

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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 Document Group:
 23-4964-5
 Version Number:
 4.00

 Issue Date:
 17/06/2019
 Supercedes Date:
 26/02/2019

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Malaysia Occupational Safety and Health (Chemical Classification, Labelling and Safety Data Sheets) Regulations 2013.

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Injector Cleaner, 08812

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

60-4550-6518-9

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

### Recommended use

Automotive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

ADDRESS: 3M Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Level 8, Block F, Oasis Square, No.2, Jalan PJU 1A/7A, Ara Damansara 47301

Petaling, Jaya, Selangor

**Telephone:** 03-7884 2888

E Mail: 3mmyehsr@mmm.com Website: www.3M.com.my

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+60 03-7884 2888

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 3. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2. Aspiration Hazard: Category 1. Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2.

# 2.2. Label elements

#### Signal word

Danger

#### **Symbols**

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard | Environment |

## **Pictograms**



#### **Hazard Statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention:** 

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280B Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:** 

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P370 + P378G In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry

chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

# 2.3. Other hazards

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	50 - 90
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	10 - 40
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 5
AMINOALKYL SUBSTITUTED	Trade Secret	< 3
ALKYLPHENOL		

Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 2
Petroleum Naphtha	64742-94-5	< 2
Polyether Amine	Trade Secret	< 2
Naphthalene	91-20-3	< 1

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

# 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring Combustion

## 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or

exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Malaysia OELs	TWA(8 hours):434	
-			mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon	A3: Confirmed animal
			vapor, non-aerosol):200	carcin., SKIN
			mg/m3	
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-94-5	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon	A3: Confirmed animal
			vapor, non-aerosol):200	carcin., SKIN
			mg/m3	

Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	Malaysia OELs	TWA(8 hours):525	
			mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	ACGIH	TWA:10 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin., SKIN
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Malaysia OELs	TWA(8 hours):52 mg/m3(10	
			ppm)	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

Malaysia OELs: Malaysia. Occupational Safety and Health (Use and Standards of Exposure of Chemicals Hazardous to Health) Regulations

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

None required.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance/Odor Clear liquid, Solvent/kerosene odor

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableMelting point/Freezing pointNo Data Available

Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range 182.2 - 287.8 °C [Details: Based on Kerosene's MSDS]

Flash Point 48.9 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup] [Details:based on kerosene's

MSDS]

**Evaporation rate**No Data Available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not Applicable

Flammable Limits(LEL)

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Vapor Pressure

No Data Available

**Density** 0.8 kg/l

**Relative Density** 0.82 [*Ref Std*:WATER=1]

Water solubilityNo Data AvailableSolubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data Available

**Autoignition temperature** 253.9 °C [Details:based on kerosene's MSDS]

**Decomposition temperature**No Data Available

Viscosity 14.2 mPa-s

Volatile Organic Compounds100 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]Volatile Organic Compounds820 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

**Percent volatile**No Data Available

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 820 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Not determined

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u> <u>Condition</u>

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

## 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### **Inhalation:**

May be harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Skin Contact:**

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Eye Contact:**

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

#### **Ingestion:**

Chemical (Aspiration) Pneumonitis: Signs/symptoms may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficulty breathing, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), and may be fatal.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Additional Health Effects:**

## Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

# Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE20 - 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Stoddard Solvent	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Stoddard Solvent	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 18 mg/l
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,400 mg/kg
Petroleum Naphtha	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

Petroleum Naphtha	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Naphthalene	Dermal	Human	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Naphthalene	Inhalation-	Human	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
	Vapor		
Naphthalene	Ingestion	Human	LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 15,433 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 17.4 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,769 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 18 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,400 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

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Name	Species	Value	
	•		
Stoddard Solvent	Rabbit	Irritant	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Rabbit	Irritant	
Petroleum Naphtha	Rabbit	Irritant	
Naphthalene	Rabbit	Minimal irritation	
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Rabbit	Irritant	

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation

scribus Lyc Damage in reaction				
Name	Species	Value		
Stoddard Solvent	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant		
Petroleum Naphtha	Rabbit	Mild irritant		
Naphthalene	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant		

## **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Stoddard Solvent	Guinea	Not classified
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Guinea	Not classified
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	pig Guinea	Not classified
Petroleum Naphtha	pig Guinea	Not classified
Ethylbenzene	pig Human	Not classified
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Guinea pig	Not classified

# **Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
Stoddard Solvent	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Stoddard Solvent	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

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Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Stoddard Solvent	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum Naphtha	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Naphthalene	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic

# Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1.5 mg/l	during gestation
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	premating & during gestation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1.5 mg/l	during gestation

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Stoddard Solvent	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	roleum Distillates system depression dizziness			Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Notavailable	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classifica tion	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Naphtha	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Naphtha	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Petroleum Naphtha	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Naphthalene	Ingestion	blood	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classifica tion	NOAEL Not available	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   blood   liver   muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Stoddard Solvent	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL 1.3	90 days

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				animal species	mg/l	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver   kidney and/or bladder   heart   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.2 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Naphthalene	Dermal	blood	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Naphthalene	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Naphthalene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	13 weeks
Naphthalene	Inhalation	blood	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Naphthalene	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Naphthalene	Ingestion	blood	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Naphthalene	Ingestion	eyes	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rabbit	LOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	15 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.4 mg/l	28 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	5 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   muscles	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.2 mg/l	90 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	heart   immune system   respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day	6 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	3 months
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver   kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.2	3 months

		bladder   heart   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   immune system			mg/l	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600	14 days
		system			mg/kg/day	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver   immune	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	28 days
		system   kidney			1,000	
		and/or bladder			mg/kg/day	

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Stoddard Solvent	Aspiration hazard
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard
Petroleum Naphtha	Aspiration hazard
Ethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

## 12.1. Toxicity

## Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 2: Toxic to aquatic life.

## Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

No product test data available

Material	Cas #	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test Endpoint	Test Result
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3		Data not available or insufficient for			
			classification			
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	1 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Rainbow Trout	Estimated	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	2 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level 50%	1.4 mg/l

Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect	1 mg/l
Light	04/42-4/-0	Green Aigae	Estimated	/2 Hours	Level	1 111g/1
Petroleum					Level	
Distillates Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	No obs Effect	0.48 mg/l
,	64/42-4/-8	water flea	Estimated	21 days	<b>I</b>	0.48 mg/I
Light					Level	
Petroleum						
Distillates						
1,2,4-	95-63-6	Fathead	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal	7.72 mg/l
Trimethylbenze		Minnow			Concentration	
ne					50%	
1,2,4-	95-63-6	Mysid Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal	2 mg/l
Trimethylbenze					Concentration	
ne					50%	
1,2,4-	95-63-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Effect	3.6 mg/l
Trimethylbenze	1		F		Concentration	
ne					50%	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Atlantic	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal	5.1 mg/l
Ethylochizene	100 41 4	Silverside	Experimental	) Hours	Concentration	3.1 1118/1
		Silverside			50%	
E4111	100 41 4	C A 1	F	061	Effect	2.6/1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	l l	3.6 mg/l
					Concentration	
					50%	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Mysid Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal	2.6 mg/l
					Concentration	
					50%	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Rainbow Trout	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal	4.2 mg/l
					Concentration	
					50%	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Effect	1.8 mg/l
			1		Concentration	
					50%	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	No obs Effect	0.96 mg/l
Ethylochizene		, ater freu	Experimentar	auys	Conc	0.90 mg/1
Petroleum	64742-94-5	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	Effect Level	11 mg/l
Naphtha	04/42-94-3	Green Aigae	Experimental	/2 Hours	50%	11 mg/1
	(4742 04 5	Daimh ann Tuant	E-manina antal	06 1		2 ~/1
Petroleum	64742-94-5	Rainbow Trout	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Level	2 mg/l
Naphtha	64540.04.5	TTT	- · · · · ·	40.1	50%	2 //
Petroleum	64742-94-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Effect Level	3 mg/l
Naphtha					50%	
Petroleum	64742-94-5	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	No obs Effect	2.5 mg/l
Naphtha				1	Level	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	Effect	0.4 mg/l
					Concentration	
					50%	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Rainbow Trout	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal	0.11 mg/l
•					Concentration	
					50%	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Effect	1.6 mg/l
- tapitulatelle	200	,, 4101 1104	Zapormionur	Iouis	Concentration	1 1118/1
					50%	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Fish other	Experimental	40 days	No obs Effect	0.12 mg/l
raphinalene	191-20-3	1 ISH OHIEL	Lapermiental	1 uays	I	0.12 IIIg/1
					Conc	1

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Stoddard	8052-41-3	Estimated		Photolytic half-	6.49 days (t	Other methods
Solvent		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Stoddard	8052-41-3	Experimental	28 days	Carbon dioxide	63 % weight	OECD 301B - Mod.
Solvent		Biodegradation	-	evolution	_	Sturm or CO2
Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Data not			N/A	
Light		availbl-				
Petroleum		insufficient				
Distillates						
1,2,4-	95-63-6	Experimental		Photolytic half-	11.8 hours (t	Other methods
Trimethylbenze		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
ne					·	
1,2,4-	95-63-6	Experimental	28 days	Biological	>60 % weight	OECD 301F -
Trimethylbenze		Biodegradation		Oxygen		Manometric Respiro
ne				Demand		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.26 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental	28 days	Carbon dioxide	70-80 %	Other methods
		Biodegradation		evolution	weight	
Petroleum	64742-94-5	Estimated		Photolytic half-	<2.06 days (t	Other methods
Naphtha		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Petroleum	64742-94-5	Estimated	28 days	Biological	58 %	OECD 301F -
Naphtha		Biodegradation		Oxygen	BOD/ThBOD	Manometric Respiro
				Demand		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Experimental	28 days	Biological	>74 %	OECD 301C - MITI (I)
		Biodegradation	_	Oxygen	BOD/ThBOD	
				Demand		

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Stoddard	8052-41-3	Estimated		Bioaccumulatio	1944	Est: Bioconcentration
Solvent		Bioconcentrati		n Factor		factor
		on				
Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Light		available or				
Petroleum		insufficient for				
Distillates		classification				
1,2,4-	95-63-6	Experimental	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	<=275	OECD 305E-Bioaccum
Trimethylbenze		BCF-Carp		n Factor		Fl-thru fis
ne						
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental	42 days	Bioaccumulatio	1	Other methods
		BCF - Other		n Factor		
Petroleum	64742-94-5	Experimental		Log of	4.4	Other methods
Naphtha		Bioconcentrati		Octanol/H2O		
		on		part. coeff		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Experimental	56 days	Bioaccumulatio	36.5-168	OECD 305E-Bioaccum
		BCF-Carp		n Factor		Fl-thru fis

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

According to the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005, scheduled waste has to be sent to a prescribed premise for recycling, treatment or disposal. Please approach Kualiti Alam for proper schedule waste classification and disposal.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

## **Marine Transport (IMDG)**

UN Number:UN1223

Proper Shipping Name: KEROSENE Technical Name: None assigned. Hazard Class/Division: 3
Subsidiary Risk: None assigned.

Packing Group:III Limited Quantity:Yes

Marine Pollutant: None assigned.

Marine Pollutant Technical Name: None assigned.

Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions:

None assigned.

#### Air Transport (IATA)

UN Number:UN1223

Proper Shipping Name: KEROSENE Technical Name: None assigned. Hazard Class/Division: 3
Subsidiary Risk: None assigned. Packing Group: III

Limited Quantity: None assigned.

Marine Pollutant: None assigned.

Marine Pollutant Technical Name: None assigned.

**Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions:** 

None assigned.

Transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As for shipping, YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. 3M's transportation classifications are based on product formulation, packaging, 3M policies and 3M's understanding of applicable current regulations. 3M does not guarantee the accuracy of this classification information. This information applies only to transportation classification and not the packaging, labeling or marking requirements. The above information is only for reference. If you are shipping by air or ocean, YOU are advised to check & meet applicable regulatory requirements.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea

Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M Malaysia SDSs are available at www.3M.com.my