| HEALTH |  | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FLAMMABILITY | 2 |  |
| PHYSICAL | 0 |  |
| PPE | C |  |



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Supercedes Revision: 01/29/2008

## Product Code:

Product Name:
Reference \#:
Manufacturer Information
Company Name:

Phone Number:
Emergency Contact:
Information:
Web site address:
Preparer Name:
1230.7

KLEAN HEAT
1230.7
W. M. Barr

2105 Channel Avenue
Memphis, TN 38113
(901)775-0100

3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact (800)451-8346
W.M. Barr Customer Service
(800)398-3892
www.wmbarr.com
W.M. Barr EHS Dept
(901)775-0100

## Synonyms

GKKH99991, GKKH99991BLK

## 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) CAS \# Concentration OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV

| 1. Raffinates (petroleum), sorption process |
| :--- |
| 64741-85-1 $95.0-100.0 \%$ | No data. No data.

Emergency Overview
Caution! Combustible! Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and all other sources of ignition. Vapors may cause
fire. Vapors may travel long distances to other areas and rooms away from work site. Do not smoke. Extinguish
all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and all other sources of ignition anywhere
in the structure, dwelling or building during use and until all vapors are gone from work site and all areas away
from the work site. Keep away from electrical outlets and switches. Beware of static electricity that may be
generated by synthetic clothing and other sources.

## Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic)

Inhalation Acute Exposure Effects:
Vapor concentration may cause headache, dizziness, irritation of the respiratory tract, eye irritation, stupor, depression of the central nervous system, watering of the eyes, weakness, nausea, muscle twitches, and kidney effects. Aspiration into lungs may cause pneumonia or death. Severe overexposure may cause convulsions, unconsciousness, and death.

Skin Contact Acute Exposure Effects:
May cause irritation.
Eye Contact Acute Exposure Effects:
Liquid contact may cause irritation.

Ingestion Acute Exposure Effects:
Causes irritation of the stomach and intestines, resulting in nausea and vomiting.

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 

Page: 2

Chronic Exposure Effects:
Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with neurological and other physiological damage. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause redness, irritation, and scaling of the skin. May cause skin irritation, anemia, bone marrow damage, liver damage, and jaundice.

## Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure

Primary routes of exposure:
Inhalation, ingestion, and dermal.

## Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure

None known.

## OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

## 4. First Aid Measures

## Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Inhalation:
If user experiences breathing difficulty, move to air free of vapors. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration until medical assistance can be rendered.

Skin contact:
Wash with soap and large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation from contact persists.

Eye contact:
Immediately flush eyes with water, remove nay contact lens, continue flushing with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion:
Do not induce vomiting. Call your poison control center, hospital emergency room, or physician immediately.
Note to Physician
Call your local poison control center for further instructions.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Pt: $\quad>150 \mathrm{~F}$ Method Used: Setaflash Closed Cup (Rapid Setaflash)
Explosive Limits:
Autoignition Pt:
LEL: $1.0 \quad$ UEL: No data.

## Fire Fighting Instructions

Self-contained respiratory protection should be provided for fire fighters fighting fires in buildings or confined areas. Storage containers exposed to fire should be kept cool with water spray to prevent pressure build-up. Stay away from heads of containers that have been exposed to intense heat or flame.

## Flammable Properties and Hazards

No data available.

## Hazardous Combustion Products

No data available.
Extinguishing Media
Use carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam.

## Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

## Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

## Clean-up:

Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind, out of low areas, and ventilate closed spaces before entering. Shut off ignition sources, keep flares, smoking or flames out of hazard area.

Small spills:
Take up the spilled liquid with sand, earth, or other noncombustible absorbent material and place in a plastic container where applicable.

Large spills:
Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal.

## 7. Handling and Storage

## Precautions To Be Taken in Handling

Read carefully all cautions and directions on product label before use. Since empty container retains residue, follow all label warnings even after container is empty. Dispose of empty container according to all regulations. Do not reuse this container.

## Precautions To Be Taken in Storing

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store near flames or at elevated temperatures.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

## Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type)

When refueling, if possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If refueling indoors, open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- Stop -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately. Always follow appliance manufacturer's directions for fueling, ignition, and all other activities associated with use of the appliance.

## Eye Protection

Safety glasses, chemical goggles or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury. Contact lenses should not be worn while working with chemicals.

## Protective Gloves

Wear impermeable gloves. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded. Promptly remove clothing that becomes soiled with product.

## Other Protective Clothing

Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure. A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Before reuse, thoroughly clean any clothing or protective equipment that has been contaminated by prior use. Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated, such as gloves or shoes.

## Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.)

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent build-up of vapors. Open all windows and doors. Use only with a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea, or eye-watering -- Stop -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately.

## Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices

No data available.

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical States:
Melting Point:
Boiling Point:
Autoignition Pt:
Flash Pt:
Explosive Limits:
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):
Bulk density:
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg): No data.
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):
Evaporation Rate:
Solubility in Water:
Percent Volatile:
voc / Volume:
Appearance and Odor
No data available.

Stability:
Conditions To Avoid - Instability
No data available.
Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid
Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents.

## Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts

Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.
Hazardous Polymerization: Will occur [ ] Will not occur [ X ]

## Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Polymerization

No data available.

## 11. Toxicological Information

No data available.
Chronic Toxicological Effects
No data available.
Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

1. Raffinates (petroleum), sorption process

| CAS \# | NTP | IARC |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $64741-85-1$ | $n$ |  |

## 12. Ecological Information

No data available.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

## Waste Disposal Method

Dispose in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

## 14. Transport Information

## LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT)

DOT Proper Shipping Name

## Additional Transport Information

No data available.
No data available.

## 15. Regulatory Information

## US EPA SARA Title III

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

1. Raffinates (petroleum), sorption process

US EPA CAA, CWA, TSCA
Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

1. Raffinates (petroleum), sorption process

## EPA Hazard Categories:

This material meets the EPA 'Hazard Categories' defined for SARA Title III Sections 311/312 as indicated:
[X] Yes [ ] No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard
[X] Yes [ ] No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
[X] Yes [ ] No Fire Hazard
[ ] Yes [X] No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
[ ] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard

## 16. Other Information

## Company Policy or Disclaimer

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

