



# Safety Data Sheet

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

## Adam's Buttery Wax

Version number: GHS 11.0  
Replaces version of: 2019-09-16 (GHS 10)

Revision: 2019-12-04

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

**Adam's Buttery Wax**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Vehicle polish

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Adam's Polishes Inc.  
8225 North Valley Hwy.  
Thornton CO 80221  
720-484-5059

tips@adamspolishes.com  
www.adamspolishes.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500  
24 hour emergency number

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
A.7	reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361f
B.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

Additional information

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word warning

- Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



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- Hazard statements

H227	Combustible liquid.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.

- Precautionary statements

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P308+P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

## 2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Contains Ethyl methylphenylglycidate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 1: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

### Description of the mixture

Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS			
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	CAS No 64742-48-9	12 – < 20	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
China Clay, calcined	CAS No 66402-68-4	3 – < 12	Acute Tox. 4 / H332
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	CAS No 556-67-2	1 – < 3	Repr. 2 / H361f Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	CAS No 541-02-6	0.1 – < 1	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	CAS No 77-83-8	0.1 – < 1	Skin Sens. 1B / H317

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16. Exact percentage of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret.



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### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first- aid measures

##### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

##### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

##### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

##### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

##### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

##### Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

##### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.



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### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

Frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.



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### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Notation	Source
US	petroleum distillates (naphtha) (rubber solvent)	64742-48-9	PEL	500	2,000						29 CFR 1910.1000

#### Notation

Ceiling-C  
STEL

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur  
short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	DNEL	15.63 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	DNEL	2.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	DNEL	0.7 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects



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### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 mg/l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.059 mg/kg	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	1.7 mg/kg	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.44 µg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.044 µg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	3 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.3 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.59 mg/kg	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.16 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 mg/l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 mg/kg	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	13 mg/kg	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 mg/kg	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.2 µg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	0.12 µg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.27 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	PNEC	0.084 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	PNEC	0.008 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)



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### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	PNEC	8.4 µg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	PNEC	10 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	PNEC	0.214 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	PNEC	0.021 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	PNEC	0.038 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

##### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

##### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	liquid (viscous)
Color	light yellow
Odor	fruity



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### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	63 °C at 101.3 kPa 146 °F at 1 atm
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

### Explosive limits

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.7 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	5.4 vol%
Vapor pressure	31.69 hPa at 25 °C
Density	0.98 – 1.02 g/cm <sup>3</sup> 8.3-8.4 lbs/US Gal
Vapor density	this information is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	343 °C

### Viscosity

- Kinematic viscosity	5,500 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 25 °C
- Dynamic viscosity	5,500 cP at 25 °C
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C)



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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture			
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	inhalation: dust/mist	2.3 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Contains Ethyl methylphenylglycidate. May produce an allergic reaction.



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### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	>22 µg/l	fish	96 h
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>1,000 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	96 h
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 µg/l	fish	96 h
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 µg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	LC50	4.2 mg/l	fish	96 h
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	EC50	95 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	ErC50	36 mg/l	algae	72 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EC50	15.41 mg/l	microorganisms	40 h
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	EC50	300.4 mg/l	microorganisms	3 h
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	10 µg/l	fish	14 d



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### Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>500 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 µg/l	fish	14 d
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>15 µg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	EC50	95 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

#### Endocrine disrupting potential

The mixture contains substance(s) with an endocrine disrupting potential.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.



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### SECTION 14: Transport information

<b>14.1 UN number</b>	3082
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b> Technical name (hazardous ingredients)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b> Class	9 (environmentally hazardous)
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	III (substance presenting low danger)
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b> Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment)	hazardous to the aquatic environment N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b> There is no additional information.	
<b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</b> The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

##### Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

*Not regulated under DOT until packaged in single containers larger than 119 gallons each - liquid, or 882 lbs each - solid.*

Index number	3082
Proper shipping name - Particulars in the shipper's declaration	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (contains: N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy), 9, III
- Reportable quantity (RQ)	212,766 lbs (96,596 kg) (diethanolamine) (amyl acetate)
Class	9
Packing group	III
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree
 	
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Special provisions (SP)	8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
ERG No	171



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### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number	3082
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class	9
Marine pollutant	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Packing group	III
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree



Special provisions (SP)	274, 335, 969
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L
EmS	F-A, S-F
Stowage category	A

### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number	3082
Proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
Class	9
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Packing group	III
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree



Special provisions (SP)	A97, A158, A197
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	30 kg

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

#### National regulations (United States)

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)** all ingredients are listed

#### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed



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### Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### - Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
water	7732-18-5	carrier fluid / dis-solver	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	solvents	Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	abrasive	
polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	shine agent	
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	surfactant	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
organically modified hectorite	confidential	viscosity modifier	
methyl alkyl (C25-54, branched and linear) siloxane	189378-12-9	shine agent	
diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	fragrance	CDC 4th National Exposure Report CECBP - Priority Chemicals CWA 303(c) CWA 303(d)
diethyl phthalate	84-66-2		Nonfunctional constituents
1-alkenes, C24-C54 (branched and linear)	131459-42-2	solvents	
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	alcohols	OEHHA RELs
Ethyl methylphenylglycidate	77-83-8	fragrance	
2,2'-iminodiethanol	111-42-2	non-functional constituent	
carnauba wax	8015-86-9	wax	
ethyl butyrate	105-54-4	fragrance	
Ethyl vanillin	121-32-4	fragrance	
amyl acetate	628-63-7	fragrance	

#### - Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	A, O	

#### Legend

- A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
- O Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division



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### California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals				
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.047		cancer

### VOC content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA): 14.83 %  
Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB): 14.83 %

### Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

#### NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

Chronic: chronic hazard  
Flammability: flammability hazard  
Health: health hazard  
Personal protection: personal protective equipment (PPE) for normal use  
Physical hazard: reactivity

#### NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		



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### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

#### Legend

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)  
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances  
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
14.2		Technical name (hazardous ingredients): N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	yes
14.5		Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment): N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	yes
14.7	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., 9, III	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (contains: N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy), 9, III	yes
15.1		Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	yes
15.1		Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)	yes
15.1		Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)	yes
15.1		Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK): change in the listing (table)	yes
16		Abbreviations and acronyms: change in the listing (table)	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EmS	Emergency Schedule
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.