sealing lips and exterior (silicone spray is not a compatible lubricant). NOTE: The supplied gasket is designed to be the main seal. However, reference shall be made to the notes at the beginning of this section for special applications.





5. POSITION AND INSTALL GASKET: Verify that the gasket is positioned properly prior to installation. The markings on the outside of the gasket shall face the gasket pocket of the Style W741, as shown above. When installed correctly, the markings on the gasket will not be visible. Install the gasket into the gasket pocket (cavity between the pipe OD and flange recess).



6. ALIGN W741 AND MATING FLANGE:

Rotate the Style W741 on the pipe end, as required, to align the holes with the mating flange.

7. TIGHTEN DRAW BOLT NUTS:

Tighten the draw bolt nuts evenly by alternating sides, maintaining nearly uniform bolt pad gaps during tightening. Continue to tighten the draw bolt nuts evenly by alternating sides until metal-to-metal contact occurs in the area indicated AND a torque of 150 ft-lbs/203 Nem are achieved.

Refer to the "Helpful Information" table on page 82 for the draw bolt/nut sizes and socket sizes. **NOTE:** Deep-well sockets are required for proper installation due to the longer draw bolt lengths associated with the Style W741.





8. INSTALL STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS AT LAP

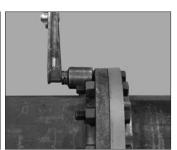
JOINTS: Install a standard full-shankdiameter assembly bolt into each of the lap-joint bolt holes. Refer to the "Helpful Information" table on page 82 for the required assembly bolt size and length. NOTE: Victaulic does not supply these assembly bolts.

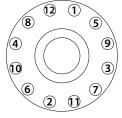


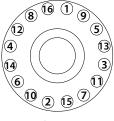
9. JOIN W741 AND MATING FLANGE:

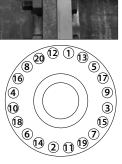
Direct the assembly bolts, installed in step 8, into the mating flange holes. Tighten a nut onto each bolt to prevent the bolts from pulling out.











14-inch/DN350

16 - 18-inch/DN400 - DN450 Sizes 20 - 24-inch/DN500 - DN600 Sizes

10a. INSTALL REMAINING STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS/ NUTS: Insert a standard full-shank diameter assembly bolt through each remaining hole in the Style W741 and mating flange. Tighten a nut onto each bolt.

10b. TORQUE ALL STANDARD FULL-SHANK-DIAMETER ASSEMBLY BOLTS: Tighten all nuts evenly in the applicable patten shown above until the required torque value is achieved. Refer to the "Required Torque" table on the following page.



Required Torque

Nominal Flange Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Required Torque
14 – 16	14.000 – 16.000	200 – 300 ft-lbs
DN350 – DN400	355.6 – 406.4	271 – 407 N•m
18 – 20	18.000 – 20.000	300 – 400 ft-lbs
DN450 – DN500	457.2 – 508.0	407 – 542 N•m
24	24.000	400 – 500 ft-lbs
DN600	609.6	542 – 678 N•m

Helpful Information

		Standard Full-Shank- Diameter Assembly Bolts/Nuts †			Draw	Bolts/Nut	s §
Nominal Flange Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Number of Bolts/ Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches	Number of Bolts/ Nuts Required	Bolt/Nut Size x Length inches	Socket Size inches
14 DN350	14.000 355.6	12	1 x 4 ½	1 ½	2	5⁄8 x 3 ½	15/16
16 DN400	16.000 406.4	16	1 x 4½	1 ½	2	5⁄8 x 3 ½	15/16
18 DN450	18.000 457.2	16	1 1/8 x 4 3/4	1 11/16	2	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8
20 DN500	20.000 508.0	20	1 1/8 x 5 1/4	1 11/16	2	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8
24 DN600	24.000 609.6	20	1 1/4 x 5 3/4	1 1//8	2	3/4 x 4 1/4	1 1/8

[†] Victaulic does not supply the full-shank-diameter assembly bolts and nuts. Standard full-shank-diameter assembly bolts are required for proper installation of Style W741 AGS *Vic-Flange* Adapters. The assembly bolt sizes listed above are for conventional flange-to-flange connections. Longer bolts are required when the Style W741 is used with wafer-type valves.

[§] Draw bolts/nuts are supplied with all sizes of the Style W741.

No. W60 and LW60 AGS End Caps

VICTAULIC AGS END CAP INSTALLATION SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



- Read and understand all instructions before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or maintain the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Always depressurize and drain the piping system completely before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or maintain the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Under no circumstances should coupling hardware or any other system component be loosened to check if the system is pressurized or to depressurize the system.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

This section provides safety instructions for the installation, use, and removal of Victaulic-manufactured AGS End Caps with Victaulic-manufactured AGS Couplings in all size ranges, along with other important information that is critical for proper use of Victaulic end caps.

Always verify that the Victaulic End Cap being used is designed for the specific groove profile. For example, the Victaulic No. W60 or LW60 End Cap shall be used only with Victaulic AGS products.

When installing, using, or removing a Victaulic end cap, always reference the specific installation instructions for the Victaulic coupling that is being used with the Victaulic end cap. Contact Victaulic for information regarding No. W60 or LW60 End Caps that can be used as a test cap.

After installation is complete, always inspect the assembly to verify proper installation:

- A proper assembly occurs when the end cap is seated within the coupling with the
 correct side facing out. In addition, the coupling's bolt pads shall be in metal-to-metal
 contact with the required torque value applied, and the oval neck of each bolt shall
 be seated properly in the bolt hole, as detailed in the applicable product's installation
 instructions
- An improper assembly occurs when the incorrect side of the end cap is facing out.
 In this case, the installer will be unable to tighten the hardware to bring the bolt pads into metal-to-metal contact with the required torque value applied, as detailed in the applicable product's installation instructions. In addition, an improper assembly occurs when the oval neck of a bolt is not seated properly in the bolt hole. These conditions are not acceptable and shall be corrected before any system pressure testing occurs.



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR AGS END CAPS INSTALLED FOR SYSTEM PRESSURE TESTING

- Victaulic end caps that are installed for system pressure testing shall be equipped with a ball valve that can be opened to verify if the system is depressurized.
- Contact Victaulic about ordering a tapped No. W60 or LW60 End Cap that the
 customer can fit with an appropriately-rated ball valve for the system conditions.
 A tapped No. W60 or LW60 End Cap with an appropriately-rated ball valve should
 be used whenever possible for purposes of system pressure testing. Under no
 circumstances should coupling hardware or any other system component be
 loosened to check if the system is pressurized or to depressurize the system.
- Before system pressure testing, verify that no valves within the tested system (or portion of the system being tested) are closed in order to prevent pressure from being trapped inadvertently.
- Immediately after completing the system pressure test, the system pressure shall be relieved through an appropriate valve.

NOTICE

 A pressure gauge alone is not an acceptable method of verifying system pressure. Always use a secondary means of verification, such as a second pressure gauge or valve, to confirm that the system is depressurized in accordance with national and local codes and standards for the jobsite.

Instructions continue on the following page



VICTAULIC AGS END CAP REMOVAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING









- COUPLING/END CAP MAY BE PRESSURIZED.
- Always depressurize and drain the piping system completely before attempting to install, remove, adjust, or maintain the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Always verify that the piping system has been completely depressurized and drained immediately prior to installation, removal, adjustment, or maintenance of the coupling/end cap, any end cap connections, and any other Victaulic piping products.
- Under no circumstances should coupling hardware or any other system component be loosened to check if the system is pressurized or to depressurize the system.
- · Wear safety glasses, hardhat, and foot protection.

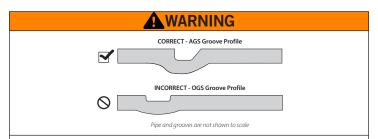
Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

- Depressurize and drain the piping system completely, and verify that there is no residual pressure.
- Loosen the nuts of the coupling slowly and, depending on the orientation of the coupling and end cap, be prepared to support the end cap as it releases from the coupling.

VICTAULIC RECOMMENDS:

- Hydrostatic (water) testing instead of pneumatic (air) testing whenever possible
- Use of a tapped end cap with a pressure-relieving device at each test point location (made-to-order tapped end caps are available for order through Victaulic)
- Removal of pressure immediately after completing a test (follow all applicable national and local codes and standards for the specific jobsite)
- Lockout/tagout procedures approved by the installing contractor
- Following the testing procedures recommended by technical experts, such as those found in the "Guide to Pressure Testing Safety" published by the Mechanical Contractors Association of America, Inc. (MCAA)

AGS Valves



- The valves listed in this section shall be installed ONLY with AGS Couplings and pipe or fittings that are prepared to Victaulic AGS Specifications.
- DO NOT install these valves with pipe or fittings that are prepared to any other groove specification.
- DO NOT LOOSEN OR TIGHTEN HARDWARE WHEN A VALVE IS PRESSURIZED.
- The system designer is responsible for verifying suitability of mating component
 materials with the intended fluid media. Valve bodies, discs, and other wetted
 components shall be compatible with the material flowing through the piping
 system. Refer to the current Victaulic product publication for the applicable
 valve, or contact Victaulic for details.
- The effect of chemical composition, pH level, operating temperature, chloride level, oxygen level, and flow rate on mating component materials shall be evaluated to confirm system life will be acceptable for the intended service.

Failure to follow these instructions will cause improper assembly and joint failure, resulting in death or serious personal injury and property damage.

AGS BUTTERFLY VALVE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Series W761 AGS Vic-300™ MasterSeal™ Butterfly Valve Series W719 AGS Butterfly Valve

NOTICE

 To prevent AGS Butterfly Valves from rotating in the system, Victaulic recommends installing the valve with at least one Victaulic Style W07 AGS Rigid Coupling. If two Victaulic AGS Flexible Couplings are used, additional support may be required to prevent valve rotation.

When installing a Victaulic AGS Butterfly Valve into the piping system, follow the instructions in this handbook for the applicable AGS Coupling. Victaulic AGS Butterfly Valves can be installed in either the horizontal or vertical orientations.



DO NOT INSTALL BUTTERFLY VALVES INTO THE SYSTEM WITH THE DISC IN THE FULLY-OPEN POSITION. Exposed disc may be damaged and prevent proper function of the valve.

Verify that no part of the disc protrudes beyond the end of the valve body.

When using Victaulic AGS Butterfly Valves for throttling service, Victaulic recommends positioning the disc no less than 30 degrees open. For best results, the disc should be between 30 and 70 degrees open; this is dependent on the flow requirements/ characteristics for the piping system. High pipeline velocities and/ or throttling with the disc less than 30 degrees open may result in noise, vibration, cavitation, severe gasket erosion/abrasion, and/or loss of control. Contact Victaulic regarding throttling services.

Victaulic recommends limiting the flow velocities for water service to 20 feet per second/ 6 meters per second. Contact Victaulic before installing a butterfly valve when higher flow velocities are necessary or specified. When dealing with flow media other than water, contact Victaulic.

Victaulic recommends good piping practices by installing the butterfly valve five pipe diameters downstream of sources of irregular flow, such as pumps, elbows, and control valves. If not practical due to space constraints, the system should be designed to locate and orient the valve to minimize the impact of dynamic torque on valve life.

Victaulic AGS Butterfly Valves and connected piping shall be supported properly to prevent the joints from being overloaded. Hanger spacing shall comply with the "Rigid Systems" section of this handbook.

Welding to Victaulic AGS Butterfly Valves is not permitted and will void the Victaulic warranty.

When directly connecting a Victaulic AGS End Cap to a Victaulic AGS Butterfly Valve, use only a tapped end cap for pressure relief. If the butterfly valve is opened and then closed unknowingly while the end cap is attached, the space between the disc and end cap will be filled and pressurized. A sudden release of energy can occur if the end cap is removed while the space behind it is pressurized. **PRESSURE SHALL BE VENTED THROUGH THE TAP BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO REMOVE THE CAP. NOTE:** Due to disc clearance dimensions, an end cap directly connected to a Victaulic AGS Butterfly Valve may prevent the disc from reaching the fully "OPEN" position.

A DANGER



- When directly connecting an AGS End Cap to an AGS Butterfly Valve, use only a tapped end cap for pressure relief.
- Pressure shall be vented through the tap before attempting to remove the cap.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury.



- AGS Butterfly Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapters.
- When connecting an AGS Butterfly Valve to a Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valve, a pipe spool is required between the two valves to prevent disc interference.
- When a Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valve is placed near an AGS
 Butterfly Valve, orient the center brace/disc shaft of the Series W715 at right angles to
 the butterfly valve's stem. Failure to do so will cause uneven and unstable flow through
 the Series W715, resulting in noise and reduced valve life.

ADJUSTING THE TRAVEL LIMIT STOPS FOR SERIES W761 AGS VIC-300™ MASTERSEAL™ BUTTERFLY VALVES WITH GEAR OPERATORS

Adjustment of the travel limit stops can be performed while the system is operational. **NOTE:** Cycling of the valve to test travel limit stop adjustments may affect downstream equipment. Refer to the instructions on this and the following pages for detailed instructions on how to adjust the travel limit stops.

Adjusting and Setting the "SHUT" Travel Limit Stops of the Gear Operator



1. Remove the dust cap from the right side of the gear operator.

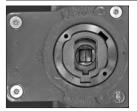




- 2a. Loosen the hex lock nut (counterclockwise) located on the right side of the gear operator.
- **2b.** Using a hex key wrench, loosen the internal set screw approximately three turns (counterclockwise).

NOTICE

- When using a stem extension kit, additional adjustment may be required to achieve the fully "SHUT" position.
- System pressure upstream of the valve may increase while the valve disc is in the fully "SHUT" position.
- Flow downstream of the valve will be interrupted with the disc in the fully "SHUT" position.



3. Verify that the valve is in the fully "SHUT" position. The fully "SHUT" position can be verified by removing the indicator cap from the top of the gear operator and checking the position indicator on top of the stem, as shown to the left.

Instructions continue on the following page







- **4a.** Using a hex key wrench, tighten the internal set screw (clockwise) until it contacts the internal quadrant gear.
- **4b.** While holding the internal set screw in position with the hex key wrench, tighten the hex lock nut (clockwise).
- **5.** Verify proper operation of the gear operator by turning the handwheel. Repeat the prior steps of this procedure, if necessary.
- **6.** Replace the dust cap, and follow the "OPEN" travel limit stop adjustment procedure on the following page.

Adjusting and Setting the "OPEN" Travel Limit Stops of the Gear Operator

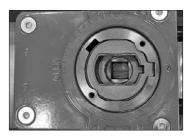


1. Remove the dust cap from the left side of the gear operator.





- 2a. Loosen the hex lock nut (counterclockwise) located on the left side of the gear operator.
- **2b.** Using a hex key wrench, loosen the internal set screw approximately three turns (counterclockwise).



3. Turn the handwheel counter-clockwise. Verify that the valve is in the fully "OPEN" position by checking the position indicator on top of the stem, as shown to the left. The position indicator on top of the stem should be 90° from the correctly adjusted "SHUT" position.





- **4a.** Using a hex key wrench, tighten the internal set screw (clockwise) until it contacts the internal quadrant gear.
- **4b.** While holding the internal set screw in position with the hex key wrench, tighten the hex lock nut (clockwise).
- **5.** Verify proper operation of the gear operator by turning the handwheel. Repeat the prior steps of this procedure, if necessary.
- 6. Replace the dust cap and indicator cap.

CHECK VALVE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

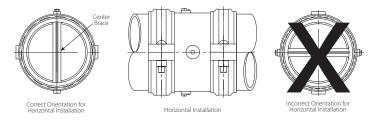
Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Vic-Check Valve

NOTICE

 To prevent a Series W715 AGS Double-Disc Vic-Check Valve from rotating in the system, Victaulic recommends installing the valve with at least one Victaulic Style W07 AGS Rigid Coupling. If two Victaulic AGS Flexible Couplings are used, additional support may be required to prevent valve rotation.

When installing a Series W715 AGS Double-Disc *Vic-Check* Valve into the piping system, follow the instructions in this handbook for the applicable AGS Coupling.

Placement of check valves too close to sources of unstable flow will shorten the life of the valve and may potentially damage the system. To extend valve life, valves should be installed a reasonable distance downstream from pumps, elbows, expanders, reducers, or other similar devices. Sound piping practices dictate a minimum of five times the pipe diameter for general use. Distances between three and five diameters are allowable, provided the flow velocity is less than 8 feet per second/2.4 meters per second. Distances less than three diameters are not recommended and will violate the Victaulic product warranty. **NOTE:** These distances do not apply to fire protection installations.



- Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valves can be installed either vertically (flow up) or horizontally.
- For horizontal installations, the center brace inside the Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valve shall be in the vertical position, as shown above.
- Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valves CAN be connected directly to flanged components with Style W741 AGS Vic-Flange Adapters.
- When connecting a Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valve to an AGS Butterfly Valve, a pipe spool is required between the two valves to prevent disc interference.
- When a Series W715 AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valve is placed near an AGS
 Butterfly Valve, orient the center brace/disc shaft of the Series W715 at right angles to
 the butterfly valve's stem. Failure to do so will cause uneven and unstable flow through
 the Series W715, resulting in noise and reduced valve life.

GATE VALVE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Series W371 and W372 AGS Gate Valves

- SERIES W371 AND W372 AGS GATE VALVES ARE NOT DESIGNED FOR THROTTLING SERVICES.
- Verify that there is adequate clearance around the valve for operating and maintenance activities.
- The valve can be mounted in vertical and horizontal runs. For horizontal pipe, the
 valve shall be installed with the stem in the vertical "UP" position (handwheel pointing
 upward).
- Verify that proper pipe supports are in place to prevent strain on the valve. The piping shall be laid out so that no thrust or bending forces act on the valve body during operation.
- Verify that the piping is aligned and supported properly before attempting to install the valve.
- When painting a piping system, DO NOT apply paint to the stem and bolts/nuts.
- . DO NOT stand on or use the handwheel as a support point.
- DO NOT over-torque the handwheel to force the valve into the "OPEN" or "CLOSED" position. Refer to the "Torque Limitations" table on the following page.
- When directly connecting an AGS End Cap to an AGS Gate Valve, use only a tapped
 end cap for pressure relief. If the gate valve is opened then closed unknowingly while
 the end cap is attached, the space between the gate and end cap will be filled and
 pressurized. A sudden release of energy can occur if the end cap is removed while
 the space behind it is pressurized. PRESSURE SHALL BE VENTED THROUGH THE
 TAP BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO REMOVE THE CAP.

A DANGER



- When directly connecting an AGS End Cap to an AGS Gate Valve, use only a tapped end cap for pressure relief.
- Pressure shall be vented through the tap before attempting to remove the cap.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious personal injury.

Handling

- · The valve shall remain in the "CLOSED" position during handling.
- To prevent damage to the seats and sealing surfaces of the valve body, the plastic shipping caps shall remain in place until the time of installation.
- Verify that proper lifting equipment is available for handling larger, heavier valve sizes.
 Lift the valve by placing straps around the body. DO NOT lift or suspend the valve by the handwheel.

Storage

- Victaulic strongly recommends indoor storage of the valve. If outdoor storage is
 required, the valve shall be stored in the original shipping container and then covered
 completely with a weatherproof tarp.
- The shipping caps shall remain in place to prevent debris from entering the valve body during storage.
- The valve shall remain in the "CLOSED" position during storage.
- The valve shall be stored with the stem in the vertical "UP" position (handwheel pointing upward).



GATE VALVE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (CONTINUED)

Installation

NOTICE

- To prevent an AGS Gate Valve from rotating in the system, Victaulic recommends installing the valve with at least one Victaulic Style W07 AGS Rigid Coupling. If two Victaulic AGS Flexible Couplings are used, additional support may be required to prevent valve rotation.
- Prior to installation, check the valve for any damage. DO NOT use the valve if any damage is present.
- Remove the plastic shipping caps from the valve body. To prevent damage to the sealing surfaces of the valve body, DO NOT use any sharp instruments to remove the shipping caps.
- 3. Verify that the valve is in the "CLOSED" position.
- 4. Follow the instructions in this handbook for the applicable AGS Coupling.
- 5. Place the system into service after all installation requirements have been met.

Operation

 Operate the valve by turning the handwheel in the counter-clockwise direction (top view) to the "OPEN" position, then by turning the handwheel in the clockwise direction (top view) to the "CLOSED" position. Repeat this process several times to verify proper operation. NOTE: When the valve is in the fully "OPEN" position, turn the handwheel a quarter turn in the clockwise direction to prevent the stem/threads from locking up due to thermal expansion.

Torque Limitations

Nominal Valve Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Maximum Torque to Reach Fully "OPEN" Position or Fully "CLOSED" Position ft-lbs/N•m
14	14.000	400
DN350	355.6	545
16	16.000	400
DN400	406.4	545

Inspection

Inspect the valve on a frequency required by the building owner or their representative.

- Verify that there is no leakage from the gland. If necessary, tighten the nuts at the gland flange evenly by alternating sides.
- 2. If the handwheel becomes loose, open the valve by turning the handwheel one to two turns in the counterclockwise direction, then tighten the handwheel nut.

Resources

English and Metric Conversion Chart
ANSI Commercial Pipe Sizes
Decimal Equivalents of Fractions
Minutes Converted to Decimals of a Degree
Pressure to Feet-of-Head of Water
Feet-of-Head of Water to Pressure
Pressure to Meter Water Column
Meter Water Column to Pressure
Where to Find Installation Instructions for Additional Products

English and Metric Conversion Chart

Conve	Convert Imperial (U.S.) to Metric						
			C	onvert Metric to I	mpe	rial (U.S.)	
25.4	×	inch (in)	⇔	millimeter (mm)	×	0.03937	
0.3048	×	feet (ft)	⇔	meter (m)	×	3.281	
0.4536	×	pound mass (lb)	\Leftrightarrow	kilogram (kg)	×	2.205	
28.35	×	ounce (oz)	\Leftrightarrow	gram (g)	×	0.03527	
6.894	×	pound per square inch (psi)	⇔	kilopascal (kPa)	×	0.145	
.069	×	pound per square inch (psi)	\Leftrightarrow	Bar (bar)	×	14.5	
4.45	×	pound force (lbf)	⇔	newton (N)	×	0.2248	
1.356	×	pound-foot (lbf-ft)	⇔	Newton-meter (N•m)	×	0.738	
(F – 32) ÷ 1.	8	Fahrenheit (°F)	⇔	Celsius (°C)	($(C + 17.78) \times 1.8$	
745.7	×	Horsepower (hp)	⇔	Watts (W)	×	1.341 × 10 ⁻³	
3.785	×	Gal. per Min. (GPM)	⇔	Liters per min. (L/min)	×	0.2642	
0.0038	×	Gal. per Min. (GPM)	\Leftrightarrow	Cubic Meters per min. (m³/min)	×	264.2	

ANSI Commercial Pipe Sizes

	20											
	XX Strong	I						_			1	I
	Sch. 160	1.406	1.594	1.781 45.2	1.969	2.125 54.0	2.344 59.5	-		1	I	ı
	Sch. 140	1.250	1.438 36.5	1.562 39.7	1.750 44.5	1.875 47.6	2.062 52.4	_	-	-	1	ı
nes/mm	Sch. 120	1.094 27.8	1.219	1.375 34.9	1.500	1.625 41.3	1.812 46.0					
Thickness – inches/mm	Sch. 100	0.938	1.031 26.2	1.156 29.4	1.281	1.375 34.9	1.531 38.9	_	_	-		
Thickne	Sch. 80	0.750	0.844 21.4	0.938 23.8	1.031 26.2	1.125 28.6	1.219 31.0	1.313 33.4	_	_	_	_
	Extra Strong	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
	Sch. 60	0.594	0.656	0.750	0.812	0.875	0.969	_	-	1	ı	ı
	Sch. 40	0.438	0.500	0.562	0.594	ı	0.688				0.688	0.688
	Std.	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
s/mm	Sch.	0.375	0.375	0.438	0.500	0.500	0.562		0.625	0.625	0.625	0.625
Nominal Wall – inches/mm	Sch. 20	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.500
nal Wall	Sch. 10	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.250 6.4	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9	0.312 7.9
Nomi	Sch. 10S	0.188	0.188	0.188	0.218	0.218 5.5	0.250 6.4	_	_	0.312 7.9	-	ı
	Sch. 5S	0.156	0.165	0.165 4.2	0.188	0.188 4.8	0.218	_		0.250 6.4	-	
Size	Actual Outside Diameter inches/mm	14.000 355.6	16.000 406.4	18.000 457.0	20.000 508.0	22.000 559.0	24.000 610.0	26.000 660.4	28.000 711.0	30.000 762.0	32.000 813.0	34.000 863.6
Si	Pipe Size inches	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34



ANSI Commercial Pipe Sizes

	XX Strong	I		I
	Sch. 160	I	I	I
	Sch. 140	I	I	I
hes/mm	Sch. 120	I	I	I
Thickness – inches/mm	Sch. 100	I		I
Thickne	Sch. 80	I	I	I
	Extra Strong	0.500	0.500	0.500
	Sch. 60	I	I	I
	Sch. 40	0.750	I	
	Std.	0.375	I	
s/mm	Sch.	0.625	I	_
– inche	Sch. 20	0.500	0.375	0.375
Nominal Wall – inches/mm	Sch. 10	0.312 7.9		I
Nom	Sch. 10S	I		
	Sch. 5S	I		I
Size	Actual Outside Diameter inches/mm	36.000 914.0	42.000 1067.0	48.000 1219.0
S	Pipe Size inches	36	42	48

Decimal Equivalents of Fractions

Fraction in inches	Decimal Equivalent inches	Decimal Equivalent millimeters	Fi
1/64	0.016	0.397	
1/32	0.031	0.794	
3/64	0.047	1.191	
1/16	0.063	1.588	
5/64	0.781	1.984	
3/32	0.094	2.381	
7/64	0.109	2.778	
1/8	0.125	3.175	
9/64	0.141	3.572	
5/32	0.156	3.969	
11/64	0.172	4.366	
3/16	0.188	4.763	
13/64	0.203	5.159	
7/32	0.219	5.556	
15/64	0.234	5.953	
1/4	0.250	6.350	
17/64	0.266	6.747	
%32	0.281	7.144	
19/64	0.297	7.541	
5/16	0.313	7.938	
21/64	0.328	8.334	
1/3	0.333	8.467	
11/32	0.344	8.731	
23/64	0.359	9.128	
3/8	0.375	9.525	
25/64	0.391	9.922	
13/32	0.406	10.319	
27/64	0.422	10.716	
7/16	0.438	11.113	
29/64	0.453	11.509	
15/32	0.469	11.906	
1/2	0.500	12.700	

ıs		Г	1	
t	Fraction in inches	Decimal Equivalent inches	Decimal Equivalent millimeters	
	33/64	0.516	13.097	
	17/32	0.531	13.494	
	35/64	0.547	13.891	
	%16	0.563	14.288	
	37/64	0.578	14.684	
	19/32	0.594	15.081	
	39/64	0.609	15.478	
	5/8	0.625	15.875	
	41/64	0.641	16.272	
	21/32	0.656	16.669	
	43/64	0.672	17.066	
	11/16	0.688	17.463	
	45/64	0.703	17.859	
	23/32	0.719	18.256	
	47/64	0.734	18.653	
	3/4	0.750	19.050	
	49/64	0.766	19.447	
	25/32	0.781	19.844	
	51/64	0.797	20.241	
	13/16	0.813	20.638	
	53/64	0.828	21.034	
	27/32	0.844	21.431	
	55/64	0.859	21.828	
	7/8	0.875	22.225	
	57/64	0.891	22.622	
	29/32	0.906	23.019	
	59/64	0.922	23.416	
	15/16	0.938	23.813	
	61/64	0.953	24.209	
	31/32	0.969	24.606	
	63/64	0.984	25.003	
	1	1.000	25.400	
_				

Minutes Converted to Decimals of a Degree

				_				
Minutes	Degrees	Minutes	Degrees		Minutes	Degrees	Minutes	Degrees
1	.0166	16	.2666		26	.4333	36	.6000
2	.0333	17	.2833		27	.4500	37	.6166
3	.0500	18	.3000		28	.4666	38	.6333
4	.0666	19	.3166		29	.4833	39	.6500
5	.0833	20	.3333		30	.5000	40	.6666
6	.1000	21	.3500		41	.6833	51	.8500
7	.1166	22	.3666		42	.7000	52	.8666
8	.1333	23	.3833		43	.7166	53	.8833
9	.1500	24	.4000		44	.7333	54	.9000
10	.1666	25	.4166		45	.7500	55	.9166
11	.1833	31	.5166		46	.7666	56	.9333
12	.2000	32	.5333		47	.7833	57	.9500
13	.2166	33	.5500		48	.8000	58	.9666
14	.2333	34	.5666		49	.8166	59	.9833
15	.2500	35	.5833		50	.8333	60	1.0000

Pressure to Feet-of-Head of Water

Pounds Per Square Inch	Feet of Head
1	2.31
2	4.62
3	6.93
4	9.24
5	11.54
6	13.85
7	16.16
8	18.47
9	20.78
10	23.09
15	34.63
20	46.18
25	57.72
30	69.27
40	92.36
50	115.45
60	138.54
70	161.63
80	184.72
90	207.81

Pounds Per Square Inch	Feet of Head
100	230.90
110	253.93
120	277.07
130	300.16
140	323.25
150	346.34
160	369.43
170	392.52
180	415.61
200	461.78
250	577.24
300	692.69
350	808.13
400	922.58
500	1154.48
600	1385.39
700	1616.30
800	1847.20
900	2078.10
1000	2309.00

Feet-of-Head of Water to Pressure

Feet of Head	Pounds Per Square Inch
1	0.43
2	0.87
3	1.30
4	1.73
5	2.17
6	2.60
7	3.03
8	3.46
9	3.90
10	4.33
15	6.50
20	8.66
25	10.83
30	12.99
40	17.32
50	21.65
60	25.99
70	30.32
80	34.65
90	39.98

Feet of Head	Pounds Per Square Inch
100	43.31
110	47.64
120	51.97
130	56.30
140	60.63
150	64.96
160	69.29
170	73.63
180	77.96
200	86.62
250	108.27
300	129.93
350	151.58
400	173.24
500	216.55
600	259.85
700	303.16
800	346.47
900	389.78
1000	433.00

Pressure to Meter Water Column

kPa	Meter Water Column
10	1.02
15	1.53
20	2.04
25	2.55
30	3.06
40	4.08
50	5.10
60	6.12
70	7.14
80	8.16
90	9.18
100	10.20
110	11.22
120	12.24
130	13.26
140	14.28
150	15.30
160	16.32
170	17.34
180	18.36

kPa	Meter Water Column
180	18.36
190	19.38
200	20.40
250	25.50
300	30.60
400	40.80
500	51.00
600	61.20
700	71.40
800	81.60
900	91.80
1000	102.00
1500	153.00
2000	204.00
2500	255.00
3000	306.00
4000	408.00
5000	510.00
6000	612.00
7000	714.00

Meter Water Column to Pressure

Meter Water Column	kPa
1	9.8
2	19.6
3	29.4
4	39.2
5	49.0
6	58.8
7	68.6
8	78.4
9	88.2
10	98.0
11	108.0
12	118.0
13	127.0
14	137.0
15	147.0
20	196.0
25	245.0
30	194.0
35	343.0
40	392.0

Meter Water Column	kPa
45	441.0
50	490.0
55	539.0
60	588.0
70	686.0
80	784.0
90	882.0
100	980.0
150	1470.0
200	1960.0
250	2450.0
300	2940.0
350	3430.0
400	3920.0
450	4410.0
500	4900.0
550	5390.0
600	5880.0
650	6370.0
700	6860.0

Where to Find Installation Instructions for Additional Products



The following table provides a general listing of products and their respective installation instructions. Scan the QR code to the left to search for and download the applicable product instructions. **NOTE:** If two sources of instructions are referenced in this index, Victaulic recommends the use of both to ensure proper product installation. Contact Victaulic with any questions regarding this list (scan QR code on back cover for Victaulic locations).

Product	Where to Find Instructions on victaulic.com			
Victaulic® End Caps	Search I-ENDCAP			
VicFlex [™] Products	Search I-VICFLEX			
Aquamine™ Spline Couplings	Search I-Aquamine			
Victaulic® Bolted Split-Sleeve Couplings	Instructions Shipped with Coupling (or search for specific coupling)			
FireLock® Automatic Sprinkler Products	Search I-40			
FireLock™ Fire Protection Valves and Accessories	Manual Shipped with Valve or Accessory (or search for specific valve or accessory)			
Pipe Preparation Tools	Manual and Repair Parts List Shipped with Tool (or search for specific tool)			
Vic-Press Schedule 10S System Products	Search I-P500			
Series 76G Automatic Balancing Valve	Search I-76G			
Series 76B/76K/76S/76T/76V Automatic Balancing Valves	Search I-76T			
Series 121, 122, 124, and E125 Installation-Ready™ Butterfly Valves Installation and Gear Operator Conversion Instructions	Search I-120			
Series 247 FireLock Residential Zone Control Riser Module Assembly	Search I-247			
Series 317 AWWA Check Valve	Search I-317			
Series 365 AWWA Vic-Plug® Valve (3 – 12-inch/88.9 – 323.9-mm Sizes)	Search I-365sm and I-300			
Series 377 Vic-Plug Balancing Valve	Search I-365sm and I-100			
Series 608N Copper Connection Butterfly Valve	Search I-600			
Series 700 Butterfly Valve	Search I-100			
Series 705 FireLock™ Butterfly Valve	Search I-765-705, I-BFV_KIT, and I-100			
Series 707C FireLock™ Butterfly Valve with Supervised-Closed Switches	Search I-766_707C, I-BFV_KIT, and I-100			
Series 712/712S Swinger® Check Valve	Search I-100			
Series 713 Swinger Check Valve	Search I-100			
Series W715 AGS™ Dual-Disc Vic-Check Valve	Search I-W100			
Series 716H/716 Check Valves	Search I-100			
Series 717H/717 FireLock™ Check Valves	Search I-100			

Where to Find Instructions on Product victaulic.com Series 717HR/717R FireLock™ Check Search I-100 Valves Series 722 Brass Body Ball Valve Search I-100 Series 723/723S Diverter Ball Valve Search I-100 Series 726/726S Ball Valve Search I-100 Search I-728 and I-100 Series 728 FireLock™ Ball Valve Series 730 Vic-Strainer Tee Type Search I-730_732AGS Series W730 AGS™ Vic-Strainer Tee Type Search I-730_732AGS

Series 731-D Suction Diffuser	Search I-731-D_W731-D
Series W731-D AGS [™] Suction Diffuser	Search I-731-D_W731-D
Series 732 Vic-Strainer Wye Type	Search I-730_732AGS
Series W732 AGS Vic-Strainer Wye Type	Search I-730_732AGS
Series 733 Venturi Indicator	Search I-100
Series 747M FireLock™ Zone Control Riser Module Assembly	Search I-747M
Series 761 Vic-300 MasterSeal™ Butterfly Valve	Search I-VIC300MS and I-100
Series W761 AGS™ Vic-300 Butterfly Valve	Search I-AGS.GO and I-W100
Series 765 FireLock™ Butterfly Valve	Search I-765-705 and I-100
Series 766 FireLock™ Butterfly Valve with Supervised-Closed Switches	Search I-766_707C, I-BFV_KIT, and I-100
Series 779 Venturi Check Valve and Flow Measuring Kit	Search I-100
TA Series Valves and Meters	Instructions Shipped with Valve or Meter
Series 795 Knife Gate Valve	Search I-795 and I-900
Series 871 Gate Valve	Search I-871
Series 906 Knife Gate Valve	Search I-795 and I-900
Style 005 FireLock™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 009N FireLock EZ™ Installation- Ready™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-009N and I-100
Style 07 Zero-Flex® Rigid Coupling (1 – 12-inch/33.7 – 323.9-mm Sizes)	Search I-100
Style 07 Zero-Flex Rigid Coupling (14 – 24-inch/355.6 – 610-mm Sizes)	Search I-100
Style W07 AGS™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-W07-W77-W77B-W77N and I-W100
Style W77/W77B/W77N AGS™ Flexible Couplings	Search I-W07-W77-W77B-W77N and I-W100
Style 22, 26, 28, 31, 41, and 44 Couplings for <i>Vic-Ring</i> Applications and Shouldered-End Pipe	Search I-6000
Style 31 Coupling for Grooved AWWA Ductile Iron Pipe	Search I-300



Product	Where to Find Instructions on victaulic.com
Style 71 Composite Coupling for PVC and Stainless Steel Pipe (Regional Availability Only)	Search I-100
Style 72 Outlet Coupling	Search I-100
Style 75 Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 77/77A/77S Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 77DX Duplex Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 78/78A Snap-Joint™ Coupling	Search I-100
Style 89 Rigid Coupling for Stainless Steel	Search IT-89-889 and I-100
Style W89 AGS™ Rigid Coupling for Stainless Steel or Carbon Steel Pipe	Search I-W100
Style 99 Roust-A-Bout Coupling for Plain-End Steel Pipe	Search I-100
No. 101 (90° Elbow) FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-101_103
No. 103 (45° Elbow) FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-101_103
No. 102 Straight Tee FireLock™ Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-102-104
No. 104 Bullhead Tee FireLock™Installation-Ready™ Fitting	Search I-102-104
Style 107N QuickVic™ Installation-Ready™ Rigid Coupling for Steel Pipe	Search I-107N and I-100
Style 108 FireLock™ IGS™ Installation- Ready™ Rigid Coupling	Search I-108 and I-100
Style 109 FireLock™ Installation-Ready™	Search I-109 and I-100

Search I-115 and I-100

Search I-142 and I-100

Search I-142F and I-100

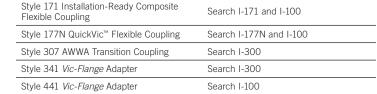
Search 09.06

Search I-152A

Search 09.06

Search 09.06

Search I-159





Rigid Coupling

Reducing Coupling No. 142 Welded Outlet

No. 142F Welded Outlet

Style 155 Expansion Joint

Series 159 Flexible Loop

Style 150 Mover Expansion Joint

Style 152A Expansion Joint Coupling

Style W155 AGS™ Expansion Joint

Style 115 FireLock EZ™ Installation-Ready™

Where to Find Instructions on victaulic.com

Draduat	Where to Find Instructions on
Product	victaulic.com
Style 475 Lightweight, Flexible Stainless Steel Coupling	Search I-100
Style 475DX Duplex Stainless Steel Flexible Coupling	Search I-100
Style 489 Rigid Coupling for Stainless Steel Pipe	Search I-100
Style 489DX Duplex Stainless Steel Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style 606-EN and 606-AS Rigid Coupling for Copper Tubing	Search I-600
Style 607 QuickVic™ Rigid Coupling for Copper Tubing	Search I-607 and I-600
Style 622 <i>Mechanical-T</i> Bolted Branch Outlet for Copper Tubing	Search I-600
Style 641 <i>Vic-Flange</i> Adapter for Copper Tubing	Search I-600
Style 707-IJ NPS-to-JIS Transition Coupling	Search I-100
Style 720 TestMaster™ II Alarm Test Module	Search I-720
Style 720 TestMaster™ II Alarm Test Module with Pressure Relief Option	Search I-720PR
Style 735 Fire Pump Test Meter	Search I-100
Style 741 Vic-Flange Adapter	Search I-100
Style W741 AGS™ Vic-Flange Adapter	Search IT-W741 and I-W100
Style 743 Vic-Flange Adapter	Search I-100
Style 744 FireLock™ Flange Adapter	Search I-100
Style 750 Reducing Coupling	Search I-100
Style 791 Vic-Boltless Coupling	Search I-100
Style 808 High-Pressure Coupling	Search I-808
Style 870 High-Performance Rigid Coupling	Search I-870
Style 904 Flange Adapter for HDPE-to- Flanged Pipe	Search IT-904 and I-900
Style 905 Coupling for Plain-End HDPE Pipe	Search IT-905 and I-900
Style 907 Transition Coupling for HDPE to Steel Pipe	Search IT-907 and I-900
Style 908 Coupling for Double-Grooved HDPE Pipe	Search I-900
Style 912 FireLock™ Low-Profile Sprinkler-Tee (Regional Availability Only)	Search I-912 and I-100
Style 920 and 920N Mechanical-T Outlets	Search I-920_920N and I-100
Style 922 FireLock™ Outlet-T	Search I-922 and I-100
Style 923 Strapless Outlet	Search I-100
Style 924 Strapless Thermometer Outlet	Search I-100



Where to Find Instructions on victaulic.com

Product	victaulic.com
Style 926 Mechanical-T Spigot Assembly	Search I-100
Style 994 <i>Vic-Flange</i> Adapter for HDPE Pipe	Search I-900
Style 995N Coupling for Plain-End HDPE Pipe	Search I-900
Style 997 Transition Coupling for Plain-End HDPE Pipe to Grooved-End Steel Pipe	Search I-900
Style 2970 Aquamine™ Plain-End Pipe Coupling	Search IT-2970
Style 2971 Aquamine™ Transition Coupling for Plain-End PVC Pipe to Plain-End HDPE Pipe	Search IT-2971
Style 2972 Aquamine™ Transition Coupling for Plain-End PVC Pipe to Grooved Steel Pipe	Search IT-2972
Style HP-70 Rigid Coupling	Search I-100
Style HP-70ES Rigid Coupling with EndSeal® Gasket	Search I-100

Product Data

NOTICE

- The following information contains center-to-end, end-to-end, take-out, and similar overall dimensions for AGS couplings, flange adapters, fittings, valves, and accessories.
- Always refer to the current Victaulic product publication for the most up-to-date dimensional information and for products not listed in this section. Product publications can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

FOR STAINLESS STEEL AGS FITTINGS:

 For stainless steel AGS fitting product data, refer to submittal 17.05, which can be downloaded at victaulic.com.

No. W10 – 90° Elbow No. W11 – 45° Elbow No. W12 – 22½° Elbow No. W13 – 11¼° Elbow









-			
ο.	W10	No.	W11

	Astual Dina	No. W10	No. W11	No. W12	No. W13	
Nominal Fitting Size	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter	C to E inches/				
inches/DN	inches/mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	
14 DN350	14.000	14.00	5.80	5.00	3.50	
DN350	355.6 14.843	356 14.84	147 6.15	127	89	
	377.0	377	156	_	_	
16	16.000	16.00	6.63	5.00	4.00	
DN400	406.4	406	168	127	102	
DIVIOO	16.772	16.77	6.95	127	102	
	426.0	426	177	_	_	
18	18.000	18.00	7.46	5.50	4.50	
DN450	457.2	457	189	140	114	
	18.898	18.90	7.83	_		
	480.0	480	199			
20	20.000	20.00	8.28	6.00	5.00	
DN500	508.0	508	210	152	127	
24	24.000	24.00	9.94	7.00	6.00	
DN600	609.6	610	252	178	152	
26 DN650	26.00 660.4	_	_	6.75 172	5.00 127	
28	28.000			7.00	5.25	
DN700	711.2	_	_	178	133	
30	30.000			7.25	5.25	
DN750	762.0	_	_	184	133	
32	32.000			7.50	5.50	
DN800	812.8	_	_	191	140	
36	36.000			7.75	5.50	
DN900	914.4		_	197	140	
40	40.000			8.75	6.25	
DN1000	1016.0			222	159	
42	42.000	_	_	9.00	6.25	
DN1050	1066.8			229	159	
46	46.000	_		9.25	6.50	
DN1150 48	1168.4			235 9.50	165	
48 DN1200	48.000 1219.2	_	_	9.50	6.80 173	
54	54.000	1		12.00	8.75	
DN1350	1371.6	_	-	305	222	
56	56.000			12.25	9.00	
DN1400	1422.4	-	_	311	229	
60	60.000			12.75	9.25	
DN1500	1524.0			324	235	
For sizes larger than 60 inch/DN1500,						

For sizes larger than 60 inch/DN1500, contact Victaulic.

ictaulic

No. W100/LW100 – 90° Long Radius Elbow No. W110/LW110 – 45° Long Radius Elbow







No. W110/LW110

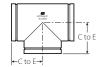
		No. W100	No. LW100	No. W110	No. LW110
Nominal	Actual				
Fitting	Pipe Outside				
Size	Diameter	C to E	C to E	C to E	C to E
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm
14	14.000	21.00	21.00	8.75	8.75
DN350	355.6	533	533	222	222
16	16.000	24.00	24.00	10.00	10.00
DN400	406.4	610	610	254	254
18	18.000	27.00		11.25	_
DN450	457.0	686		286	
20	20.000	30.00	_	12.50	
DN500	508.0	762		318	
24	24.000	36.00		15.00	_
DN600	609.6	914		381	
26	26.000	39.00		16.00	
DN650	660.4	991		406	
28	28.000	42.00		17.25	
DN700	711.2	1067		438	
30	30.000	45.00		18.50	
DN750	762.0	1143		470	
32	32.000	48.00	_	19.75	
DN800	812.8	1219		502	
36	36.000	54.00		22.25	
DN900	914.4	1372		565	
40	40.000	60.00		24.88	
DN1000	1016.0	1524		632	
42	42.000	63.00		26.00	_
DN1050	1066.8	1600		660	
46	46.000	69.00		28.63	
DN1150	1168.4	1752		727	
48	48.000	72.00	_	29.88	_
DN1200	1219.2	1828		759	
54	54.000	81.00	_	33.50	_
DN1350	1371.6	2057		851	
56	56.000	84.00	_	34.75	
DN1400	1422.4	2134	_	883	
60	60.000	90.00		37.25	
DN1500	1524.0	2286	_	946	

For sizes larger than 60 inch/DN1500, contact Victaulic.





No. W20/LW20 - Tee



No. W20/LW20

		No.	W20	No. I	.W20	
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E Run inches/mm	C to E Branch inches/mm	C to E Run inches/mm	C to E Branch inches/mm	
14	14.000	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	
DN350	355.6	279	279	279	279	
D11330	14.843	11.50	11.50	2,,,	2,,,	
	377.0	292	292	_	_	
16	16.000	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	
DN400	406.4	305	305	305	305	
	16.772	13.00	13.00			
	426.0	330	330	_	_	
18	18.000	13.50	13.50			
DN450	457.0	343	343	_	_	
	18.898	14.57	14.57			
	480.0	370	370	_	_	
20	20.000	15.00	15.00			
DN500	508.0	381	381			
24	24.000	17.00	17.00			
DN600	609.6	432	432	_	_	
26	26.000	19.50	19.50			
DN650	660.4	495	495			
28	28.000	20.50	20.50	_	_	
DN700	711.2	521	521			
30	30.000	22.00	22.00		_	
DN750	762.0	559	559			
32	32.000	23.50	23.50		_	
DN800	812.8	673	673			
36	36.000	26.50	26.50	_	_	
DN900	914.4	673	673			
38	38.000	28.00	28.00		_	
DN950	965.2	711	711			
40 DN1000	40.000	29.50	29.50	_	_	
DN1000	1016.0	749	749			
42 DN1050	42.000	30.00	28.00	_	_	
DN1050 46	1066.8	762 33.50	711 33.00			
DN1150	46.000 1168.4	33.50 851	800	_	_	
48	48.000	35.00	33.00			
DN1200	1219.2	33.00 889	838	_	_	
54	54.000	41.00	41.00			
DN1350	1371.6	1041	1041	_	_	
56	56.000	42.00	42.00			
DN1400	1422.4	1067	1067	_	_	
60	60.000	45.00	45.00			
DN1500	1524.0	1143	1143	_	_	
				ntact Victard	ic	
F	For sizes larger than 60 inch/DN1500, contact Victaulic.					

1



No. W35 - Cross No. W33 - True Wye





No. W33

	Actual Pipe	No. W35	No.	W33
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to E inches/ mm	C to LE inches/ mm	C to SE inches/ mm
14	14.000	11.00	11.00	7.50
DN350	355.6	279	279	191
16	16.000	12.00	12.00	8.00
DN400	406.4	305	305	203
18	18.000	13.50	13.50	8.50
DN450	457.2	343	343	216
20	20.000	15.00	15.00	9.00
DN500	508.0	381	381	229
24	24.000	17.00	17.00	10.00
DN600	609.6	432	432	254



No. W25/LW25 - Reducing Tee



		No.	W25	No. I	.W25
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm		C to SE inches/mm
14 14	4			11.00	10.00
DN350 × DN350 ×	DN100			279	254
	6	11.00	9.38		
<u> </u>	DN150	279	238		
	8	11.00	9.75	11.00	10.50
_	DN200	279	248	279	267
	10	11.00	10.12	11.00	10.50
-	DN250	279	257	279	267
	12	11.00	10.62	_	_
	DN300	279	270	10.00	
16 × 16 × DN400 ×	4	_	_	12.00	11.00
DN400 × DN400 ×	DN100	10.00	40.00	305	279
	6	12.00	10.38	12.00	11.50
-	DN150	305	264	305	292
	8	12.00	10.75	12.00	11.75
-	DN200	305	273	305	298
	10	12.00	11.12	12.00	11.75
-	DN250	305	282	305	298
	12	12.00	11.62	_	_
-	DN300 14	305	295 12.00		
	DN350	12.00 305	305	_	_
18 18	6	13.50	11.38		
DN450 × DN450 ×	DN150	343	289	_	_
DIN430 DIN430 _	8	13.50	11.75		
	DN200	343	298	_	_
-	10	13.50	12.12		
İ	DN250	343	308	_	_
-	12	13.50	12.62		
	DN300	343	321	_	_
	14	13.50	13.00		
	DN350	343	330	_	_
	16	13.50	13.00		
	DN400	343	330		
20 , 20 ,	6	15.00	12.38		
DN500 × DN500 ×	DN150	381	314		
	8	15.00	12.75		_
_	DN200	381	324		
	10	15.00	13.12		_
_	DN250	381	333		
	12	15.00	13.62	_	_
-	DN300	381	346		
	14	15.00	14.00	_	_
-	DN350	381	356		
	16	15.00	14.00	_	_
-	DN400	381	356		
	18	15.00	14.50	_	_
	DN450	381	368		

1



No. W25/LW25 - Reducing Tee



		No. W25		No. LW25	
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN			C to SE inches/mm	C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm
24 × 24 ×	6	17.00	14.38	_	_
DN600 × DN600 ×	DN150	432	365		
	8	17.00	14.75	_	_
-	DN200 10	432 17.00	375 15.12		
	DN250	432	384	_	_
-	12	17.00	15.62		
	DN300	432	397	_	_
-	14	17.00	16.00		
	DN350	432	406	_	_
-	16	17.00	16.00		
	DN400	432	406	_	_
-	18	17.00	16.50		
	DN450	432	419	_	_
⁻	20	17.00	17.00		
	DN500	432	432	_	_
26 , 26 ,	14	19.50	17.00		
DN650 × DN650 ×	DN350	495	432	_	
	16	19.50	17.00		
_	DN400	495	432		
	18	19.50	17.50		
	DN450	495	445		
	20	19.50	18.00	_	
_	DN500	495	457		
	22	19.50	18.50	_	
-	DN550	495	470		
	24	19.50	19.00	_	_
28 28	DN600 14	495 20.50	483 18.00		
DN700 × DN700 ×	DN350	521	457	_	_
DN700	16	20.50	18.00		
	DN400	521	457	_	_
-	18	20.50	18.50		
	DN450	521	470	_	_
· -	20	20.50	19.00		
	DN500	521	483	_	-
·	22	20.50	19.50		
	DN550	521	495		
·	24	20.50	20.00		
_	DN600	521	508		_
	26	20.50	20.50	_	
	DN650	521	521		

1



No. W25/LW25 - Reducing Tee



		No.	W25	No. L	.W25
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm	C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm
30 30	14	22.00	19.00		
DN750 × DN750 ×	DN350	559	483	_	_
211730	16	22.00	19.00		
	DN400	559	483	_	_
-	18	22.00	19.50		
	DN450	559	495	_	_
·	20	22.00	20.00		
	DN500	559	508	_	_
	22	22.00	20.50		
	DN550	559	521	_	_
-	24	22.00	21.00		
	DN600	559	533	_	_
-	26	22.00	21.50		
	DN650	559	546	_	_
	28	22.00	21.50		
	DN700	559	546	_	_
32 32	16	23.50	20.00		
DN800 × DN800 ×	DN400	597	508	_	_
	18	23.50	20.50		
	DN450	597	521	_	_
·	20	23.50	21.00		
	DN500	597	533	_	_
-	22	23.50	21.50		
	DN550	597	546	_	_
	24	23.50	22.00		
	DN600	597	559	_	_
-	26	23.50	22.50		
	DN650	597	572	_	_
	28	23.50	22.50		
	DN700	597	572	_	_
-	30	23.50	23.00		
	DN800	597	584	_	_
36 36	18	26.50	22.50		
DN900 × DN900 ×	DN450	673	572		
	20	26.50	23.00		
	DN500	673	584		
	22	26.50	23.50		
	DN550	673	597		
	24	26.50	24.00		
	DN600	673	610		
	26	26.50	24.50		
	DN650	673	622		
	28	26.50	24.50		
	DN700	673	622		
	30	26.50	25.00		
	DN750	673	635		
	32	26.50	25.50		
	DN800	673	648		



No. W25/LW25 - Reducing Tee



		No.	W25	No. L	.W25
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		C to LE	C to SE inches/mm	C to LE	C to SE
				iliciles/illili	mcnes/mm
38 × 38 × DN950 ×	18	28.00	23.50	_	_
DN950 ^ DN950 ^	DN450	711	597		
	20	28.00	24.00	_	
-	DN500	711	610		
	22	28.00	24.50	_	_
-	DN550	711	622		
	24	28.00	25.00	_	_
-	DN600	711	635		
	26	28.00	25.50	_	
-	DN650	711	648		
	28	28.00	25.50	_	_
-	DN700	711	648		
	30 DN750	28.00	26.50	_	_
-	32	711	673 27.00		
	DN800	28.00 711		_	
-			686		
	36	28.00	28.00	_	_
40 40	<u>DN900</u> 20	711 29.50	711 25.00		
DN1000 × DN1000 ×	DN500			_	_
DIVIOUD DIVIOUD .		749	635		
	22 DN550	29.50 749	25.50 648	_	_
-	24	29.50	26.00		
				_	_
-	DN600 26	749 29.50	660 26.50		
	DN650	749	673	_	
-	28	29.50	26.50		
	26 DN700	i		_	_
-	30	749 29.50	673 27.50		
	DN750	749	699	_	-
-	32	29.50	28.00		
	DN800	749	711	_	_
-	36	29.50	29.00		
	DN900	749	737	_	_
-	38	29.50	29.50		
	DN950	749	749	_	_
42 42	20	30.00	26.00		
DN1050 × DN1050 ×	DN500	762	660	_	-
	22	30.00	26.00		
	DN550	762	660	_	_
-	24	30.00	26.00		
	DN600	762	660	_	-
-	26	30.00	27.50		
	DN650	762	699	_	-
-	28	30.00	27.50		
	DN700	762	699	_	-
	30	30.00	28.00		
	DN750	762	711	_	-
-	32	30.00	28.00		
	DN800	762	711	_	-
△ For the most un-to-dat				a aussant Viata	Common alice at



No. W25/LW25 - Reducing Tee



		No.	W25	No. L	.W25
			C to SE inches/mm	C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm
42 DN1050 × DN1050 ×	36 DN900	30.00 762	28.00 711	_	_
DIVIOSO DIVIOSO	38	30.00	28.00		
	DN950	762	711	_	_
	40	30.00	28.00		
	DN1000	762	711	_	_
46 , 46 ,	22	33.50	28.50		
DN1150 × DN1150 ×		851	724		
	24	33.50	28.50	_	
	DN600	851	724		
	26	33.50	29.00	_	_
	DN650	851	737		
	28	33.50	29.00	_	_
	DN700	851	737		
	30	33.50	29.00	_	_
	DN750	851	737		
	32	33.50	29.50	_	_
	DN800	851	749		
	36 DN900	33.50 851	30.00 762	_	_
	38	33.50	30.00		
	DN950	851	762	_	_
	40	33.50	30.50		
	DN1000	851	775	_	_
	42	33.50	31.00		
	DN1050	851	787	_	_
48 48	24	35.00	29.00		
DN1200 × DN1200 ×	DN600	889	737	_	_
	26	35.00	30.00		
	DN650	889	762	_	_
	28	35.00	30.00		
	DN700	889	762		
	30	35.00	30.00		
	DN750	889	762		
	32	35.00	31.00	_	_
	DN800	889	787		
	36	35.00	31.00	_	_
	DN900	889	787		
	38	35.00	32.00	_	_
	DN950	889	813		
	40	35.00	32.00	_	_
	DN1000	889	813		
	42 DN11050	35.00	32.00	_	_
	DN1050	889	813		
	46 DN1150	35.00 889	33.00 838	_	_
	טכו ואוט	009	000		





No. W25/LW25 - Reducing Tee



		No.	W25	No. LW25	
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		C to LE	C to SE	C to LE	C to SE
54 54	26	41.00	41.00		
DN1350 × DN1350 ×	DN650	1041	1041	_	_
DIVISSO DIVISSO	28	41.00	41.00		
	DN700	1041	1041	_	_
	30	41.00	41.00		
	DN750	1041	1041	_	_
	32	41.00	41.00		
	DN800	1041	1041	_	_
	36	41.00	41.00		
	DN900	1041	1041	_	_
	38	41.00	41.00		
	DN950	1041	1041	_	_
	40	41.00	41.00		
	DN1000	1041	1041	_	_
	42	41.00	41.00		
	DN1050	1041	1041	_	_
	46	41.00	41.00		
	DN1150	1041	1041	_	_
	48	41.00	41.00		
	DN1200	1041	1041	_	_
56 56	28	42.00	42.00		
DN1400 × DN1400 ×	DN700	1067	1067		
	30	42.00	42.00		
	DN750	1067	1067		_
	32	42.00	42.00		
	DN800	1067	1067		
	36	42.00	42.00		
	DN900	1067	1067		
	38	42.00	42.00		
	DN950	1067	1067		
	40	42.00	42.00	_	
	DN1000	1067	1067		
	42	42.00	42.00	_	_
	DN1050	1067	1067		
	46	42.00	42.00	_	l _
	DN1150	1067	1067		
	48	42.00	42.00	_	_
	DN1200	1067	1067		
	54	42.00	42.00	_	_
	DN1350	1067	1067		



No. W25/LW25 - Reducing Tee



		No.	W25	No. L	.W25
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm	C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm
60 × 60 DN1500 × DN1500 ×	30 DN750	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	32 DN800	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	36 DN900	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	38 DN950	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	40 DN1000	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	42 DN1050	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	46 DN1150	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	48 DN1200	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	54 DN1350	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_
	56 DN1400	44.00 1118	44.00 1118	_	_

For sizes larger than 60 x 60 x 56 inch/DN1500 x DN1500 x DN1400, contact Victaulic.



No. W30 - 45° Lateral



Nominal	Actual Pipe	No.	W30
Fitting Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	C to LE inches/mm	C to SE inches/mm
14	14.000	26.50	7.50
DN350	355.6	673	191
16	16.000	29.00	8.00
DN400	406.4	737	203
18	18.000	32.00	8.50
DN450	457.2	813	216
20	20.000	35.00	9.00
DN500	508.0	889	229
24	24.000	40.00	10.00
DN600	609.6	1016	254



No. W30-R - 45° Reducing Lateral

			No. W30-R		
	Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN			C to SE inches/mm	
14 ×	14 ×	4	26.50	7.50	
DN350	DN350	DN100	673	191	
		6	26.50	7.50	
		DN150	673	191	
		8	26.50	7.50	
		DN200	673	191	
		10	26.50	7.50	
		DN250	673	191	
		12	26.50	7.50	
		DN300	673	191	
16 ×	16 ×	6	29.00	8.00	
DN400	DN400	DN150	737	203	
		8	29.00	8.00	
		DN200	737	203	
		10	29.00	8.00	
		DN250	737	203	
		12	29.00	8.00	
		DN300	737	203	
		14	29.00	8.00	
		DN350	737	203	
18 ×	18 ×	6	32.00	8.50	
DN450	DN450	DN150	813	216	
		8	32.00	8.50	
		DN200	813	216	
		12	32.00	8.50	
		DN300	813	216	
		14	32.00	8.50	
		DN350	813	216	
		16	32.00	8.50	
		DN400	813	216	
20 ×	20 ×	12	35.00	9.00	
DN500	DN500	DN300	889	229	
		14	35.00	9.00	
		DN350	889	229	
		16	35.00	9.00	
		DN400	889	229	
24 ×	24 ×	16	40.00	10.00	
DN600	DN600	DN400	1016	254	
		20	40.00	10.00	
		DN500	1016	254	



No. W30-R

1



No. W42 - AGS Grooved x Beveled Adapter Nipple

No. W43 - AGS Grooved x AGS Grooved Adapter Nipple

No. W49 - AGS Grooved x Non-AGS Grooved Adapter Nipple

	Actual Pipe	No. W42, W43, W49			
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E			
14	14.000	8.00			
DN350	355.6	203			
16	16.000	8.00			
DN400	406.4	203			
18	18.000	8.00			
DN450	457.2	203			
20	20.000	8.00			
DN500	508.0	203			
24	24.000	8.00			
DN600	609.6	203			
26	26.000	12.00			
DN650	660.4	304.8			
28	28.000	12.00			
DN700	711.2	304.8			
30	30.000	12.00			
DN750	762.0	304.8			
32	32.000	12.00			
DN800	812.8	304.8			
36	36.000	12.00			
DN900	914.4	304.8			
40	40.000	12.00			
DN1000	1016.0	304.8			
42	42.000	12.00			
DN1050	1066.8	304.8			
46	46.000	12.00			
DN1150	1168.4	304.8			
48	48.000	12.00			
DN1200	1219.2	304.8			
54	54.000	12.00			
DN1350	1371.6	304.8			
56	56.000	12.00			
DN1400 60	1422.4	304.8			
DN1500	60.000 1524.0	12.00 304.8			
For sizes larger than 60 inch/DN1500,					

[← E	to E →
Į	No.	 W42









contact Victaulic. * No. W49 AGS Grooved x Non-AGS Grooved Adapter Nipple available in 14 - 24 inch/DN350 - DN600 sizes only.

No. W45R/LW45R - AGS Raised-Face Flange Adapter Nipple 150#

	Actual Pipe	No. W45R	No. LW45R					
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm					
14	14.000	8.00	8.00					
DN350	355.6	203	203					
16	16.000	8.00	8.00					
DN400	406.4	203	203					
18	18.000	8.00						
DN450	457.2	203	_					
20	20.000	8.00						
DN500	508.0	203	_					
24	24.000	8.00						
DN600	609.6	203						
26	26.000	12.00						
DN650	660.4	304.8	_					
28	28.000	12.00						
DN700	711.2	304.8						
30	30.000	12.00						
DN750	762.0	304.8						
32	32.000	12.00						
DN800	812.8	304.8						
36	36.000	12.00						
DN900	914.4	304.8						
40	40.000	12.00	_					
DN1000	1016.0	304.8						
42	42.000	12.00						
DN1050	1066.8	304.8						
46	46.000	12.00	_					
DN1150	1168.4	304.8						
48	48.000	12.00	_					
DN1200	1219.2	304.8						
54	54.000	16.00	_					
DN1350	1371.6	406.4						
56	56.000	16.00	_					
DN1400	1422.4	406.4						
60	60.000	16.00	_					
DN1500	1524.0	406.4						
For siz			For sizes larger than 60 inch/DN1500, contact Victaulic.					



No. W45R/LW45R

For AWWA and alternate flange specifications, contact Victaulic.

!



No. W60/LW60 - Cap

140. WOO/LWO	•	No. W60	No. LW60
	Actual Pipe		
Nominal	Outside	T	T
Fitting Size	Diameter	Thickness	Thickness
inches/DN	inches/mm	inches/mm	inches/mm
14	14.000	6.50	6.50
DN350	355.6	165	165
16	16.000	7.00	7.00
DN400	406.4	178	178
18	18.000	8.00	
DN450	457.2	203	
20	20.000	9.00	_
DN500	508.0	229	
24	24.000	10.50	
DN600	609.6	267	
26	26.000	14.50	_
DN650	660.4	368	
28	28.000	15.00	_
DN700	711.2	381	
30	30.000	15.50	_
DN750	762.0	394	
32	32.000	16.00	_
DN800	812.8	406	
36	36.000	17.00	_
DN900	914.4	432	
40	40.000	18.00	_
DN1000	1016.8	457	
42 DN11050	42.000	18.50	_
DN1050	1066.8	470	
46	46.000	19.50	_
DN1150 48	1168.4	495	
	48.000	20.00	_
DN1200 54	1219.2	508 21.50	
5 4 DN1372	54.000 1271.6	546	_
56	1371.6 56.000	22.00	
56 DN1422	1422.4	559	_
60	60.000	23.00	
DN1524	1524.0	584	_
			.00
For SIZ	es larger than 6		000,
	contact Vict	taulic.	



For end caps with an NPT or BST tapped port, contact Victaulic.



No. W50/LW50 - Concentric Reducer No. W51/LW51 - Eccentric Reducer





	-		No. W50	No. LW50	No. W51	No. LW51
inch	Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm			
14	×	6	14.00	_	13.00	_
DN350	٠.	DN150	356	1100	330	1100
		8 DN200	14.00	14.00	13.00 330	14.00
		10	356 14.00	356 14.00	13.00	356
		DN250	356	356	330	_
		12	14.00	14.00	13.00	14.00
		DN300	356	356	330	356
		10	13.00	330	13.00	330
377 mm	×	273	330	_	330	_
		12	14.00		13.00	
		323.9	356	_	330	_
16		8	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
DN400	×.	DN200	356	356	356	356
		10	14.00	14.00	14.00	
		DN250	356	356	356	
		12	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
		DN300	356	356	356	356
		14	14.00	14.00	14.00	_
		DN400	356	356	356	
426 mm	×	12	14.00		14.00	_
	٠.	323.9	356		356	
		377 mm	14.00	_	14.00	_
18		10	356 15.00		356	
DN450	×	DN250	381	_	15.00 381	_
DIN430		12	15.00		15.00	
		DN300	381	_	381	_
		14	15.00		15.00	
		DN350	381	_	381	_
		16	15.00		15.00	
		DN400	381	_	381	_
400		126	13.00		13.00	
480 mm	×	426 mm	330	_	330	_
1	-	377 mm	14.00		13.00	
		3// 111111	356	_	330	_
20	~	12	20.00		20.00	_
DN500	Χ.	DN300	508		508	
1		14	20.00	_	20.00	_
		DN350	508		508	
		16	20.00	_	20.00	_
		DN400	508		508	
		18	20.00	_	20.00	_
		DN450	508		508	



No. W50/LW50 - Concentric Reducer No. W51/LW51 - Eccentric Reducer





		No. W50	No. LW50	No. W51	No. LW51
	Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
24 DN600 ×	16 DN400	20.00 508	_	20.00 508	_
DINOUU	18			20.00	
	DN450	20.00 508	_		_
	20	20.00		508 20.00	
	DN500	508	_	508	_
26	14	24.00		24.00	
DN650 ×	DN350	610	_	610	_
DINOSO	16	24.00		24.00	
	DN400	610	_	610	_
	18	24.00		24.00	
	DN450	610	_	610	_
	20	24.00		24.00	
	DN500	610	_	610	_
	22	24.00		24.00	
	DN550	610	_	610	_
	24	24.00		24.00	
	DN600	610	_	610	
28	14	24.00		24.00	
DN700 ×	DN350	610		610	
	16	24.00		24.00	
	DN400	610		610	
	18	24.00		24.00	
	DN450	610		610	
	20	24.00		24.00	
	DN500	610		610	
	22	24.00		24.00	
	DN550	610		610	
	24	24.00	_	24.00	_
	DN600	610		610	
	26	24.00	_	24.00	_
	DN650	610		610	

1



No. W50/LW50 - Concentric Reducer No. W51/LW51 - Eccentric Reducer





		No. W50	No. LW50	No. W51	No. LW51
	Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
30 DN750 ×	14 DN350	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	16 DN400	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	18 DN450	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	20 DN500	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	22 DN550	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	24 DN600	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	26 DN650	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	28 DN700	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
32 DN800 ×	16 DN400	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	18 DN450	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	20 DN500	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	22 DN550	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	24 DN600	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	26 DN650	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	28 DN700	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	30 DN750	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_



No. W50/LW50 - Concentric Reducer No. W51/LW51 - Eccentric Reducer





		No. W50	No. LW50	No. W51	No. LW51
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm
36 ×	18	24.00	_	24.00	_
DN900 ^	DN450	610		610	
	20	24.00		24.00	_
	DN500	610		610	
	22	24.00		24.00	_
	DN550	610		610	
	24	24.00		24.00	_
	DN600	610		610	
	26	24.00		24.00	_
	DN650	610		610	
	28	24.00		24.00	_
	DN700	610		610	
	30	24.00		24.00	_
	DN750	610		610	
	32	24.00		24.00	_
	DN800	610		610	
40 ×	20	24.00		24.00	_
DN1000 ^	DN500	610		610	
	22	24.00		24.00	_
	DN550	610		610	
	24	24.00		24.00	_
	DN600	610		610	
	26	24.00		24.00	_
	DN650	610		610	
	28	24.00		24.00	_
	DN700	610		610	
	30	24.00		24.00	_
	DN750	610		610	
	32	24.00	_	24.00	
	DN800	610		610	
	36	24.00	_	24.00	_
	DN900	610		610	

1



No. W50/LW50 - Concentric Reducer No. W51/LW51 - Eccentric Reducer





		No. W50	No. LW50	No. W51	No. LW51
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm			
42 DN1050 X	20	24.00	_	24.00	_
DN1050 ×	DN500 22	610 24.00		610 24.00	
	DN550	610	_	610	
	24 DN600	24.00 610	_	24.00 610	_
	26	24.00	_	24.00	_
	DN650 28	610 24.00		610 24.00	
	DN700	610		610	_
	30	24.00		24.00	
	DN750	610	_	610	_
	32	24.00	_	24.00	_
	DN800 36	610 24.00		610 24.00	
	DN900	610	_	610	_
	40	24.00		24.00	
	DN1000	610	_	610	_
46 ×	22	28.00		28.00	
DN1150 ^	DN550	711		711	
	24 DN600	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_
	26 DN650	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_
	28	28.00		28.00	
	DN700	711	_	711	_
	30 DN750	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_
	32 DN800	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_
	36 DN900	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_
	38 DN950	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_
	40 DN1000	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_
	42 DN1050	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_



No. W50/LW50 - Concentric Reducer No. W51/LW51 - Eccentric Reducer





		No. W50	No. LW50	No. W51	No. LW51	
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm				
48 DN1200 ×	24 DN600	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
	26 DN650	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
,	28 DN700	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
,	30 DN750	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
	32 DN800	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
	36 DN900	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
	38 DN950	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
	40 DN1000	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
•	42 DN1050	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
	46 DN1150	28.00 711	_	28.00 711	_	
54 DN1350 ×	26 DN650	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
	28 DN700	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
	30 DN750	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
	32 DN800	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
	36 DN900	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
'	38 DN950	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
	40 DN1000	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
	42 DN1050	54.00 1372		54.00 1372		
	46 DN1150	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	
	48 DN1200	54.00 1372	_	54.00 1372	_	

1



No. W50/LW50 - Concentric Reducer No. W51/LW51 - Eccentric Reducer





		No. W50	No. LW50	No. W51	No. LW51	
Nominal Fitting Size inches/DN		E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	E to E inches/mm	
56 DN1400 ×	28 DN700	56.00 1422	_	56.00 1422	_	
3	30 DN750	56.00 1422	_	56.00 1422	_	
	32	56.00	_	56.00	_	
	DN800 36	1422 56.00	_	1422 56.00	_	
	DN900 38	1422 56.00	_	1422 56.00	_	
	DN950 40 DN1000	1422 56.00 1422	_	1422 56.00 1422	_	
	42 DN1050	56.00 1422	_	56.00 1422	_	
	46 DN1150	56.00 1422	_	56.00 1422	_	
	48 DN1200	56.00 1422	_	56.00 1422	_	
	54 DN1350	56.00 1422	_	56.00 1422	_	
60 DN1500 ×	30 DN750	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
3.1.333	32 DN800	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	36 DN900	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	38 DN950	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	40 DN1000	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	42 DN1050	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	46 DN1150	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	48 DN1200	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	54 DN1350	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
	56 DN1400	60.00 1524	_	60.00 1524	_	
DN1400 1324 1324						

For sizes larger than 60 x 56 inch/DN1500 x DN1400, contact Victaulic.





AGS RIGID COUPLINGS FOR AGS PREPARED PIPE

Style W07/LW07 - AGS Rigid Coupling Style W89 - AGS Rigid Coupling



Style W07 14 – 24-inch/ DN350 – DN600



Style LW07 14 – 16-inch/ DN350 – DN400



Style W07 26 - 50-inch/ DN650 - DN1250



Style W89 14 – 24-inch/ DN350 – DN600

Nominal	Actual Pipe	"Y" Din	nension – incl	nes/mm
Coupling Size	Outside Diameter			
inches/DN	inches/mm	Style W07	Style LW07	Style W89
14	14.000	20.88	20.88	21.38
DN350	355.6	530	530	543
	14.843	21.75	_	_
	377.0	552		
16	16.000	22.88	22.88	23.50
DN400	406.4	582	582	597
	16.772	23.75	_	_
	426.0	604		
18	18.000	25.00	_	25.63
DN450	457.0	636		651
	18.898	26.25	_	_
	480.0	666		
20	20.000	28.00	_	27.63
DN500	508.0	712		702
	20.866	29.00	_	_
	530.0	736		
22	22.000	30.25	_	29.88
DN550	558.8	768		759
24	24.000	32.25	_	32.00
DN600	609.6	820		813
	24.803	33.25	_	_
26	630.0	844		
26	26.000	35.75	_	_
DN650	660.4	908		
28	28.000	37.75	_	_
DN700	711.2	958		
30	30.000	40.25	_	_
DN750 32	762.0 32.000	1022 42.25		
DN800	812.8	1074	_	_
34	34.000	44.25		
34 DN850	863.6	1124	_	_
36	36.000	46.25		
DN900	914.4	1174	-	_
38	38.000	48.25		
DN900	965.0	1226	_	_
40	40.000	51.00		
DN1000	1016.0	1296	-	_
42	42.000	53.00		
DN1050	1066.8	1346	_	_





AGS RIGID COUPLINGS FOR AGS PREPARED PIPE

Style W07/LW07 - AGS Rigid Coupling Style W89 - AGS Rigid Coupling



Style W07 14 – 24-inch/ DN350 – DN600



Style LW07 14 – 16-inch/ DN350 – DN400



Style W07 26 - 50-inch/ DN650 - DN1250



Style W89 14 – 24-inch/ DN350 – DN600

Nominal	Actual Pipe	"Y" Dimension – inches/mm		
Coupling Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style W07	Style LW07	Style W89
44	44.000	55.00		
DN1100	1117.6	1398	_	_
46	46.000	57.00		
DN1150	1168.4	1448		
48	48.000	59.00		
DN1200	1219.2	1498	_	_
50	50.000	61.50		
DN1250	1270.0	1562	_	

AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS FOR AGS PREPARED PIPE

Style W77 – AGS Flexible Coupling Style W77B – AGS Flexible Coupling Style W77N – AGS Flexible Coupling







Style W77 26 – 50-inch/ DN650 – DN1500



Style W77B 54 – 88-inch/ DN1350-DN2200



Style W77B 90-inch/DN2250 and Larger



Style W77N 62 - 72-inch/ DN1550 - DN1800

Nominal Coupling Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	"Y" Dimension – inches/mm		
		Style W77	Style W77B	Style W77N
14	14.000	20.88		
DN350	355.6	530	_	_
	14.843	21.75		
	377.0	552	_	_
16	16.000	22.88		
DN400	406.4	582		
	16.772	23.75	_	
	426.0	604		
18	18.000	24.88	_	_
DN450	457.2	632		
	18.898	26.25	_	_
	480.0	666		
20	20.000	28.00	_	_
DN500	508.0	712		
	20.866	29.00	_	_
22	530.0	736		
DN550	22.000 558.8	30.50 774	_	_
24	24.000	32.25		
DN600	609.6	820	_	_
DINOUU	24.803	33.25		
	630.0	844	_	_
26	26.000	35.75		
DN650	660.4	908	-	_
28	28.000	37.75		
DN700	711.2	958	_	_
30	30.000	40.25		
DN750	762.0	1022	_	_
32	32.000	42.25		
DN800	812.8	1074		
34	34.000	44.25	_	_
DN850	863.6	1124		
36	36.000	46.25	_	_
DN900	914.4	1174		
38	38.000	48.25	_	_
DN900	965.2	1226	-	
40	40.000	51.50	_	_
DN1000	1016.0	1308	-	
42 DN1050	42.000 1066.8	53.00 1346	-	_
44	44.000	55.00	-	
DN1100	1117.6	1398	-	_
DIVITION	1117.0	1370	1	l.

<u>^!\</u>



AGS FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS FOR AGS PREPARED PIPE

Style W77 – AGS Flexible Coupling Style W77B – AGS Flexible Coupling Style W77N – AGS Flexible Coupling







Style W77 26 – 50-inch/ DN650 – DN1500



Style W77B 54 – 88-inch/ DN1350-DN2200



Style W77B 90-inch/DN2250 and Larger



Style W77N 62 - 72-inch/ DN1550 - DN1800

Nominal	Nominal Actual Pipe		"Y" Dimension – inches/mm		
Coupling Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	Style W77	Style W77B	Style W77N	
46 DN1150	46.000 1168.4	57.00 1448	_	_	
48 DN1200	48.000 1219.2	59.00	_	_	
50 DN1250	50.000	1498 61.50	_	_	
54 DN1350	1270.0 54.000 1371.6	1562 —	69.50 1766	65.25 1657	
56 DN1400	56.000 1422.2	_	71.50 1816	67.75 1721	
58 DN1450	58.000 1473.2	_	73.50 1866	_	
60 DN1500	60.000 1524.0	_	75.50 1918	72.25 1835	
62 DN1550	62.000 1574.8	_	78.50 1994	73.75 1873	
64 DN1600	64.000 1625.6	_	80.50 2044	76.00 1930	
66 DN1650	66.000 1676.4	_	82.50 2096	79.25 2013	
68 DN1700	68.000 1727.2	_	84.50 2146	_	
72 DN1800	72.000 1828.8	_	89.50 2274	85.25 2165	

Nominal Pipe Size	Coupling/ AGS <i>Vic-Ring</i> Size	"Y" Dimension – inches/mm		
inches/DN	inches/mm	Style W77B		
74	78.000	97.50		
DN1850	1981.2	2476		
80	84.000	103.50		
DN2000	2133.6	2628		
84	88.000	107.50		
DN2100	2235.2	2730		
90	94.000	115.50		
DN2250	2387.6	2934		
96	100.000	121.50		
DN2400	2540.0	3086		
For additional sizes, contact Victaulis				

For additional sizes, contact Victaulic.





AGS *VIC-FLANGE* ADAPTER FOR AGS GROOVED-END PIPE

Style W741 - AGS Vic-Flange Adapter (ANSI Class 125/150)

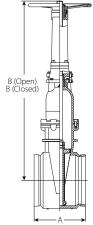
Nominal	Actual Pipe Outside	"W" Dimension – inches/mm
Flange Size inches/DN	Diameter inches/mm	Style W741
14	14.000	24.5
DN350	355.6	622
16	16.000	27.1
DN400	406.4	688
18	18.000	29.0
DN450	457.0	737
20	20.000	31.5
DN500	508.0	800
24	24.000	36.0
DN600	609.6	914



Style W741



Series W371 - AGS Open Stem & Yoke (OS&Y) Gate Valve

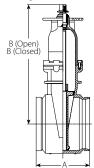


Nominal	Actual Pipe	Dimensions – inches/mm			
Valve Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	A End-to-End	B Height Closed	B Height Open	
14	14.000	15.00	53.00	66.75	
DN350	355.6	381	1346	1695	
16	16.000	16.00	55.88	71.63	
DN400	406.4	406	1419	1819	

1



Series W372 - AGS Non-Rising Stem (NRS) Gate Valve

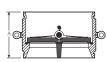


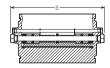
Nominal	Actual Pipe	Dimensions – inches/mm		
Valve Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	A End-to-End	B Height Open/Closed	
14	14.000	15.00	32.50	
DN350	355.6	381	826	
16	16.000	16.00	36.00	
DN400	406.4	406	914	

<u>/!</u>`



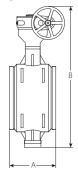
Series W715 - AGS Double Disc Vic-Check Valve





Nominal	Actual Pipe	Dimensions – inches/mm		
Valve Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	A End-to-End	B Overall Width	
14	14.000	10.75	15.04	
DN350	355.6	273	382	
16	16.000	12.00	19.88	
DN400	406.4	305	505	
18	18.000	14.25	21.54	
DN450	457.2	362	547	
20	20.000	14.50	24.72	
DN500	508.0	368	628	
24	24.000	15.50	28.82	
DN600	609.6	394	732	

Series W719 - AGS Butterfly Valve



Nominal	Actual Pipe	Dimensions – inches/mm		
Valve Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	A End-to-End	B Overall Height	
14	14.000	15.98	39.29	
DN350	355.6	406	998	
16	16.000	15.98	38.11	
DN400	406.4	406	968	
18	18.000	15.98	45.39	
DN450	457.2	406	1153	
20	20.000	17.99	47.44	
DN500	508.0	457	1205	
24	24.000	17.99	54.84	
DN600	609.6	457	1393	
30	30.000	22.01	66.57	
DN750	762.0	559	1691	
36	36.000	22.01	77.13	
DN900	914.4	559	1959	
42	42.000	24.02	85.55	
DN1050	1066.8	610	2173	
48	48.000	25.98	94.80	
DN1200	1219.2	660	2408	
54	54.000	27.99	104.57	
DN1350	1371.6	711	2656	
60	60.000	30.00	111.65	
DN1500	1524.0	762	2836	

A



Series W761 - AGS Vic-300™ Butterfly Valve





Nominal	Actual Pipe	Dimensions – inches/mm		
Valve Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	A End-to-End	B Overall Height	
14	14.000	10.00	26.25	
DN350	355.6	254	667	
16	16.000	10.50	29.00	
DN400	406.4	267	737	
18	18.000	11.00	32.25	
DN450	457.0	279	819	
20	20.000	11.50	36.25	
DN500	508.0	292	921	
24	24.000	12.00	42.50	
DN600	609.6	305	1080	

AGS EXPANSION JOINT FOR AGS GROOVED-END PIPE

Style W155 - AGS Expansion Joint

Nominal	Actual Pipe	Dimensions – inches/mm		
Expansion Joint Size inches/DN	Outside Diameter inches/mm	L - Length (Ref.) Compressed	L - Length (Ref.) Expanded	
14	14.000	30.00	31.75	
DN350	355.6	762	807	
16	16.000	30.00	31.75	
DN400	406.4	762	807	
18	18.000	30.00	31.75	
DN450	457.2	762	807	
20	20.000	30.00	31.75	
DN500	508.0	762	807	
24	24.000	30.00	31.75	
DN600	609.6	762	807	



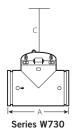
Style W155





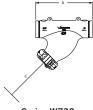
Series W730 - AGS Vic-Strainer

Nominal	Actual Pipe	Dimensions – inches/mi	
Vic-Strainer	Outside		С
Size	Diameter	Α	Basket
inches/DN	inches/mm	End-to-End	Clearance
14	14.000	22.00	28.00
DN350	355.6	559	711
16	16.000	24.00	30.00
DN400	406.4	610	762
18	18.000	31.00	35.00
DN450	457.0	787	889
20	20.000	34.50	38.00
DN500	508.0	876	965
24	24.000	40.00	44.00
DN600	609.6	1016	1118



Series W732 - AGS Wye-Type Vic-Strainer

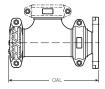
Nominal Vic-Strainer Size inches/DN	Actual Pipe Outside Diameter inches/mm	Dimensions - A End-to-End	- inches/mm C Basket Clearance
14	14.000	34.00	30.00
DN350	355.6	864	762
16	16.000	37.00	32.00
DN400	406.4	940	813
18	18.000	40.51	35.00
DN450	457.2	1029	889

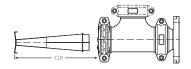






Series W731-I - AGS Suction Diffuser (Europe Only)



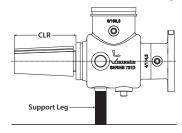


Diffu	Nominal Suction Diffuser Size inches/DN		Dimensions -	- inches/mm	
Inlet	х	Outlet	OAL CLR Overall Length Basket Clearance		
14 DN350	х	10 DN250	29.00 737	28.00 711	
		12 DN300	37.50 953	35.00 889	
	-	14 DN350	40.56 1030	39.00 991	
16 DN400	х	12 DN300	37.50 953	35.00 889	
	-	14 DN350	40.56 1030	39.00 991	
18 DN450	х	16 DN400	44.50 1130	43.00 1092	
24 DN600	х	20 DN500	54.25 1378	55.00 1397	



Series W731-D - AGS Suction Diffuser with ANSI Class 150 Flange



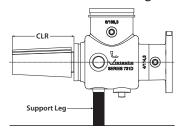


Nominal Suction Diffuser Size inches/DN		Size	Dimensions – inches/mm	
			OAL	CLR
Inlet	X	Outlet	Overall Length	Basket Clearance
14		10	29.00	22.00
DN350	×	DN250	737	559
		12	29.00	22.00
	_	DN300	737	559
		14	29.00	22.00
		DN350	737	559
16	~	12	36.00	25.00
DN400	×	DN300	914	635
		14	36.00	25.00
		DN350	914	635
		16	36.00	25.00
		DN400	914	635
18	×	14	39.00	28.00
DN450	^_	DN350	991	711
		16	39.00	28.00
	_	DN400	991	711
		18	39.00	28.00
		DN450	991	711
20	×	16	43.00	30.00
DN500	^_	DN400	1092	762
		18	43.00	30.00
		DN450	1092	762
		20	43.00	30.00
		DN500	1092	762
24		18	47.00	34.00
DN600	×		1194	864
		20	47.00	34.00
	_	DN500	1194	864
		24	47.00	34.00
		DN600	1194	864



Series W731-D - AGS Suction Diffuser with PN10/PN16 Flange



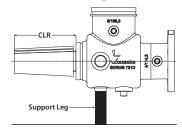


Nominal Suction Diffuser Size DN/inches		Size	Dimensions – mm/inches		
Inlet	х	Outlet	OAL Overall Length	CLR Basket Clearance	
DN350 14	×	DN250 10	737 29.00	559 22.00	
	_	DN300 12	737 29.00	559 22.00	
	_	DN350 14	737 29.00	559 22.00	
DN400 16	×	DN300 12	914 36.00	635 25.00	
	-	DN350 14	914 36.00	635 25.00	
	-	DN400 16	914 36.00	635 25.00	
DN450 18	×	DN350 14	991 39.00	711 28.00	
	-	DN400 16	991 39.00	711 28.00	
		DN450 18	991 39.00	711 28.00	
DN500 20	×	DN400 16	1092 43.00	762 30.00	
20	-	DN450 18	1092 43.00	762 30.00	
	-	DN500 20	1092 43.00	762 30.00	
DN600 24	х	DN450 18	1194 47.00	864 34.00	
		DN500 20	1194 47.00	864 34.00	
		DN600 24	1194 47.00	864 34.00	



Series W731-D - AGS Suction Diffuser with GB Flange





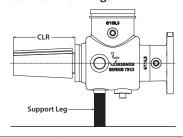
Nominal Suction Diffuser Size DN/inches		Size	Dimensions – mm/inches		
			OAL	CLR	
Inlet	Х	Outlet	Overall Length	Basket Clearance	
DN350		DN250	737	559	
14	X	10	29.00	22.00	
	-	DN300	737	559	
		12	29.00	22.00	
	-	DN350	737	559	
		14	29.00	22.00	
DN400		DN300	914	635	
16	×	12	36.00	25.00	
	-	DN350	914	635	
		14	36.00	25.00	
		DN400	914	635	
		16	36.00	25.00	
DN450	×	DN350	991	711	
18	^ .	14	39.00	28.00	
		DN400	991	711	
		16	39.00	28.00	
		DN450	991	711	
		18	39.00	28.00	
DN500	×	DN400	1092	762	
20	^.	16	43.00	30.00	
		DN450	1092	762	
		18	43.00	30.00	
		DN500	1092	762	
		20	43.00	30.00	
DN600	×	DN450	1194	864	
24	24 × _	18	47.00	34.00	
		DN500	1194	864	
	-	20	47.00	34.00	
		DN600	1194	864	
		24	47.00	34.00	

1



Series W731-D - AGS Suction Diffuser with JIS Flange



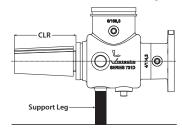


Nominal JIS Suction Diffuser Size mm/inches			Dimensions – mm/inches	
Inlet	х	Outlet	OAL Overall Length	CLR Basket Clearance
350A 14	×	250A 10	737 29.00	559 22.00
	_	300A 12	737 29.00	559 22.00
	-	350A 14	737 29.00	559 22.00
400A 16	×	300A 12	914 36.00	635 25.00
		350A 14	914 36.00	635 25.00
	_	400A 16	914 36.00	635 25.00
450A 18	×	350A 14	991 39.00	711 28.00
	-	400A 16	991 39.00	711 28.00
	-	450A 18	991 39.00	711 28.00
500A 20	×	400A 16	1092 43.00	762 30.00
		450A 18	1092 43.00	762 30.00
		500A 20	1092 43.00	762 30.00
600A 24	×	450A 18	1194 47.00	864 34.00
		500A 20	1194 47.00	864 34.00
	_	600A 24	1194 47.00	864 34.00



Series W731-D - AGS Suction Diffuser with AS Table "E" Flange





Nominal Suction Diffuser Size DN/inches			Dimensions – mm/inches	
			OAL	CLR
Inlet	X	Outlet	Overall Length	Basket Clearance
DN350	×	DN250	737	559
14		10	29.00	22.00
		DN300	737	559
		12	29.00	22.00
		DN350	737	559
		14	29.00	22.00
DN400	×	DN300	914	635
16		12	36.00	25.00
		DN350	914	635
	_	14	36.00	25.00
		DN400	914	635
		16	36.00	25.00
DN450	×	DN350	991	711
18		14	39.00	28.00
		DN400	991	711
		16	39.00	28.00
		DN450	991	711
		18	39.00	28.00
DN500	×	DN400	1092	762
20		16	43.00	30.00
		DN450	1092	762
	_	18	43.00	30.00
		DN500	1092	711
		20	43.00	30.00
DN600	х	DN450	1194	864
24		18	47.00	34.00
		DN500	1194	864
	_	20	47.00	34.00
		DN600	1194	864
		24	47.00	34.00





U.S./World Headquarters

4901 Kesslersville Road Prijkelstraat 36 Easton, PA 18040 USA 9810 Nazareth, Belgium

◀ victauliclocations.com

Asia Pacific

Unit 808, Building B Hongwell International Plaza No.1602 West Zhongshan Road Shanghai, China 200235

I-W100 7490 REV B 07/2021 Z00W100PHB
Victaulic and all other Victaulic marks are the trademarks or registered trademarks of Victaulic Company, and/or its affiliated entities, in the U.S. and/or other countries. All other trademarks listed herein are the property of their respective holders, in the U.S. and/or other countries. The terms "Patented" or "Patent Pending" refer to design or utility patents or patent applications for articles and/or methods of use in the United States and/or other countries.

